National Education Association

DATA SEARCH

Rankings of the States, 1987

NEA 455 SA

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FOREWORD

Interest in education improvement and renewal which heightened during the early 1980s continues to capture the attention of researchers, policymakers, and the public. While much has been done to enhance public education programs and services, much work and many challenges remain. In this setting, NEA Research offers *Rankings of the States, 1987* to its state and local affiliates as a tool for use throughout this period of public school reform.

Rankings of the States provides state-level data on an array of topics relevant to the complex enterprise of public education. State-by-state figures on government and school financing, state demographics, and public school personnel permit a statistical assessment of the scope of public education and an identification of emerging trends in key areas.

The *Rankings* report enjoys a long history of use by affiliates of the NEA as well as by planners and policymakers in other organizations. It has, since the 1960s, presented facts and figures useful in determining where states vary from one another or from national averages on selected statistics, and explanations as to how the reported data reflect social and economic characteristics and changes. Of course, no one table or set of them can tell the entire story of a state's education offerings. One must consider a state's tax system, its provision of other public services, the characteristics of its population, and more. It is therefore unwise to draw conclusions solely from the tables in this report, and the reader is urged to supplement these rank-ordered data with specific information about state and local activities and services related to public education.

State department of education staff who contributed to this report deserve much credit for the current public school data it presents, as do the state education associations across the country.

NEA Research

September 1987

TECHNICAL NOTES

Rankings of the States, 1987 contains rank-ordered statistics for the fifty states and the District of Columbia. All state data are ranked beginning with the largest figure. When the values of two or more states are the same, they are assigned the same rank, with the appropriate number resumed with the next state in rank.

Please note that *Rankings of the States, 1987* features revised figures for some public school data previously published in *Estimates of School Statistics, 1986-87*, another report of NEA Research published in April 1987. State education agencies were invited to review their fall 1986 estimates and revise them for inclusion in this report. For this reason, estimated data in B, C, F, and H Series may differ from those in *Estimates of School Statistics.*

When necessary, NEA Research develops estimated data for tables appearing in Series B, C, F, and H Tables. Please note these instances in the pages immediately following the Series.

Population data, specifically state age-group estimates, are available again in the A Series Tables. State-by-state estimates for population age 5-17, age 65 and over, and age 18 and over are presented in this year's report. As it has been noted on previous occasions, the availability of data from federal government and other sources dictates the presence or absence of certain tables in this report. This time, it has been necessary to reprint last year's C Series tables on full-time equivalent employment in higher education. Changes to the formula used by the Bureau of the Census to compute full-time equivalent employment have delayed the release of these statistics and affected the pertinent *Rankings* tables.

Please note that tables featuring Average Daily Membership (ADM) do not contain values for the U.S. as a whole since six states do not compute or provide estimates for their statewide ADM. Consequently, averages are not computed in those cases—this fact is reflected by an "NA" notation. Tables involving ADM data are B-5, B-6, H-14, and H-15.

Tables D-14 and D-15 feature data from the *Sales and Marketing Management Survey of Buying Power*, a copyrighted work. Reproduction of these tables is prohibited unless permission is obtained directly from Sales and Marketing Management, 633 Third Avenue, New York, New York, 10017.

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POPULATION

Tables in the A Series provide information about the population of states and can serve as indicators of the relative demand for public education services or other public programs.

The level and change in total state population are featured in Tables A-1 through A-4. These tables help to identify patterns of growth or decline for each state and the resulting implications for staffing and financing public education institutions. Population density is computed in Table A-12, while the number of births by state is the focus of A-10 and A-11.

School-age population data in Tables A-5 and A-6 focus directly on the consumers of public elementary and secondary education. Combining these figures with public school enrollment tables in B Series can indicate demand for and participation in public school services.

Tables A-7 through A-9 define the adult population within states. Changes in the size of adult and elderly age groups affect demand for public school programs and the degree to which funding for education faces competition from other public sector programs. These tables also can indicate the willingness of citizens within a state to support public education.

A-1. TOTAL RESIDENT POPULATION, 1985 (IN THOUSANDS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	26,365
2.	NEW YORK	17,783
3.	TEXAS	16,370
4.	PENNSYLVANIA	11,853
5.	ILLINOIS	11,535
6.	FLORIDA	11,366
7.	OHIO	10,744
8.	MICHIGAN	9,068
9.	NEW JERSEY	7,562
10.	NORTH CAROLINA	6,255
11.	GEORGIA	5,976
12.	MASSACHUSETTS	5,822
13.	VIRGINIA	5,706
14.	INDIANA	5,499
15.	MISSOURI	5,029
16.	WISCONSIN	4,775
17.	TENNESSEE	4,762
18.	LOUISIANA	4,481
19.	WASHINGTON	4,409
20.	MARYLAND	4,392
21.	MINNESOTA	4,193
22.	ALABAMA	4,021
23.	KENTUCKY	3,726
24.	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,347
25.	OKLAHOMA	3,301
26.	COLORADO	3,231
27.	ARIZONA	3,187
28.	CONNECTICUT	3,174
29.	IOWA	2,884
30.	OREGON	2,687
31.	MISSISSIPPI	2,613
32.	KANSAS	2,450
33.	ARKANSAS	2,359
34.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,936
35.	UTAH	1,645
36.	NEBRASKA	1,606
37.	NEW MEXICO	1,450
38.	MAINE	1,164
39.	HAWAII	1,054
40.	IDAHO	1,005
41.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	998
42.	RHODE ISLAND	968
43.	NEVADA	936
44.	MONTANA	826
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	706
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	685
47.	DIST. OF COL.	626
48.	DELAWARE	622
49.	VERMONT	535
50.	ALASKA	521
51.	WYOMING	509
	UNITED STATES	238,740

Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p.22.

A-2. TOTAL RESIDENT POPULATION, 1984 (IN THOUSANDS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	25,795
2.	NEW YORK	17,746
3.	TEXAS	16,083
4.	PENNSYLVANIA	11,887
5.	ILLINOIS	11,522
6.	FLORIDA	11,050
7.	OHIO	10,740
8.	MICHIGAN	9,058
9.	NEW JERSEY	7,517
10.	NORTH CAROLINA	6,166
11.	GEORGIA	5,842
12.	MASSACHUSETTS	5,796
13.	VIRGINIA	5,636
14.	INDIANA	5,492
15.	MISSOURI	5,001
16.	WISCONSIN	4,762
17.	TENNESSEE	4,726
18.	LOUISIANA	4,461
19.	MARYLAND	4,349
	WASHINGTON	4,349
21.	MINNESOTA	4,163
22.	ALABAMA	3,989
23.	KENTUCKY	3,720
24.	OKLAHOMA	3,310
25.	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,302
26.	COLORADO	3,190
27.	CONNECTICUT	3,155
28.	ARIZONA	3,072
29.	IOWA	2,903
30.	OREGON	2,676
31.	MISSISSIPPI	2,598
32.	KANSAS	2,440
33.	ARKANSAS	2,346
34.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,951
35.	UTAH	1,623
36.	NEBRASKA	1,605
37.	NEW MEXICO	1,426
38.	MAINE	1,158
39.	HAWAII	1,037
40.	IDAHO	999
41.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	978
42.	RHODE ISLAND	962
43.	NEVADA	917
44.	MONTANA	823
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	705
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	687
47.	DIST. OF COL.	625
48.	DELAWARE	614
49.	VERMONT	530
50.	WYOMING	513
51.	ALASKA	505
	UNITED STATES	236,496

Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 22.

A-3. PERCENT CHANGE IN TOTAL RESIDENT POPULATION, 1984 TO 1985

1.	ARIZONA	3.74
2.	ALASKA	3.17
3.	FLORIDA	2.86
4.	GEORGIA	2.29
5.	CALIFORNIA	2.21
6.	NEVADA	2.07
7.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	2.04
8.	TEXAS	1.78
9.	NEW MEXICO	1.68
10.	HAWAII	1.64
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	1.44
12.	WASHINGTON	1.38
13.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1.36
	UTAH	1.36
15.	DELAWARE	1.30
16.	COLORADO	1.29
17.	VIRGINIA	1.24
18.	MARYLAND	0.99
	UNITED STATES	0.95
19.	VERMONT	0.94
20.	ALABAMA	0.80
21.	TENNESSEE	0.76
22.	MINNESOTA	0.72
23.	RHODE ISLAND	0.62
24.	CONNECTICUT	0.60
	IDAHO	0.60
	NEW JERSEY	0.60
27.	MISSISSIPPI	0.58
28.	MISSOURI	0.56
29.	ARKANSAS	0.55
30.	MAINE	0.52
31.	MASSACHUSETTS	0.45
	LOUISIANA	0.45
33.	OREGON	0.41
	KANSAS	0.41
35.	MONTANA	0.36
36.	WISCONSIN	0.27
37.	NEW YORK	0.21
38.	KENTUCKY	0.16
	DIST. OF COL.	0.16
40.	SOUTH DAKOTA	0.14
41.	INDIANA	0.13
42.	ILLINOIS	0.11
	MICHIGAN	0.11
44.	NEBRASKA	0.06
45.	OHIO	0.04
46.	OKLAHOMA	-0.27
47.	PENNSYLVANIA	-0.29
	NORTH DAKOTA	-0.29
49.	IOWA	-0.65
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	-0.77
51.	WYOMING	-0.78

Computed from Tables A-1 and A-2.

A-4. PERCENT CHANGE IN TOTAL RESIDENT POPULATION, 1975 TO 1985

1.	NEVADA	58.11
2.	ALASKA	48.01
3.	ARIZONA	43.30
4.	UTAH	36.40
5.	WYOMING	36.10
6.	FLORIDA	36.01
7.	TEXAS	33.77
8.	COLORADO	27.51
9.	NEW MEXICO	26.42
10.	CALIFORNIA	24.45
11.	WASHINGTON	24.41
12.	IDAHO	22.56
13.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	22.00
14.	HAWAII	21.85
15.	OKLAHOMA	21.72
16.	GEORGIA	21.32
17.	SOUTH CAROLINA	18.77
18.	LOUISIANA	18.20
19.	OREGON	17.44
20.	VIRGINIA	14.88
21.	NORTH CAROLINA	14.75
22.	TENNESSEE	13.71
23.	VERMONT	13.59
	UNITED STATES	12.02
24.	ARKANSAS	11.48
25.	MISSISSIPPI	11.38
26.	ALABAMA	11.26
27.	MONTANA	10.43
28.	MAINE	9.92
29.	KENTUCKY	9.72
30.	KANSAS	8.07
31.	NORTH DAKOTA	7.87
32.	DELAWARE	7.43
33.	WEST VIRGINIA	7.38
34.	MARYLAND	7.17
35.	MINNESOTA	6.80
36.	MISSOURI	5.58
37.	RHODE ISLAND	4.42
38.	NEBRASKA	3.88
39.	WISCONSIN	3.65
40.	INDIANA	3.54
41.	ILLINOIS	3.50
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.37
43.	NEW JERSEY	3.36
44.	CONNECTICUT	2.55
45.	IOWA	0.49
46.	PENNSYLVANIA	0.22
47.	MASSACHUSETTS	-0.10
48.	OHIO	-0.14
49.	MICHIGAN	-0.97
50.	NEW YORK	-1.86
51.	DIST. OF COL.	-12.57

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1976*, p.11, and *Statistical Abstract 1987*, p.22.

A-5. ESTIMATED POPULATION AGE 5-17, 1985 (IN THOUSANDS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	4,696
2.	TEXAS	3,336
3.	NEW YORK	3,161
4.	ILLINOIS	2,211
5.	PENNSYLVANIA	2,100
6.	OHIO	2,087
7.	MICHIGAN	1,825
8.	FLORIDA	1,769
9.	NEW JERSEY	1,367
10.	GEORGIA	1,202
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,171
12.	INDIANA	1,103
13.	VIRGINIA	1,039
14.	MASSACHUSETTS	988
15.	MISSOURI	949
16.	LOUISIANA	948
17.	WISCONSIN	924
18.	TENNESSEE	908
19.	WASHINGTON	833
20.	ALABAMA	818
21.	MINNESOTA	805
22.	MARYLAND	785
23.	KENTUCKY	751
24.	SOUTH CAROLINA	669
25.	OKLAHOMA	646
26.	ARIZONA	605
27.	COLORADO	598
28.	MISSISSIPPI	570
29.	IOWA	558
30.	CONNECTICUT	552
31.	OREGON	509
32.	ARKANSAS	471
33.	KANSAS	463
34.	UTAH	420
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	388
36.	NEBRASKA	314
37.	NEW MEXICO	310
38.	IDAHO	228
39.	MAINE	221
40.	HAWAII	198
41.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	183
42.	MONTANA	164
	RHODE ISLAND	164
44.	NEVADA	153
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	142
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	136
47.	DELAWARE	113
48.	ALASKA	110
49.	WYOMING	109
50.	VERMONT	100
51.	DIST. OF COL.	87
	UNITED STATES	44,977

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 23.

A-6. ESTIMATED POPULATION AGE 5-17 AS PERCENT OF TOTAL POPULATION, 1985

1.	UTAH	25.53
2.	IDAHO	22.69
3.	MISSISSIPPI	21.81
4.	WYOMING	21.41
5.	NEW MEXICO	21.38
6.	LOUISIANA	21.16
7.	ALASKA	21.11
8.	TEXAS	20.38
9.	ALABAMA	20.34
10.	KENTUCKY	20.16
11.	MICHIGAN	20.13
12.	GEORGIA	20.11
	SOUTH DAKOTA	20.11
14.	INDIANA	20.06
15.	WEST VIRGINIA	20.04
16.	SOUTH CAROLINA	19.99
17.	ARKANSAS	19.97
18.	MONTANA	19.85
	NORTH DAKOTA	19.85
20.	OKLAHOMA	19.57
21.	NEBRASKA	19.55
22.	OHIO	19.42
23.	WISCONSIN	19.35
	IOWA	19.35
25.	MINNESOTA	19.20
26.	ILLINOIS	19.17
27.	TENNESSEE	19.07
28.	MAINE	18.99
29.	ARIZONA	18.98
30.	OREGON	18.94
31.	KANSAS	18.90
32.	WASHINGTON	18.89
33.	MISSOURI	18.87
	UNITED STATES	18.84
34.	HAWAII	18.79
35.	NORTH CAROLINA	18.72
36.	VERMONT	18.69
37.	COLORADO	18.51
38.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	18.34
39.	VIRGINIA	18.21
40.	DELAWARE	18.17
41.	NEW JERSEY	18.08
42.	MARYLAND	17.87
43.	CALIFORNIA	17.81
44.	NEW YORK	17.78
45.	PENNSYLVANIA	17.72
46.	CONNECTICUT	17.39
47.	MASSACHUSETTS	16.97
48.	RHODE ISLAND	16.94
49.	NEVADA	16.35
50.	FLORIDA	15.74
51.	DIST. OF COL.	13.90

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 23.

A-7. PERCENT OF TOTAL RESIDENT POPULATION AGE 18 AND OVER, 1985

1.	DIST. OF COL.	78.91
2.	FLORIDA	77.69
3.	RHODE ISLAND	76.76
4.	MASSACHUSETTS	76.57
5.	NEVADA	76.50
6.	CONNECTICUT	76.18
7.	PENNSYLVANIA	75.73
8.	NEW YORK	75.44
9.	NEW JERSEY	75.38
10.	MARYLAND	75.02
11.	DELAWARE	74.76
12.	VIRGINIA	74.69
13.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	74.65
14.	NORTH CAROLINA	74.60
15.	TENNESSEE	74.15
16.	CALIFORNIA	74.06
17.	MAINE	73.88
18.	VERMONT	73.83
19.	MISSOURI	73.61
	UNITED STATES	73.61
20.	OREGON	73.54
21.	WEST VIRGINIA	73.35
22.	OHIO	73.26
	COLORADO	73.26
24.	WASHINGTON	73.24
25.	IOWA	73.20
26.	ILLINOIS	73.13
27.	WISCONSIN	73.11
28.	KANSAS	72.86
29.	MICHIGAN	72.84
	MINNESOTA	72.84
31.	ARKANSAS	72.62
32.	INDIANA	72.61
33.	ARIZONA	72.54
	KENTUCKY	72.54
35.	HAWAII	72.49
36.	SOUTH CAROLINA	72.45
37.	GEORGIA	72.26
38.	ALABAMA	72.22
39.	NEBRASKA	72.10
40.	OKLAHOMA	72.01
41.	MONTANA	71.67
42.	NORTH DAKOTA	71.24
43.	SOUTH DAKOTA	71.10
44.	TEXAS	70.69
45.	MISSISSIPPI	69.80
46.	LOUISIANA	69.76
47.	NEW MEXICO	69.10
48.	WYOMING	68.57
49.	IDAHO	67.76
50.	ALASKA	67.37
51.	UTAH	62.67

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 23.

A-8. PERCENT OF RESIDENT POPULATION AGE 65 AND OVER, 1985

1.	FLORIDA	17.61
2.	RHODE ISLAND	14.36
3.	ARKANSAS	14.33
	PENNSYLVANIA	14.33
5.	IOWA	14.32
6.	SOUTH DAKOTA	13.74
7.	MISSOURI	13.66
8.	NEBRASKA	13.51
9.	MASSACHUSETTS	13.45
10.	KANSAS	13.31
11.	WEST VIRGINIA	13.27
12.	OREGON	13.17
13.	MAINE	13.14
14.	CONNECTICUT	13.01
15.	WISCONSIN	12.92
16.	NORTH DAKOTA	12.70
17.	NEW YORK	12.68
18.	NEW JERSEY	12.62
19.	MINNESOTA	12.45
20.	ARIZONA	12.30
21.	OKLAHOMA	12.27
22.	DIST. OF COL.	12.14
23.	ALABAMA	12.11
24.	TENNESSEE	12.10
25.	OHIO	12.06
	UNITED STATES	11.95
26.	KENTUCKY	11.92
27.	MONTANA	11.86
	MISSISSIPPI	11.86
	ILLINOIS	11.86
30.	VERMONT	11.78
31.	INDIANA	11.73
32.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	11.62
33.	WASHINGTON	11.45
34.	NORTH CAROLINA	11.32
35.	MICHIGAN	11.27
36.	DELAWARE	11.25
37.	IDAHO	10.85
38.	CALIFORNIA	10.49
39.	MARYLAND	10.43
40.	VIRGINIA	10.29
41.	SOUTH CAROLINA	10.22
42.	GEORGIA	9.94
	NEVADA	9.94
44.	LOUISIANA	9.84
45.	NEW MEXICO	9.59
46.	TEXAS	9.40
47.	HAWAII	9.39
48.	COLORADO	8.82
49.	WYOMING	8.25
50.	UTAH	7.90
51.	ALASKA	3.26

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 23.

A-9. PERCENT INCREASE IN POPULATION 65 YEARS OF AGE AND OLDER, 1975 TO 1985

1.	NEVADA	111.36
2.	ALASKA	88.89
3.	ARIZONA	75.78
4.	HAWAII	73.68
5.	NEW MEXICO	54.44
6.	SOUTH CAROLINA	49.34
7.	FLORIDA	48.55
8.	NORTH CAROLINA	43.90
9.	UTAH	42.86
10.	DELAWARE	40.00
11.	VIRGINIA	38.44
12.	WASHINGTON	38.36
13.	GEORGIA	38.14
14.	IDAHO	37.97
15.	OREGON	36.68
16.	COLORADO	35.71
17.	MARYLAND	34.71
18.	CALIFORNIA	34.53
19.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	33.33
20.	TEXAS	32.82
21.	MONTANA	30.67
22.	TENNESSEE	30.61
23.	ALABAMA	28.84
24.	CONNECTICUT	28.66
25.	LOUISIANA	27.46
	UNITED STATES	27.37
26.	WYOMING	27.27
27.	MICHIGAN	25.40
28.	ARKANSAS	24.72
29.	NEW JERSEY	24.38
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	23.31
31.	RHODE ISLAND	23.01
32.	MISSISSIPPI	22.53
33.	MAINE	22.40
34.	WEST VIRGINIA	21.80
35.	OHIO	21.58
36.	INDIANA	21.47
37.	OKLAHOMA	21.26
38.	VERMONT	21.15
39.	KENTUCKY	20.65
40.	WISCONSIN	20.51
41.	NORTH DAKOTA	19.18
42.	ILLINOIS	18.65
43.	MINNESOTA	18.64
44.	MASSACHUSETTS	16.52
45.	KANSAS	14.39
46.	MISSOURI	14.31
47.	SOUTH DAKOTA	14.12
48.	IOWA	13.46
49.	NEBRASKA	11.86
50.	NEW YORK	11.03
51.	DIST. OF COL.	7.04

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1976*, p. 28, and *Statistical Abstract, 1987*, p. 23.

A-10. NUMBER OF LIVE BIRTHS FROM JANUARY TO DECEMBER 1985

1.	CALIFORNIA	470,733
2.	TEXAS	314,981
3.	NEW YORK	256,049
4.	ILLINOIS	177,803
5.	FLORIDA	163,560
6.	PENNSYLVANIA	162,286
7.	OHIO	160,898
8.	MICHIGAN	134,090
9.	NEW JERSEY	103,308
10.	GEORGIA	99,792
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	89,859
12.	VIRGINIA	83,184
13.	MASSACHUSETTS	82,872
14.	LOUISIANA	81,136
15.	INDIANA	80,774
16.	MISSOURI	77,186
17.	WASHINGTON	76,205
18.	WISCONSIN	73,085
19.	TENNESSEE	70,547
20.	MINNESOTA	66,270
21.	MARYLAND	60,019
22.	ARIZONA	58,829
23.	ALABAMA	58,807
24.	COLORADO	55,319
25.	OKLAHOMA	51,910
26.	KENTUCKY	51,710
27.	SOUTH CAROLINA	49,300
28.	MISSISSIPPI	42,385
29.	IOWA	42,084
30.	OREGON	40,448
31.	KANSAS	38,957
32.	UTAH	38,431
33.	CONNECTICUT	36,878
34.	ARKANSAS	35,079
35.	NEW MEXICO	28,904
36.	NEBRASKA	25,688
37.	WEST VIRGINIA	25,589
38.	DIST. OF COL.	20,541
39.	HAWAII	18,228
40.	IDAHO	17,492
41.	MAINE	16,211
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	15,724
43.	NEVADA	15,357
44.	RHODE ISLAND	13,517
45.	MONTANA	13,286
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	12,717
47.	ALASKA	12,570
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	12,253
49.	DELAWARE	9,843
50.	WYOMING	8,838
51.	VERMONT	7,925
	UNITED STATES	3,759,407

U.S. Public Health Service, *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*, p. 4.

A-11. NUMBER OF LIVE BIRTHS FROM JANUARY TO DECEMBER 1986

1.	CALIFORNIA	461,162
2.	TEXAS	314,760
3.	NEW YORK	264,844
4.	ILLINOIS	172,321
5.	FLORIDA	167,255
6.	PENNSYLVANIA	160,440
7.	OHIO	158,277
8.	MICHIGAN	136,198
9.	NEW JERSEY	102,785
10.	GEORGIA	98,786
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	90,597
12.	VIRGINIA	84,209
13.	INDIANA	79,630
14.	LOUISIANA	77,953
15.	MISSOURI	76,224
16.	MASSACHUSETTS	75,998
17.	WISCONSIN	72,270
18.	TENNESSEE	71,890
19.	WASHINGTON	68,754
20.	MINNESOTA	64,819
21.	MARYLAND	61,953
22.	ARIZONA	60,890
23.	ALABAMA	56,417
24.	COLORADO	55,724
25.	KENTUCKY	51,682
26.	SOUTH CAROLINA	49,604
27.	OKLAHOMA	48,061
28.	MISSISSIPPI	41,536
29.	CONNECTICUT	40,595
30.	OREGON	40,356
31.	IOWA	38,794
32.	KANSAS	38,102
33.	UTAH	37,368
34.	ARKANSAS	34,063
35.	NEBRASKA	24,433
36.	WEST VIRGINIA	24,195
37.	NEW MEXICO	23,952
38.	DIST. OF COL.	20,368
39.	HAWAII	18,263
40.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	16,361
41.	IDAHO	16,329
42.	MAINE	16,022
43.	NEVADA	15,222
44.	RHODE ISLAND	13,935
45.	MONTANA	12,372
46.	ALASKA	12,371
47.	NORTH DAKOTA	11,900
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	11,714
49.	DELAWARE	9,768
50.	WYOMING	8,011
51.	VERMONT	7,529
	UNITED STATES	3,717,062

U.S. Public Health Service, *Monthly Vital Statistics Report*, p. 4.

A-12. POPULATION PER SQUARE MILE OF LAND AREA, 1985

1.	DIST. OF COL.	9,931.00
2.	NEW JERSEY	1,013.00
3.	RHODE ISLAND	918.00
4.	MASSACHUSETTS	744.00
5.	CONNECTICUT	651.00
6.	MARYLAND	447.00
7.	NEW YORK	375.00
8.	DELAWARE	322.00
9.	PENNSYLVANIA	264.00
10.	OHIO	262.00
11.	FLORIDA	210.00
12.	ILLINOIS	207.00
13.	CALIFORNIA	169.00
14.	HAWAII	164.00
15.	MICHIGAN	160.00
16.	INDIANA	153.00
17.	VIRGINIA	144.00
18.	NORTH CAROLINA	128.00
19.	TENNESSEE	116.00
20.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	111.00
	SOUTH CAROLINA	111.00
22.	GEORGIA	103.00
23.	LOUISIANA	101.00
24.	KENTUCKY	94.00
25.	WISCONSIN	88.00
26.	WEST VIRGINIA	80.00
27.	ALABAMA	79.00
28.	MISSOURI	73.00
	UNITED STATES	67.00
29.	WASHINGTON	66.00
30.	TEXAS	62.00
31.	VERMONT	58.00
32.	MISSISSIPPI	55.00
33	MINNESOTA	53.00
34.	IOWA	52.00
35.	OKLAHOMA	48.00
36.	ARKANSAS	45.00
37.	MAINE	38.00
38.	COLORADO	31.00
39.	KANSAS	30.00
40.	ARIZONA	28.00
	OREGON	28.00
42.	NEBRASKA	21.00
43.	UTAH	20.00
44.	IDAHO	12.00
	NEW MEXICO	12.00
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	10.00
47.	NEVADA	9.00
	SOUTH DAKOTA	9.00
49.	MONTANA	6.00
50.	WYOMING	5.00
51.	ALASKA	1.00

Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 22.

ENROLLMENT, ATTENDANCE, AND MEMBERSHIP

Tables in the B Series feature data on student participation in public elementary and secondary schools. The tables include current statistics on pupils enrolled, and the change in enrollment over the previous year and over a decade. These tables enable assessments of the states which can expect to experience increasing demand for public school services and staff.

Alternative measures of public school participation also are included in this Series. Average Daily Attendance (ADA) and Average Daily Membership (ADM) are presented in Tables B-4 through B-7, and differ from fall enrollment counts in that they present averages of pupil participation *year round*. Departments of education in six states do not provide data for ADM, and these instances are identified as "NA" in Tables B-5 and B-6, and throughout other Series as appropriate. Also, there are no U.S. totals or computed averages using ADM, as national figures for this measure cannot be considered to represent totals or averages for all states.

Table B-8 shows the percent change in the number of high school graduates over a five-year period, useful in predicting demand for higher education services in future years.

Footnotes to the B Series tables note the instances where the NEA has had to formulate estimates of public school statistics, in the absence of estimated data from state education departments.

B-1. NUMBER OF BASIC ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS (OPERATING PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS), 1986-87

1.	TEXAS	1,090
2.	CALIFORNIA	1,028
3.	ILLINOIS	997
4.	NEBRASKA	887
5.	NEW YORK	723
6.	OKLAHOMA	636
7.	OHIO	615
8.	NEW JERSEY	592
9.	MICHIGAN	565
10.	MISSOURI	545
11.	MONTANA	544
12.	PENNSYLVANIA	500
13.	IOWA	436
14.	MINNESOTA	432
15.	WISCONSIN	431
16.	MASSACHUSETTS	367
17.	ARKANSAS	333
18.	INDIANA	304
	KANSAS	304
20.	OREGON	302
21.	WASHINGTON	297
22.	NORTH DAKOTA	282
23.	VERMONT	274
24.	MAINE	228
25.	ARIZONA	220
26.	SOUTH DAKOTA	193
27.	GEORGIA	187
28.	KENTUCKY	178
29.	COLORADO	176
30.	CONNECTICUT	165
31.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	158
32.	MISSISSIPPI	154
33.	TENNESSEE	141
34.	NORTH CAROLINA	140
35.	VIRGINIA	139
36.	ALABAMA	130
37.	IDAHO	116
38.	SOUTH CAROLINA	92
39.	NEW MEXICO	88
40.	FLORIDA	67
41.	LOUISIANA	66
42.	ALASKA	55
	WEST VIRGINIA	55
44.	WYOMING	49
45.	RHODE ISLAND	40
	UTAH	40
47.	MARYLAND	24
48.	DELAWARE	19
49.	NEVADA	17
50.	DIST. OF COL.	1
	HAWAII	1
	UNITED STATES	15,423

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-2. PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, FALL 1986

1.	CALIFORNIA	4,347,989
2.	TEXAS	3,209,515
3.	NEW YORK	2,588,936
4.	ILLINOIS	1,825,185
5.	OHIO	1,792,500
5.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,674,161
7.	MICHIGAN	1,671,500
8.	FLORIDA	1,607,320
9.	NEW JERSEY	1,107,467
10.	GEORGIA	1,096,372
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,091,552
12.	VIRGINIA	974,754
13.	INDIANA	964,761
14.	MASSACHUSETTS	841,250
15.	TENNESSEE	823,283
16.	MISSOURI	800,606
17.	LOUISIANA	793,400
18.	WISCONSIN	767,819
19.	WASHINGTON	761,771
20.	ALABAMA	733,735
21.	MINNESOTA	693,134
22.	MARYLAND	675,747
23.	KENTUCKY	642,778
24.	ARIZONA	614,565
25.	SOUTH CAROLINA	610,700
26.	OKLAHOMA	603,132
27.	COLORADO	558,415
28.	MISSISSIPPI	498,649
29.	IOWA	481,346
30.	CONNECTICUT	471,916
31.	OREGON	449,300
32.	ARKANSAS	437,438
33.	KANSAS	416,091
34.	UTAH	415,994
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	351,691
36.	NEW MEXICO	268,765
37.	NEBRASKA	266,604
38.	IDAHO	211,360
39.	MAINE	207,349
40.	HAWAII	154,336
41.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	163,717
42.	NEVADA	161,200
43.	MONTANA	153,121
44.	RHODE ISLAND	134,147
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	124,607
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	118,094
47.	ALASKA	110,418
48.	WYOMING	100,955
49.	DELAWARE	94,410
50.	VERMONT	90,200
51.	DIST. OF COL.	86,405
	UNITED STATES	39,881,460

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-3. PERCENT CHANGE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, FALL 1985 TO FALL 1986

1.	MISSISSIPPI	7.40
2	NEVADA	4.00
3.	ARIZONA	3.50
4.	UTAH	3.15
5.	FLORIDA	3.07
6.	GEORGIA	2.98
7.	CALIFORNIA	2.88
8.	ALASKA	2.71
9.	TEXAS	1.91
10.	WASHINGTON	1.75
11.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1.70
12.	DELAWARE	1.62
13.	NEW MEXICO	1.52
14.	KANSAS	1.43
15.	COLORADO	1.41
16.	OKLAHOMA	1.20
17.	TENNESSEE	0.96
18.	ARKANSAS	0.93
	UNITED STATES	0.90
19.	SOUTH CAROLINA	0.81
20.	LOUISIANA	0.77
21.	MISSOURI	0.69
	VIRGINIA	0.69
23.	MARYLAND	0.62
24.	SOUTH DAKOTA	0.59
25.	RHODE ISLAND	0.52
26.	ALABAMA	0.45
27.	OREGON	0.40
28.	NEBRASKA	0.30
29.	HAWAII	0.27
30.	MAINE	0.25
31.	NORTH DAKOTA	0.11
32.	VERMONT	0.05
33.	MASSACHUSETTS	0.01
34.	OHIO	-0.03
	IDAHO	-0.03
36.	WISCONSIN	-0.05
37.	ILLINOIS	-0.07
38.	CONNECTICUT	-0.11
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	-0.12
40.	INDIANA	-0.13
41.	KENTUCKY	-0.16
42.	MICHIGAN	-0.35
	MONTANA	-0.35
44.	PENNSYLVANIA	-0.54
45.	NEW YORK	-0.63
46.	NEW JERSEY	-0.78
47.	DIST. OF COL.	-0.79
48.	IOWA	-0.84
49.	MINNESOTA	-1.72
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	-1.74
51.	WYOMING	-1.77

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-4. AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1986-87

1.	CALIFORNIA	4,374,100
2.	TEXAS	2,977,345
3.	NEW YORK	2,298,000
4.	OHIO	1,660,295
5.	ILLINOIS	1,575,186
6.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,555,900
7.	MICHIGAN	1,537,800
8.	FLORIDA	1,488,422
9.	NEW JERSEY	1,021,800
10.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,013,723
11.	GEORGIA	995,430
12.	VIRGINIA	909,889
13.	INDIANA	896,000
14.	TENNESSEE	770,460
15.	MASSACHUSETTS	761,500
16.	LOUISIANA	726,291
17.	MISSOURI	719,100
18.	WASHINGTON	708,893
19.	WISCONSIN	693,876
20.	ALABAMA	690,208
21.	MINNESOTA	666,409
22.	MARYLAND	618,070
23.	KENTUCKY	576,250
24.	SOUTH CAROLINA	564,600
25.	OKLAHOMA	551,550
26.	COLORADO	514,065
27.	ARIZONA	510,088
28.	MISSISSIPPI	473,544
29.	CONNECTICUT	449,100
30.	IOWA	448,868
31.	OREGON	415,300
32.	ARKANSAS	396,824
33.	UTAH	391,294
34.	KANSAS	371,236
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	328,172
36.	NEW MEXICO	255,327
37.	NEBRASKA	251,434
38.	IDAHO	200,800
39.	MAINE	196,840
40.	HAWAII	151,596
41.	NEVADA	148,800
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	147,713
43.	MONTANA	139,200
44.	RHODE ISLAND	123,417
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	118,375
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	113,249
47.	ALASKA	95,785
48.	WYOMING	95,547
49.	DELAWARE	86,526
50.	VERMONT	82,980
51.	DIST. OF COL.	76,196
	UNITED STATES	36,933,373

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-5. AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1986-87

1.	NEW YORK	2,533,700
2.	OHIO	1,774,672
3.	ILLINOIS	1,683,199
4.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,668,000
5.	FLORIDA	1,601,832
6.	NEW JERSEY	1,101,900
7	NORTH CAROLINA	1,073,330
8.	GEORGIA	1,050,600
9.	VIRGINIA	966,176
10.	INDIANA	947,000
11.	MASSACHUSETTS	845,000
12.	TENNESSEE	814,086
13.	LOUISIANA	772,710
14.	WASHINGTON	756,153
15.	WISCONSIN	737,547
16.	ALABAMA	727,575
17.	MINNESOTA	703,705
18.	MARYLAND	672,540
19.	KENTUCKY	611,082
20.	SOUTH CAROLINA	587,900
21.	OKLAHOMA	582,227
22.	ARIZONA	540,817
23.	COLORADO	535,134
24.	MISSISSIPPI	496,241
25.	IOWA	471,148
26.	CONNECTICUT	458,700
27.	OREGON	442,700
28.	ARKANSAS	420,373
29.	UTAH	413,273
30.	KANSAS	393,024
31.	NEW MEXICO	268,765
32.	NEBRASKA	262,922
33.	MAINE	209,185
34.	HAWAII	162,195
35.	NEVADA	157,864
36.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	156,974
37.	MONTANA	146,091
38.	RHODE ISLAND	131,466
39.	SOUTH DAKOTA	124,000
40.	NORTH DAKOTA	117,619
41.	ALASKA	105,388
42.	WYOMING	101,098
43.	DELAWARE	92,937
44.	VERMONT	88,400
45.	DIST. OF COL.	84,350
	CALIFORNIA	NA
	IDAHO	NA
	MICHIGAN	NA
	MISSOURI	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WEST VIRGINIA	NA
	UNITED STATES	NA

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-6. AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AS PERCENT OF AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP, 1986-87

1.	CONNECTICUT	97.91
2.	NORTH DAKOTA	96.28
3.	COLORADO	96.06
4.	SOUTH CAROLINA	96.04
5.	NEBRASKA	95.63
6.	SOUTH DAKOTA	95.46
7.	MISSISSIPPI	95.43
8.	MONTANA	95.28
9.	IOWA	95.27
10.	NEW MEXICO	95.00
11.	ALABAMA	94.86
12.	GEORGIA	94.75
13.	OKLAHOMA	94.73
14.	MINNESOTA	94.70
15.	UTAH	94.68
16.	TENNESSEE	94.64
17.	INDIANA	94.61
18.	WYOMING	94.51
19.	KANSAS	94.46
20.	NORTH CAROLINA	94.45
21.	ARKANSAS	94.40
22.	ARIZONA	94.32
23.	KENTUCKY	94.30
24.	NEVADA	94.26
25.	VIRGINIA	94.17
26.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	94.10
	MAINE	94.10
28.	WISCONSIN	94.08
29.	LOUISIANA	93.99
30.	RHODE ISLAND	93.88
31.	VERMONT	93.87
32.	OREGON	93.81
33.	WASHINGTON	93.75
34.	ILLINOIS	93.58
35.	OHIO	93.56
36.	HAWAII	93.47
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	93.28
38.	DELAWARE	93.10
39.	FLORIDA	92.92
40.	NEW JERSEY	92.73
41.	MARYLAND	91.90
42.	ALASKA	90.89
43.	NEW YORK	90.70
44.	DIST. OF COL.	90.33
45.	MASSACHUSETTS	90.12
	CALIFORNIA	NA
	IDAHO	NA
	MICHIGAN	NA
	MISSOURI	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WEST VIRGINIA	NA
	UNITED STATES	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-7. AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AS PERCENT OF FALL ENROLLMENT, 1986-87

1.	CALIFORNIA	99.91
2.	MINNESOTA	96.14
3.	NORTH DAKOTA	95.90
4.	CONNECTICUT	95.17
5.	IDAHO	95.00
	NEW MEXICO	95.00
	SOUTH DAKOTA	95.00
8.	MISSISSIPPI	94.97
9.	MAINE	94.93
10.	WYOMING	94.64
11.	NEBRASKA	94.31
12.	ALABAMA	94.07
13.	UTAH	94.06
14.	TENNESSEE	93.58
15.	VIRGINIA	93.35
16.	WEST VIRGINIA	93.31
17.	IOWA	93.25
18.	WASHINGTON	93.06
19.	PENNSYLVANIA	92.94
20.	INDIANA	92.[illegible]
	NORTH CAROLINA	92.8[illegible]
22.	TEXAS	92.77
	UNITED STATES	92.61
23.	FLORIDA	92.60
24.	OHIO	92.57
25.	SOUTH CAROLINA	92.45
26.	OREGON	92.43
27.	NEVADA	92.31
28.	NEW JERSEY	92.26
29.	HAWAII	92.25
30.	COLORADO	92.06
31.	RHODE ISLAND	92.00
	MICHIGAN	92.00
	VERMONT	92.00
34.	DELAWARE	91.65
35.	LOUISIANA	91.54
36.	MARYLAND	91.46
37.	OKLAHOMA	91.45
38.	MONTANA	90.91
39.	GEORGIA	90.79
40.	ARKANSAS	90.72
41.	MASSACHUSETTS	90.52
42.	WISCONSIN	90.37
43.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	90.22
44.	MISSOURI	89.82
45.	KENTUCKY	89.65
46.	KANSAS	89.22
47.	NEW YORK	88.76
48.	DIST. OF COL.	88.18
49.	ALASKA	86.75
50.	ILLINOIS	86.30
51.	ARIZONA	83.00

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

B-8. PERCENT CHANGE IN NUMBER OF HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES, 1981-82 TO 1986-87

1.	UTAH	7.96
2.	ARIZONA	2.89
3.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	0.94
4.	ALASKA	-1.31
5.	WASHINGTON	-2.47
6.	VIRGINIA	-4.00
7.	COLORADO	-4.21
8.	IDAHO	-4.46
9.	OREGON	-4.50
10.	TEXAS	-5.23
11.	NEVADA	-5.35
12.	CALIFORNIA	-6.36
13.	WYOMING	-7.22
14.	NORTH CAROLINA	-7.60
15.	MAINE	-8.47
16.	WEST VIRGINIA	-8.55
17.	FLORIDA	-8.62
18.	ARKANSAS	-9.15
19.	ALABAMA	-9.21
20.	KANSAS	-9.32
21.	OKLAHOMA	-10.03
22.	MISSISSIPPI	-10.79
	UNITED STATES	-12.22
23.	MARYLAND	-12.53
24.	GEORGIA	-12.76
25.	LOUISIANA	-12.93
26.	KENTUCKY	-13.00
27.	OHIO	-13.22
28.	NEW MEXICO	-13.27
29.	WISCONSIN	-13.39
30.	MINNESOTA	-13.94
31.	HAWAII	-14.22
32.	TENNESSEE	-14.24
33.	SOUTH CAROLINA	-14.36
34.	MONTANA	-14.98
35.	MISSOURI	-14.99
36.	NEW JERSEY	-15.4[illegible]
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	-15.4[illegible]
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	-15.86
39.	NEW YORK	-16.09
40.	CONNECTICUT	-17.21
41.	IOWA	-17.33
42.	MICHIGAN	-17.38
43.	VERMONT	-17.67
44.	NORTH DAKOTA	-17.87
45.	DELAWARE	-18.03
46.	RHODE ISLAND	-18.75
47.	ILLINOIS	-19.44
48.	DIST. OF COL.	-20.26
49.	NEBRASKA	-22.04
50.	MASSACHUSETTS	-23.65
51.	INDIANA	-23.67

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

NOTES TO B SERIES TABLES

NEA Research estimates for selected variables within the B Series are identified below by state and by table number. NEA estimates appear in those cases where state education departments did not respond to requests by NEA Research for estimates of school statistics.

Alaska	All
Arizona	B-2 through B-8
California	All
Georgia	B-4 through B-8
Kansas	B-8
Louisiana	All
Massachusetts	All
Michigan	B-4 through B-8
Vermont	B-4 through B-8

The following state education departments provided additional information to help explain data reported for their states in B Series Tables:

Indiana	1986-87 Fall Enrollment data are estimated figures.
Louisiana	Changes were made to reflect the October 1, 1986 membership from an auditable source. These numbers include self-contained special education classified as elementary or secondary based on age.

FACULTY

Personnel in local public schools and in public institutions of higher education are the focus of tables in the C Series. Changes in the number of staff employed in education institutions as well as their levels of compensation reflect trends in enrollment, economic trends, and in the program priorities expressed by state residents.

The number of staff employed in public schools is featured in Table C-1. Please note that statistics for staff employed in public institutions of higher education, Tables C-2 through C-4, are reprints from last year's issue. Unfortunately, necessary statistics on full-time equivalent employment were not available from the Bureau of the Census because of delays caused by changes in the computation formula. Three tables of pupil load—pupils enrolled per teacher, pupils in ADA per teacher, and pupils in ADM per teacher—are presented in Tables C-5 through C-7.

Average salaries of public classroom teachers and total instructional staff are featured in C-9 through C-22. These average salary data are presented in "current" or unadjusted dollars, and also in "constant" or inflation-adjusted dollars. These computations employ the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U), converted to a school-year basis, using the 1976-77 school year as the base (1976-77 = 100.0).

The presentation of salary changes in constant-dollar terms enables identification of salary increases attributable to inflation. The resulting picture for most states is a salary gain over the past decade far below what the public may intend or know of. As an advocacy tool, the use of these salary data can do much to dispel myths of huge jumps in the purchasing power of teacher salaries.

Footnotes to C Series tables appear at the end of this section. These notes identify instances where NEA-estimated data appear in lieu of estimates from state education agencies.

C-1. TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF IN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY DAY SCHOOLS, 1986-87

1.	CALIFORNIA	213,755
2.	TEXAS	204,912
3.	NEW YORK	198,500
4.	PENNSYLVANIA	116,640
5.	ILLINOIS	115,663
6.	OHIO	112,671
7.	FLORIDA	107,430
8.	MICHIGAN	104,040
9.	NEW JERSEY	91,570
10.	VIRGINIA	67,863
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	66,425
12.	MASSACHUSETTS	65,295
13.	GEORGIA	60,508
14.	INDIANA	58,906
15.	MISSOURI	56,557
16.	WISCONSIN	52,421
17.	LOUISIANA	48,777
18.	TENNESSEE	47,478
19.	MINNESOTA	46,199
20.	MARYLAND	44,800
21.	WASHINGTON	42,745
22.	ALABAMA	42,000
23.	OKLAHOMA	40,389
24.	SOUTH CAROLINA	39,800
25.	CONNECTICUT	39,779
26.	KENTUCKY	38,710
27.	ARIZONA	35,089
28.	COLORADO	34,248
29.	IOWA	33,596
30.	KANSAS	30,864
31.	MISSISSIPPI	29,122
32.	OREGON	28,759
33.	ARKANSAS	28,032
34.	WEST VIRGINIA	25,913
35.	NEBRASKA	19,843
36.	UTAH	19,785
37.	NEW MEXICO	16,980
38.	MAINE	15,591
39.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	11,900
40.	IDAHO	11,428
41.	MONTANA	11,185
42.	RHODE ISLAND	10,061
43.	HAWAII	9,987
44.	NEVADA	9,174
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	8,900
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	8,444
47.	WYOMING	8,215
48.	VERMONT	7,760
49.	DIST. OF COL.	6,771
50.	DELAWARE	6,599
51.	ALASKA	6,433
	UNITED STATES	2,558,462

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-2. TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF (FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT) IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OCTOBER 1984

1.	CALIFORNIA	48,036
2.	TEXAS	29,672
3.	NEW YORK	24,771
4.	ILLINOIS	21,065
5.	MICHIGAN	18,070
6.	OHIO	18,046
7.	WISCONSIN	16,570
8.	FLORIDA	14,689
9.	NORTH CAROLINA	14,498
10.	VIRGINIA	11,929
11.	PENNSYLVANIA	11,157
12.	INDIANA	10,510
13.	WASHINGTON	10,156
14.	MARYLAND	10,008
15.	GEORGIA	9,707
16.	LOUISIANA	9,616
17.	NEW JERSEY	9,538
18.	COLORADO	9,277
19.	MISSOURI	8,579
20.	MINNESOTA	8,572
21.	TENNESSEE	8,316
22.	IOWA	8,140
23.	ALABAMA	7,948
24.	ARIZONA	7,857
25.	OREGON	7,805
26.	MASSACHUSETTS	6,453
27.	OKLAHOMA	6,442
28.	KANSAS	6,238
29.	KENTUCKY	5,781
30.	MISSISSIPPI	5,749
31.	SOUTH CAROLINA	5,615
32.	NEBRASKA	4,440
33.	UTAH	4,294
34.	CONNECTICUT	4,131
35.	ARKANSAS	3,653
36.	WEST VIRGINIA	3,498
37.	NEW MEXICO	2,958
38.	IDAHO	2,275
39.	HAWAII	2,215
40.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,191
41.	RHODE ISLAND	2,114
42.	MONTANA	1,711
43.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,676
44.	DELAWARE	1,549
45.	WYOMING	1,424
46.	NEVADA	1,409
47.	SOUTH DAKOTA	1,271
48.	VERMONT	1,137
49.	MAINE	1,133
50.	ALASKA	901
51.	DIST. OF COL.	616
	UNITED STATES	435,401

Bureau of the Census, *Public Employment in 1984*, p. 14.

C-3. TOTAL NONINSTRUCTIONAL STAFF (FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT) IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OCTOBER 1984

1.	CALIFORNIA	84,970
2.	TEXAS	62,372
3.	MICHIGAN	37,495
4.	OHIO	33,100
5.	NEW YORK	33,067
6.	ILLINOIS	32,303
7.	FLORIDA	25,011
8.	WISCONSIN	21,696
9.	NORTH CAROLINA	20,399
10.	VIRGINIA	20,393
11.	INDIANA	19,635
12.	PENNSYLVANIA	17,204
13.	NEW JERSEY	17,044
14.	MARYLAND	17,039
15.	WASHINGTON	16,981
16.	GEORGIA	15,330
17.	TENNESSEE	14,464
18.	MINNESOTA	14,274
19.	ALABAMA	14,029
20.	LOUISIANA	13,991
21.	IOWA	13,772
22.	SOUTH CAROLINA	13,295
23.	OKLAHOMA	12,945
24.	KANSAS	12,255
25.	KENTUCKY	11,683
26.	ARIZONA	11,537
27.	MISSISSIPPI	11,204
28.	COLORADO	10,833
29.	MISSOURI	10,092
30.	UTAH	9,479
31.	NEBRASKA	9,342
32.	MASSACHUSETTS	9,188
33.	OREGON	9,092
34.	NEW MEXICO	8,892
35.	ARKANSAS	7,124
36.	CONNECTICUT	6,120
37.	WEST VIRGINIA	5,897
38.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,936
39.	MAINE	3,561
40.	IDAHO	3,423
41.	HAWAII	3,420
42.	RHODE ISLAND	3,333
43.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,201
44.	DELAWARE	3,087
45.	MONTANA	2,702
46.	ALASKA	2,612
47.	SOUTH DAKOTA	2,554
48.	NEVADA	2,469
49.	WYOMING	2,362
50.	VERMONT	2,274
51.	DIST. OF COL.	892
	UNITED STATES	743,373

Bureau of the Census, *Public Employment in 1984*, p. 14.

C-4. TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL AND NONINSTRUCTIONAL STAFF IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, OCTOBER 1984

1.	CALIFORNIA	133,006
2.	TEXAS	92,044
3.	NEW YORK	57,838
4.	MICHIGAN	55,565
5.	ILLINOIS	53,368
6.	OHIO	51,146
7.	FLORIDA	39,700
8.	WISCONSIN	38,266
9.	NORTH CAROLINA	34,897
10.	VIRGINIA	32,322
11.	INDIANA	30,145
12.	PENNSYLVANIA	28,361
13.	WASHINGTON	27,137
14.	MARYLAND	27,042
15.	NEW JERSEY	26,582
16.	GEORGIA	25,037
17.	LOUISIANA	23,607
18.	MINNESOTA	22,846
19.	TENNESSEE	22,780
20.	ALABAMA	21,977
21.	IOWA	21,912
22.	COLORADO	20,110
23.	ARIZONA	19,394
24.	OKLAHOMA	19,387
25.	SOUTH CAROLINA	18,910
26.	MISSOURI	18,671
27.	KANSAS	18,493
28.	KENTUCKY	17,464
29.	MISSISSIPPI	16,953
30.	OREGON	16,897
31.	MASSACHUSETTS	15,641
32.	NEBRASKA	13,782
33.	UTAH	13,773
34.	NEW MEXICO	11,850
35.	ARKANSAS	10,777
36.	CONNECTICUT	10,251
37.	WEST VIRGINIA	9,395
38.	IDAHO	5,698
39.	HAWAII	5,635
40.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	5,612
41.	RHODE ISLAND	5,447
42.	NORTH DAKOTA	5,392
43.	MAINE	4,694
44.	DELAWARE	4,636
45.	MONTANA	4,413
46.	NEVADA	3,878
47.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,825
48.	WYOMING	3,786
49.	ALASKA	3,513
50.	VERMONT	3,411
51.	DIST. OF COL.	1,508
	UNITED STATES	1,178,774

Bureau of the Census, *Public Employment in 1984*, p. 14.

C-5. PUPILS ENROLLED PER TEACHER IN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS, FALL 1986

1.	UTAH	23.93
2.	ARIZONA	22.86
3.	CALIFORNIA	22.76
4.	ALASKA	20.83
5.	WASHINGTON	20.72
6.	IDAHO	20.63
7.	MICHIGAN	20.61
8.	NEVADA	20.38
9.	TENNESSEE	19.85
10.	ALABAMA	19.84
11.	HAWAII	19.68
12.	MISSISSIPPI	19.02
13.	GEORGIA	18.94
14.	NORTH CAROLINA	18.87
15.	KENTUCKY	18.66
16.	LOUISIANA	18.43
17.	INDIANA	18.33
18.	OREGON	18.25
19.	COLORADO	18.19
20.	OHIO	18.13
21.	NEW MEXICO	18.05
	UNITED STATES	17.77
22.	SOUTH CAROLINA	17.60
23.	ARKANSAS	17.57
24.	ILLINOIS	17.49
25.	TEXAS	17.46
26.	MARYLAND	17.42
27.	FLORIDA	17.17
28.	MINNESOTA	16.68
29.	OKLAHOMA	16.47
30.	VIRGINIA	16.39
31.	MISSOURI	16.38
32.	WISCONSIN	16.32
33.	PENNSYLVANIA	16.26
34.	DELAWARE	16.05
35.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	15.89
36.	IOWA	15.83
37.	MONTANA	15.70
38.	MAINE	15.68
39.	SOUTH DAKOTA	15.57
40.	KANSAS	15.39
41.	RHODE ISLAND	15.35
42.	DIST. OF COL.	15.34
	WEST VIRGINIA	15.34
44.	NORTH DAKOTA	15.27
45.	NEBRASKA	15.18
46.	NEW YORK	14.85
47.	MASSACHUSETTS	14.80
48.	NEW JERSEY	14.66
49.	VERMONT	14.07
50.	WYOMING	14.03
51.	CONNECTICUT	13.96

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-6. PUPILS IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE PER TEACHER IN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS, FALL 1986

1.	CALIFORNIA	22.74
2.	UTAH	22.51
3.	IDAHO	19.60
4.	WASHINGTON	19.28
5.	ARIZONA	18.98
6.	MICHIGAN	18.96
7.	NEVADA	18.82
8.	ALABAMA	18.66
9.	TENNESSEE	18.57
10.	HAWAII	18.16
11.	ALASKA	18.07
12.	MISSISSIPPI	18.06
13.	NORTH CAROLINA	17.52
14.	GEORGIA	17.20
15.	NEW MEXICO	17.15
16.	INDIANA	17.03
17.	OREGON	16.87
	LOUISIANA	16.87
19.	OHIO	16.78
20.	COLORADO	16.74
21.	KENTUCKY	16.73
	UNITED STATES	16.46
22.	SOUTH CAROLINA	16.28
23.	TEXAS	16.20
24.	MINNESOTA	16.04
25.	ARKANSAS	15.94
26.	MARYLAND	15.93
27.	FLORIDA	15.90
28.	VIRGINIA	15.30
29.	PENNSYLVANIA	15.11
30.	ILLINOIS	15.09
31.	OKLAHOMA	15.06
32.	MAINE	14.89
33.	SOUTH DAKOTA	14.79
34.	IOWA	14.77
35.	WISCONSIN	14.75
36.	MISSOURI	14.71
	DELAWARE	14.71
38.	NORTH DAKOTA	14.64
39.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	14.34
40.	NEBRASKA	14.32
41.	WEST VIRGINIA	14.31
42.	MONTANA	14.27
43.	RHODE ISLAND	14.12
44.	KANSAS	13.73
45.	DIST. OF COL.	13.53
46.	NEW JERSEY	13.52
47.	MASSACHUSETTS	13.40
48.	CONNECTICUT	13.28
	WYOMING	13.28
50.	NEW YORK	13.18
51.	VERMONT	12.95

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-7. PUPILS IN AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP PER TEACHER IN PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS, FALL 1986

1.	UTAH	23.78
2.	WASHINGTON	20.57
3.	ARIZONA	20.12
4.	NEVADA	19.96
5.	ALASKA	19.88
6.	ALABAMA	19.67
7.	TENNESSEE	19.62
8.	HAWAII	19.42
9.	MISSISSIPPI	18.93
10.	NORTH CAROLINA	18.55
11.	GEORGIA	18.15
12.	NEW MEXICO	18.05
13.	INDIANA	17.99
14.	OREGON	17.98
15.	LOUISIANA	17.95
16.	OHIO	17.94
17.	KENTUCKY	17.74
18.	COLORADO	17.43
19.	MARYLAND	17.33
20.	FLORIDA	17.11
21.	SOUTH CAROLINA	16.95
22.	MINNESOTA	16.93
23.	ARKANSAS	16.88
24.	VIRGINIA	16.25
25.	PENNSYLVANIA	16.20
26.	ILLINOIS	16.13
27.	OKLAHOMA	15.90
28.	MAINE	15.82
29.	DELAWARE	15.79
30.	WISCONSIN	15.68
31.	IOWA	15.50
	SOUTH DAKOTA	15.50
33.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	15.24
34.	NORTH DAKOTA	15.21
35.	RHODE ISLAND	15.04
36.	MONTANA	14.98
37.	DIST. OF COL.	14.97
	NEBRASKA	14.97
39.	MASSACHUSETTS	14.87
40.	NEW JERSEY	14.58
41.	KANSAS	14.54
	NEW YORK	14.54
43.	WYOMING	14.05
44.	VERMONT	13.79
45.	CONNECTICUT	13.57
	CALIFORNIA	NA
	IDAHO	NA
	MICHIGAN	NA
	MISSOURI	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WEST VIRGINIA	NA
	UNITED STATES	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-8. PERCENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS WHO ARE MEN, 1986-87

1.	MASSACHUSETTS	41.18
2.	WASHINGTON	40.93
3.	OREGON	39.73
4.	MINNESOTA	39.70
5.	PENNSYLVANIA	39.26
6.	ALASKA	39.25
7.	WISCONSIN	38.67
8.	MONTANA	38.43
9.	MAINE	35.95
10.	RHODE ISLAND	35.64
11.	WYOMING	35.59
12.	UTAH	35.41
13.	IOWA	34.84
14.	VERMONT	34.79
15.	NEW YORK	34.65
16.	IDAHO	34.17
17.	NORTH DAKOTA	33.97
18.	CONNECTICUT	33.58
19.	ARIZONA	33.40
20.	ILLINOIS	33.14
21.	CALIFORNIA	33.07
22.	INDIANA	32.96
23.	COLORADO	32.76
24.	OHIO	32.20
25.	DELAWARE	31.92
26.	NEW JERSEY	31.62
27.	NEBRASKA	31.48
28.	NEVADA	30.85
29.	KANSAS	30.83
30.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	30.32
	UNITED STATES	29.75
31.	SOUTH DAKOTA	29.73
32.	NEW MEXICO	29.42
33.	WEST VIRGINIA	27.70
34.	OKLAHOMA	27.33
35.	MARYLAND	26.79
36.	KENTUCKY	25.69
37.	MISSOURI	25.53
38.	MICHIGAN	25.50
39.	FLORIDA	24.34
40.	TENNESSEE	24.06
41.	HAWAII	22.65
42.	ARKANSAS	22.25
43.	TEXAS	22.10
44.	ALABAMA	21.27
45.	DIST. OF COL.	20.65
46.	NORTH CAROLINA	20.44
47.	VIRGINIA	20.31
48.	MISSISSIPPI	19.52
49.	LOUISIANA	19.34
50.	GEORGIA	18.32
51.	SOUTH CAROLINA	17.61

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-9. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	$41,480
2.	DIST. OF COL.	33,211
3.	NEW YORK	30,490
4.	MICHIGAN	30,067
5.	RHODE ISLAND	29,470
6.	CALIFORNIA	29,130
7.	MINNESOTA	27,360
8.	WYOMING	27,224
9.	NEW JERSEY	27,170
10.	ILLINOIS	26,897
11.	MARYLAND	26,800
	MASSACHUSETTS	26,800
13.	CONNECTICUT	26,610
14.	WISCONSIN	26,347
15.	WASHINGTON	26,209
16.	COLORADO	25,892
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	25,853
18.	HAWAII	25,845
19.	OREGON	25,660
20.	NEVADA	25,610
	UNITED STATES	25,201
21.	ARIZONA	24,680
22.	DELAWARE	24,624
23.	OHIO	24,518
24.	TEXAS	24,463
25.	INDIANA	24,325
26.	VIRGINIA	23,095
27.	GEORGIA	23,046
28.	ALABAMA	23,040
29.	KANSAS	22,644
30.	UTAH	22,603
31.	MONTANA	22,482
32.	NORTH CAROLINA	22,340
33.	FLORIDA	22,250
34.	MISSOURI	21,945
35.	NEW MEXICO	21,817
36.	IOWA	21,690
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	21,595
38.	OKLAHOMA	21,419
39.	TENNESSEE	21,384
40.	IDAHO	20,969
41.	KENTUCKY	20,948
42.	NEBRASKA	20,939
43.	NORTH DAKOTA	20,816
44.	VERMONT	20,796
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	20,627
46.	LOUISIANA	20,303
47.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	20,263
48.	MAINE	19,583
49.	ARKANSAS	19,519
50.	MISSISSIPPI	18,472
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	18,095

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-10. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	164.60
2.	DIST. OF COL.	131.78
3.	NEW YORK	120.99
4.	MICHIGAN	119.31
5.	RHODE ISLAND	116.94
6.	CALIFORNIA	115.59
7.	MINNESOTA	108.57
8.	WYOMING	108.03
9.	NEW JERSEY	107.81
10.	ILLINOIS	106.73
11.	MARYLAND	106.34
	MASSACHUSETTS	106.34
13.	CONNECTICUT	105.59
14.	WISCONSIN	104.55
15.	WASHINGTON	104.00
16.	COLORADO	102.74
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	102.59
18.	HAWAII	102.56
19.	OREGON	101.82
20.	NEVADA	101.62
	UNITED STATES	100.00
21.	ARIZONA	97.93
22.	DELAWARE	97.71
23.	OHIO	97.29
24.	TEXAS	97.07
25.	INDIANA	96.52
26.	VIRGINIA	91.64
27.	GEORGIA	91.45
28.	ALABAMA	91.42
29.	KANSAS	89.85
30.	UTAH	89.69
31.	MONTANA	89.21
32.	NORTH CAROLINA	88.65
33.	FLORIDA	88.29
34.	MISSOURI	87.08
35.	NEW MEXICO	86.57
36.	IOWA	86.07
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	85.69
38.	OKLAHOMA	84.99
39.	TENNESSEE	84.85
40.	IDAHO	83.21
41.	KENTUCKY	83.12
42.	NEBRASKA	83.09
43.	NORTH DAKOTA	82.60
44.	VERMONT	82.52
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	81.85
46.	LOUISIANA	80.56
47.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	80.41
48.	MAINE	77.71
49.	ARKANSAS	77.45
50.	MISSISSIPPI	73.30
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	71.80

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-11. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	$43,970
2.	DIST. OF COL.	33,797
3.	NEW YORK	32,000
4.	MICHIGAN	31,500
5.	CALIFORNIA	31,219
6.	RHODE ISLAND	31,079
7.	CONNECTICUT	28,902
8.	MARYLAND	28,893
9.	NEW JERSEY	28,718
10.	MASSACHUSETTS	28,410
11.	MINNESOTA	28,340
12.	ILLINOIS	28,238
13.	WYOMING	28,103
14.	WISCONSIN	27,976
15.	WASHINGTON	27,527
16.	DELAWARE	27,467
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	27,422
18.	COLORADO	27,387
19.	NEVADA	26,960
20.	HAWAII	26,815
21.	OREGON	26,690
	UNITED STATES	26,551
22.	OHIO	26,288
23.	INDIANA	26,083
24.	ARIZONA	25,972
25.	VIRGINIA	25,473
26.	TEXAS	24,588
27.	GEORGIA	24,200
28.	NEW MEXICO	23,977
29.	FLORIDA	23,785
30.	NORTH CAROLINA	23,775
31.	ALABAMA	23,500
32.	MISSOURI	23,468
33.	KANSAS	23,427
34.	MONTANA	23,206
35.	SOUTH CAROLINA	23,190
36.	UTAH	23,035
37.	TENNESSEE	22,627
38.	KENTUCKY	22,612
39.	IOWA	22,603
40.	NEBRASKA	22,063
41.	OKLAHOMA	22,060
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	22,011
43.	VERMONT	21,835
44.	IDAHO	21,480
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	21,446
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	21,284
47.	MAINE	21,257
48.	LOUISIANA	20,054
49.	ARKANSAS	19,904
50.	MISSISSIPPI	19,447
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	18,781

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-12. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	165.61
2.	DIST. OF COL.	127.29
3.	NEW YORK	120.52
4.	MICHIGAN	118.64
5.	CALIFORNIA	117.58
6.	RHODE ISLAND	117.05
7.	CONNECTICUT	108.85
8.	MARYLAND	108.82
9.	NEW JERSEY	108.16
10.	MASSACHUSETTS	107.00
11.	MINNESOTA	106.74
12.	ILLINOIS	106.35
13.	WYOMING	105.85
14.	WISCONSIN	105.37
15.	WASHINGTON	103.68
16.	DELAWARE	103.45
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	103.28
18.	COLORADO	103.15
19.	NEVADA	101.54
20.	HAWAII	100.99
21.	OREGON	100.52
	UNITED STATES	100.00
22.	OHIO	99.01
23.	INDIANA	98.24
24.	ARIZONA	97.82
25.	VIRGINIA	95.94
26.	TEXAS	92.61
27.	GEORGIA	91.15
28.	NEW MEXICO	90.31
29.	FLORIDA	89.58
30.	NORTH CAROLINA	89.54
31.	ALABAMA	88.51
32.	MISSOURI	88.39
33.	KANSAS	88.23
34.	MONTANA	87.40
35.	SOUTH CAROLINA	87.34
36.	UTAH	86.76
37.	TENNESSEE	85.22
38.	KENTUCKY	85.16
39.	IOWA	85.13
40.	NEBRASKA	83.10
41.	OKLAHOMA	83.09
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	82.90
43.	VERMONT	82.24
44.	IDAHO	80.90
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	80.77
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	80.16
47.	MAINE	80.06
48.	LOUISIANA	75.53
49.	ARKANSAS	74.97
50.	MISSISSIPPI	73.24
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	70.74

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-13. PERCENT INCREASE IN AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1976-77 TO 1986-87 (CURRENT DOLLARS)

1.	ALABAMA	123.83
2.	SOUTH CAROLINA	120.86
3.	RHODE ISLAND	120.28
4.	GEORGIA	116.65
5.	WYOMING	114.82
6.	TEXAS	112.63
7.	CONNECTICUT	111.60
8.	VIRGINIA	111.45
9.	WISCONSIN	111.27
10.	ALASKA	110.58
11.	OHIO	110.12
12.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	109.73
13.	OKLAHOMA	109.56
14.	DELAWARE	108.84
15.	KANSAS	107.69
16.	COLORADO	107.45
17.	KENTUCKY	106.97
18.	MISSISSIPPI	106.90
19.	MISSOURI	104.98
20.	OREGON	104.62
21.	ARKANSAS	104.50
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	104.17
23.	INDIANA	104.16
24.	MINNESOTA	102.96
25.	MICHIGAN	102.90
26.	TENNESSEE	102.77
27.	NEW MEXICO	102.27
28.	VERMONT	102.10
29.	ARIZONA	101.16
30.	NEVADA	100.12
31.	NORTH CAROLINA	99.92
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	99.23
	UNITED STATES	98.82
33.	MASSACHUSETTS	98.52
34.	DIST. OF COL.	98.05
35.	NEW JERSEY	97.81
36.	MONTANA	97.67
37.	NEBRASKA	97.48
38.	MARYLAND	96.60
39.	FLORIDA	95.83
40.	IDAHO	95.77
41.	ILLINOIS	92.66
42.	CALIFORNIA	91.34
43.	MAINE	91.23
44.	UTAH	89.31
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	87.66
46.	NEW YORK	86.60
47.	WASHINGTON	84.48
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	84.43
49.	LOUISIANA	84.35
50.	IOWA	80.35
51.	HAWAII	59.90

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-14. PERCENT INCREASE IN AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS 1976-77 TO 1986-87 (CONSTANT DOLLARS)

1.	ALABAMA	18.68
2.	SOUTH CAROLINA	17.10
3.	RHODE ISLAND	16.80
4.	GEORGIA	14.87
5.	WYOMING	13.90
6.	TEXAS	12.74
7.	CONNECTICUT	12.19
8.	VIRGINIA	12.11
9.	WISCONSIN	12.02
10.	ALASKA	11.66
11.	OHIO	11.41
12.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	11.20
13.	OKLAHOMA	11.11
14.	DELAWARE	10.73
15.	KANSAS	10.12
16.	COLORADO	9.99
17.	KENTUCKY	9.74
18.	MISSISSIPPI	9.71
19.	MISSOURI	8.68
20.	OREGON	8.49
21.	ARKANSAS	8.43
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	8.26
23.	INDIANA	8.25
24.	MINNESOTA	7.62
25.	MICHIGAN	7.58
26.	TENNESSEE	7.51
27.	NEW MEXICO	7.25
28.	VERMONT	7.16
29.	ARIZONA	6.66
30.	NEVADA	6.11
31.	NORTH CAROLINA	6.00
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	5.64
	UNITED STATES	5.42
33.	MASSACHUSETTS	5.26
34.	DIST. OF COL.	5.01
35.	NEW JERSEY	4.88
36.	MONTANA	4.81
37.	NEBRASKA	4.71
38.	MARYLAND	4.24
39.	FLORIDA	3.83
40.	IDAHO	3.80
41.	ILLINOIS	2.15
42.	CALIFORNIA	1.45
43.	MAINE	1.39
44.	UTAH	0.38
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	-0.50
46.	NEW YORK	-1.06
47.	WASHINGTON	-2.18
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	-2.21
49.	LOUISIANA	-2.25
50.	IOWA	-4.38
51.	HAWAII	-15.22

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank; and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

C-15. PERCENT INCREASE IN AVERAGE SALARIES OF PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS, 1985-86 TO 1986-87

1.	DELAWARE	11.55
2.	VIRGINIA	10.30
3.	NEW MEXICO	9.90
4.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	8.63
5.	CONNECTICUT	8.61
6.	MAINE	8.55
7.	KENTUCKY	7.94
8.	MARYLAND	7.81
9.	SOUTH CAROLINA	7.39
10.	INDIANA	7.23
11.	OHIO	7.22
12.	CALIFORNIA	7.17
13.	MISSOURI	6.94
14.	FLORIDA	6.90
15.	NORTH CAROLINA	6.42
16.	WISCONSIN	6.18
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	6.07
18.	MASSACHUSETTS	6.01
19.	ALASKA	6.00
20.	TENNESSEE	5.81
21.	COLORADO	5.77
22.	NEW JERSEY	5.70
23.	RHODE ISLAND	5.46
24.	NEBRASKA	5.37
	UNITED STATES	5.36
25.	MISSISSIPPI	5.28
26.	NEVADA	5.27
27.	ARIZONA	5.24
28.	WASHINGTON	5.03
29.	GEORGIA	5.01
30.	VERMONT	5.00
31.	ILLINOIS	4.99
32.	NEW YORK	4.95
33.	MICHIGAN	4.77
34.	IOWA	4.21
35.	OREGON	4.01
36.	WEST VIRGINIA	3.97
37.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.79
38.	HAWAII	3.75
39.	MINNESOTA	3.58
40.	KANSAS	3.46
41.	WYOMING	3.23
42.	MONTANA	3.22
43.	OKLAHOMA	2.99
44.	IDAHO	2.44
45.	NORTH DAKOTA	2.25
46.	ALABAMA	2.00
47.	ARKANSAS	1.97
48.	UTAH	1.91
49.	DIST. OF COL.	1.76
50.	TEXAS	0.51
51.	LOUISIANA	-1.23

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-16. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	$43,474
2.	DIST. OF COL.	38,085
3.	NEW YORK	31,300
4.	MICHIGAN	31,240
5.	CALIFORNIA	30,123
6.	RHODE ISLAND	29,651
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	29,065
8.	NEW JERSEY	28,870
9.	MINNESOTA	28,350
10.	CONNECTICUT	27,850
11.	MARYLAND	27,806
12.	ILLINOIS	27,717
13.	WYOMING	27,461
14.	WASHINGTON	27,370
15.	ARIZONA	27,300
16.	WISCONSIN	27,000
17.	COLORADO	26,882
18.	OREGON	26,770
19.	NEVADA	26,710
20.	HAWAII	26,687
21.	PENNSYLVANIA	26,520
	UNITED STATES	26,319
22.	OHIO	26,038
23.	UTAH	26,021
24.	NEW MEXICO	25,715
25.	DELAWARE	25,538
26.	TEXAS	25,344
27.	INDIANA	25,189
28.	KANSAS	24,324
29.	GEORGIA	24,158
30.	FLORIDA	24,055
31.	ALABAMA	24,000
32.	VIRGINIA	23,957
33.	MONTANA	23,528
34.	NORTH CAROLINA	23,232
35.	NEBRASKA	23,100
36.	MISSOURI	22,828
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	22,525
38.	IOWA	22,499
39.	VERMONT	22,184
40.	OKLAHOMA	22,080
41.	TENNESSEE	21,874
42.	KENTUCKY	21,850
43.	IDAHO	21,785
44.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	21,600
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	21,529
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	21,460
47.	LOUISIANA	21,144
48.	MAINE	20,227
49.	ARKANSAS	20,179
50.	MISSISSIPPI	19,047
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	18,826

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank

C-17. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	165.18
2.	DIST. OF COL.	144.71
3.	NEW YORK	118.93
4.	MICHIGAN	118.70
5.	CALIFORNIA	114.45
6.	RHODE ISLAND	112.66
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	110.43
8.	NEW JERSEY	107.79
9.	MINNESOTA	107.72
10.	CONNECTICUT	105.82
11.	MARYLAND	105.65
12.	ILLINOIS	105.31
13.	WYOMING	104.34
14.	WASHINGTON	103.99
15.	ARIZONA	103.73
16.	WISCONSIN	102.59
17.	COLORADO	102.14
18.	OREGON	101.71
19.	NEVADA	101.49
20.	HAWAII	101.40
21.	PENNSYLVANIA	100.76
	UNITED STATES	100.00
22.	OHIO	98.93
23.	UTAH	98.87
24.	NEW MEXICO	97.71
25.	DELAWARE	97.03
26.	TEXAS	96.30
27.	INDIANA	95.71
28.	KANSAS	92.42
29.	GEORGIA	91.79
30.	FLORIDA	91.40
31.	ALABAMA	91.19
32.	VIRGINIA	91.03
33.	MONTANA	89.40
34.	NORTH CAROLINA	88.27
35.	NEBRASKA	87.77
36.	MISSOURI	86.74
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	85.58
38.	IOWA	85.49
39.	VERMONT	84.29
40.	OKLAHOMA	83.89
41.	TENNESSEE	83.11
42.	KENTUCKY	83.02
43.	IDAHO	82.77
44.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	82.07
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	81.80
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	81.54
47.	LOUISIANA	80.34
48.	MAINE	76.85
49.	ARKANSAS	76.67
50.	MISSISSIPPI	72.37
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	71.53

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-18. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	$46,082
2.	DIST. OF COL.	41,467
3.	MICHIGAN	32,800
	NEW YORK	32,800
5.	CALIFORNIA	32,301
6.	RHODE ISLAND	32,026
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	30,810
8.	CONNECTICUT	30,193
9.	NEW JERSEY	30,102
10.	MARYLAND	29,895
11.	MINNESOTA	29,350
12.	ILLINOIS	29,169
13.	ARIZONA	28,971
14.	WASHINGTON	28,746
15.	WISCONSIN	28,710
16.	DELAWARE	28,440
17.	COLORADO	28,400
18.	NEVADA	28,250
19.	WYOMING	28,230
20.	PENNSYLVANIA	28,111
21.	OHIO	27,869
22.	OREGON	27,810
	UNITED STATES	27,711
23.	HAWAII	27,646
24.	INDIANA	26,988
25.	VIRGINIA	26,401
26.	UTAH	26,394
27.	GEORGIA	25,600
28.	FLORIDA	25,552
29.	TEXAS	25,464
30.	KANSAS	25,297
31.	NEW MEXICO	24,709
32.	ALABAMA	24,480
33.	NORTH CAROLINA	24,395
34.	MISSOURI	24,383
35.	MONTANA	24,370
36.	SOUTH CAROLINA	24,212
37.	NEBRASKA	24,138
38.	KENTUCKY	23,560
39.	IOWA	23,434
40.	TENNESSEE	23,323
41.	VERMONT	23,293
42.	OKLAHOMA	22,770
43.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	22,625
44.	WEST VIRGINIA	22,425
45.	IDAHO	22,315
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	21,960
47.	MAINE	21,943
48.	LOUISIANA	20,592
49.	ARKANSAS	20,538
50.	MISSISSIPPI	20,036
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	19,518

NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-19. ESTIMATED AVERAGE SALARIES OF INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	166.29
2.	DIST. OF COL.	149.64
3.	MICHIGAN	118.36
	NEW YORK	118.36
5.	CALIFORNIA	116.56
6.	RHODE ISLAND	115.57
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	111.18
8.	CONNECTICUT	108.96
9.	NEW JERSEY	108.63
10.	MARYLAND	107.88
11.	MINNESOTA	105.91
12.	ILLINOIS	105.26
13.	ARIZONA	104.55
14.	WASHINGTON	103.73
15.	WISCONSIN	103.61
16.	DELAWARE	102.63
17.	COLORADO	102.49
18.	NEVADA	101.95
19.	WYOMING	101.87
20.	PENNSYLVANIA	101.44
21.	OHIO	100.57
22.	OREGON	100.36
	UNITED STATES	100.00
23.	HAWAII	99.77
24.	INDIANA	97.39
25.	VIRGINIA	95.27
26.	UTAH	95.25
27.	GEORGIA	92.38
28.	FLORIDA	92.21
29.	TEXAS	91.89
30.	KANSAS	91.29
31.	NEW MEXICO	89.17
32.	ALABAMA	88.34
33.	NORTH CAROLINA	88.03
34.	MISSOURI	87.99
35.	MONTANA	87.94
36.	SOUTH CAROLINA	87.37
37.	NEBRASKA	87.11
38.	KENTUCKY	85.02
39.	IOWA	84.57
40.	TENNESSEE	84.17
41.	VERMONT	84.06
42.	OKLAHOMA	82.17
43.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	81.65
44.	WEST VIRGINIA	80.92
45.	IDAHO	80.53
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	79.25
47.	MAINE	79.19
48.	LOUISIANA	74.31
49.	ARKANSAS	74.11
50.	MISSISSIPPI	72.30
51.	SOUTH DAKOTA	70.43

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-20. PERCENT INCREASE IN AVERAGE INSTRUCTIONAL SALARIES, 1976-77 TO 1986-87 (CURRENT DOLLARS)

1.	RHODE ISLAND	129.74
2.	DIST. OF COL.	128.33
3.	ALABAMA	128.10
4.	SOUTH CAROLINA	118.95
5.	ALASKA	118.30
6.	GEORGIA	118.24
7.	ARIZONA	117.83
8.	KANSAS	114.71
9.	OHIO	113.07
10.	TEXAS	111.74
11.	CONNECTICUT	111.67
12.	MICHIGAN	111.44
13.	OREGON	111.08
14.	VIRGINIA	110.52
15.	OKLAHOMA	110.46
16.	WYOMING	109.72
17.	WISCONSIN	108.77
18.	COLORADO	108.26
19.	MISSOURI	107.16
20.	UTAH	106.93
21.	DELAWARE	106.73
22.	KENTUCKY	106.40
23.	VERMONT	106.30
24.	TENNESSEE	105.71
25.	MISSISSIPPI	105.69
26.	NEBRASKA	105.20
27.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	104.55
28.	ARKANSAS	103.35
29.	MASSACHUSETTS	102.94
30.	INDIANA	102.51
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	101.50
32.	MINNESOTA	100.57
	UNITED STATES	100.22
33.	NORTH DAKOTA	99.69
34.	FLORIDA	99.62
	NORTH CAROLINA	99.62
36.	MONTANA	99.33
37.	NEVADA	99.01
38.	NEW MEXICO	98.13
39.	NEW JERSEY	97.36
40.	IDAHO	96.30
41.	MARYLAND	93.72
42.	ILLINOIS	93.52
43.	CALIFORNIA	92.27
44.	MAINE	91.02
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	88.83
46.	NEW YORK	86.47
47.	LOUISIANA	85.51
48.	WASHINGTON	83.15
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	82.56
50.	IOWA	81.18
51.	HAWAII	61.51

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

C-21. PERCENT INCREASE IN INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF SALARIES, 1976-77 TO 1986-87 (CONSTANT DOLLARS)

1.	RHODE ISLAND	21.81
2.	DIST. OF COL.	21.07
3.	ALABAMA	20.95
4.	SOUTH CAROLINA	16.09
5.	ALASKA	15.75
6.	GEORGIA	15.72
7.	ARIZONA	15.50
8.	KANSAS	13.84
9.	OHIO	12.97
10.	TEXAS	12.27
11.	CONNECTICUT	12.23
12.	MICHIGAN	12.11
13.	OREGON	11.92
14.	VIRGINIA	11.62
15.	OKLAHOMA	11.59
16.	WYOMING	11.20
17.	WISCONSIN	10.69
18.	COLORADO	10.42
19.	MISSOURI	9.84
20.	UTAH	9.72
21.	DELAWARE	9.61
22.	KENTUCKY	9.44
23.	VERMONT	9.38
24.	TENNESSEE	9.07
25.	MISSISSIPPI	9.06
26.	NEBRASKA	8.80
27.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	8.46
28.	ARKANSAS	7.82
29.	MASSACHUSETTS	7.60
30.	INDIANA	7.37
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	6.84
32.	MINNESOTA	6.35
	UNITED STATES	6.16
33.	NORTH DAKOTA	5.88
34.	FLORIDA	5.85
35.	NORTH CAROLINA	5.84
36.	MONTANA	5.69
37.	NEVADA	5.52
38.	NEW MEXICO	5.05
39.	NEW JERSEY	4.65
40.	IDAHO	4.08
41.	MARYLAND	2.72
42.	ILLINOIS	2.61
43.	CALIFORNIA	1.94
44.	MAINE	1.29
45.	WEST VIRGINIA	0.12
46.	NEW YORK	-1.13
47.	LOUISIANA	-1.64
48.	WASHINGTON	-2.89
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	-3.20
50.	IOWA	-3.93
51.	HAWAII	-14.36

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank; and Bureau of Labor Statistics.

C-22. PERCENT INCREASE IN INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF SALARIES, 1985-86 TO 1986-87

1.	DELAWARE	11.36
2.	VIRGINIA	10.20
3.	DIST. OF COL.	8.88
4.	MAINE	8.48
5.	CONNECTICUT	8.41
6.	RHODE ISLAND	8.01
7.	KENTUCKY	7.83
8.	MARYLAND	7.51
9.	SOUTH CAROLINA	7.49
10.	CALIFORNIA	7.23
11.	INDIANA	7.14
12.	OHIO	7.03
13.	MISSOURI	6.81
14.	TENNESSEE	6.62
15.	WISCONSIN	6.33
16.	FLORIDA	6.22
17.	ARIZONA	6.12
18.	NEW JERSEY	6.11
19.	MASSACHUSETTS	6.00
	PENNSYLVANIA	6.00
	ALASKA	6.00
22.	GEORGIA	5.97
23.	NEVADA	5.77
24.	COLORADO	5.65
	UNITED STATES	5.29
25.	ILLINOIS	5.24
26.	MISSISSIPPI	5.19
27.	WASHINGTON	5.03
28.	NORTH CAROLINA	5.01
29.	VERMONT	5.00
30.	MICHIGAN	4.99
31.	NEW YORK	4.79
32.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	4.75
33.	NEBRASKA	4.49
34.	WEST VIRGINIA	4.16
	IOWA	4.16
36.	KANSAS	4.00
37.	OREGON	3.88
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.68
39.	HAWAII	3.59
40.	MONTANA	3.58
41.	MINNESOTA	3.53
42.	OKLAHOMA	3.13
43.	WYOMING	2.80
44.	IDAHO	2.43
45.	NORTH DAKOTA	2.33
46.	ALABAMA	2.00
47.	ARKANSAS	1.78
48.	UTAH	1.43
49.	TEXAS	0.47
50.	LOUISIANA	-2.61
51.	NEW MEXICO	-3.91

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

NOTES TO C SERIES TABLES

NEA Research estimates for selected variables within the C Series are identified below by state and by table number. NEA estimates appear in those cases where state education departments did not respond to requests by NEA Research for estimates of school statistics.

Alaska	C-1, C-5 through C-22
Arizona	C-16 through C-22
California	C-1, C-5 through C-22
Georgia	C-6 through C-22
Kansas	C-8
Louisiana	C-1, C-5 through C-22
Massachusetts	C-1, C-5 through C-22
Vermont	C-1, C-5 through C-22

The following state education departments provided additional information to help explain data reported for their states in C Series Tables:

Indiana	1986-87 average salary data are estimated figures.
Louisiana	Salary data reflect severe budget cuts.
New Mexico	Consistent with instructions, increments for additional duties are not included in 1986-87 average salary of instructional staff.
Oregon	Salary includes a 6 percent employer pickup of the employee portion of retirement contribution.
Texas	Teacher salary includes career ladder supplement.

GENERAL FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Personal income measures the overall economic activity within a specific geographic area. State personal income is defined as the aggregate or total income from *all* sources received by persons residing in a state, and has a significant effect on the total income or financial resources available to governmental jurisdictions through taxation. This, in turn, affects the prospects for financing public education and other services. Indeed, state personal income is used throughout the tables in this report to gauge the ability and effort of states to generate funds for public programs, and is considered by some to present a better method of comparison than the use of state population data for per capita computations.

Tables D-1 and D-2 compare states on their total personal income and the percentage gain in each state. Per capita personal income is featured in Tables D-3 through D-6, providing more detail about the relative financial well-being of individuals within each state through the use of statewide population as a common denominator.

Disposable personal income represents the personal income of residents *minus* taxes and other required payments, such as fines, penalties, and fees. Disposable personal income reflects the amount of income remaining for expenditure on consumer goods, for example, and represents a different measure of "wealth" among states. Tables D-8 through D-10 feature *per capita* disposable personal income, or the amount of personal income for every person in each state, thereby providing some comparability across states for this measure.

Table D-11 compares the states on a measure of personal income geared more closely to the consumers of public education services—the number of pupils as measured in average daily attendance. Table D-12 shows the relative significance of government activity as it contributes to total personal income, by measuring personal income from government enterprises as a percent of the total. Income from farming activities is compared by state in Table D-13, while Tables D-14 and D-15 contain average household buying incomes and retail sales per household, measures similar to disposable personal income in their approximation of consumer spending power in each state.

D-1. TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME, 1985 (IN MILLIONS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	$423,566
2.	NEW YORK	285,419
3.	TEXAS	220,715
4.	ILLINOIS	169,999
5.	PENNSYLVANIA	159,276
6.	FLORIDA	156,184
7.	OHIO	142,110
8.	NEW JERSEY	130,154
9.	MICHIGAN	123,673
10.	MASSACHUSETTS	95,361
11.	VIRGINIA	82,980
12.	GEORGIA	74,960
13.	NORTH CAROLINA	72,670
14.	MARYLAND	69,680
15.	INDIANA	68,442
16.	MISSOURI	66,605
17.	WISCONSIN	62,815
18.	WASHINGTON	61,185
19.	MINNESOTA	59,068
20.	CONNECTICUT	57,408
21.	TENNESSEE	53,540
22.	LOUISIANA	50,513
23.	COLORADO	47,859
24.	ALABAMA	42,913
25.	ARIZONA	40,775
26.	OKLAHOMA	40,381
27.	KENTUCKY	40,328
28.	IOWA	36,315
29.	SOUTH CAROLINA	35,434
30.	OREGON	33,921
31.	KANSAS	33,755
32.	ARKANSAS	24,707
33.	MISSISSIPPI	24,004
34.	NEBRASKA	21,323
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	19,736
36.	UTAH	17,259
37.	NEW MEXICO	15,828
38.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	14,931
39.	HAWAII	14,558
40.	MAINE	13,635
41.	NEVADA	13,560
42.	RHODE ISLAND	13,465
43.	DIST. OF COL.	11,367
44.	IDAHO	11,173
45.	ALASKA	9,476
46.	MONTANA	9,067
47.	DELAWARE	8,876
48.	NORTH DAKOTA	8,255
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	7,903
50.	WYOMING	6,734
51.	VERMONT	6,482
	UNITED STATES	3,310,545

Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

D-2. PERCENT CHANGE IN TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME, 1984 TO 1985

1.	ARIZONA	10.44
2.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	10.00
3.	GEORGIA	8.78
4.	FLORIDA	8.47
5.	VIRGINIA	8.38
6.	CALIFORNIA	8.35
7.	VERMONT	8.32
8.	MASSACHUSETTS	8.22
9.	MARYLAND	8.09
	CONNECTICUT	8.09
11.	NEW JERSEY	7.79
12.	NEVADA	7.64
13.	DIST. OF COL.	7.32
14.	TEXAS	7.23
15.	NEW YORK	7.19
16.	NORTH CAROLINA	7.17
17.	NEBRASKA	7.06
18.	MISSOURI	6.82
19.	TENNESSEE	6.81
	UNITED STATES	6.74
20.	DELAWARE	6.73
21.	NEW MEXICO	6.66
22.	ALABAMA	6.62
23.	MAINE	6.59
24.	RHODE ISLAND	6.51
25.	HAWAII	6.34
26.	IDAHO	6.21
27.	SOUTH CAROLINA	6.07
	UTAH	6.07
29.	COLORADO	6.06
30.	MINNESOTA	5.99
31.	KANSAS	5.93
32.	WASHINGTON	5.74
33.	OHIO	5.71
34.	ARKANSAS	5.64
35.	OREGON	5.52
36.	ILLINOIS	5.51
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	5.47
38.	MICHIGAN	5.11
39.	WYOMING	5.05
40.	INDIANA	4.92
41.	WISCONSIN	4.71
42.	KENTUCKY	4.47
43.	ALASKA	4.36
44.	MISSISSIPPI	4.32
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.90
46.	IOWA	3.49
47.	NORTH DAKOTA	3.39
48.	WEST VIRGINIA	3.18
49.	OKLAHOMA	3.17
50.	LOUISIANA	2.73
51.	MONTANA	1.64

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

D-3. PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$18,187
2.	DIST. OF COL.	18,168
3.	CONNECTICUT	18,089
4.	NEW JERSEY	17,211
5.	MASSACHUSETTS	16,380
6.	CALIFORNIA	16,065
7.	NEW YORK	16,050
8.	MARYLAND	15,864
9.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	14,964
10.	COLORADO	14,812
11.	ILLINOIS	14,738
12.	VIRGINIA	14,542
13.	NEVADA	14,488
14.	DELAWARE	14,272
15.	MINNESOTA	14,087
16.	RHODE ISLAND	13,906
17.	WASHINGTON	13,876
	UNITED STATES	13,867
18.	HAWAII	13,814
19.	KANSAS	13,775
20.	FLORIDA	13,742
21.	MICHIGAN	13,608
22.	TEXAS	13,483
23.	PENNSYLVANIA	13,437
24.	NEBRASKA	13,281
25.	MISSOURI	13,244
26.	OHIO	13,226
27.	WYOMING	13,223
28.	WISCONSIN	13,154
29.	ARIZONA	12,795
30.	OREGON	12,622
31.	IOWA	12,594
32.	GEORGIA	12,543
33.	INDIANA	12,446
34.	OKLAHOMA	12,232
35.	VERMONT	12,117
36.	NORTH DAKOTA	12,052
37.	MAINE	11,887
38.	NORTH CAROLINA	11,617
39.	LOUISIANA	11,274
40.	TENNESSEE	11,243
41.	SOUTH DAKOTA	11,161
42.	IDAHO	11,120
43.	MONTANA	10,974
44.	NEW MEXICO	10,914
45.	KENTUCKY	10,824
46.	ALABAMA	10,673
47.	SOUTH CAROLINA	10,586
48.	UTAH	10,493
49.	ARKANSAS	10,476
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	10,193
51.	MISSISSIPPI	9,187

Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

D-4. PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1985

1.	ALASKA	131.15
2.	DIST. OF COL.	131.02
3.	CONNECTICUT	130.45
4.	NEW JERSEY	124.11
5.	MASSACHUSETTS	118.12
6.	CALIFORNIA	115.85
7.	NEW YORK	115.74
8.	MARYLAND	114.40
9.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	107.91
10.	COLORADO	106.81
11.	ILLINOIS	106.28
12.	VIRGINIA	104.87
13.	NEVADA	104.48
14.	DELAWARE	102.92
15.	MINNESOTA	101.59
16.	RHODE ISLAND	100.28
17.	WASHINGTON	100.06
	UNITED STATES	100.00
18.	HAWAII	99.62
19.	KANSAS	99.34
20.	FLORIDA	99.10
21.	MICHIGAN	98.13
22.	TEXAS	97.23
23.	PENNSYLVANIA	96.90
24.	NEBRASKA	95.77
25.	MISSOURI	95.51
26.	OHIO	95.38
27.	WYOMING	95.36
28.	WISCONSIN	94.86
29.	ARIZONA	92.27
30.	OREGON	91.02
31.	IOWA	90.82
32.	GEORGIA	90.45
33.	INDIANA	89.75
34.	OKLAHOMA	88.21
35.	VERMONT	87.38
36.	NORTH DAKOTA	86.91
37.	MAINE	85.72
38.	NORTH CAROLINA	83.77
39.	LOUISIANA	81.30
40.	TENNESSEE	81.08
41.	SOUTH DAKOTA	80.49
42.	IDAHO	80.19
43.	MONTANA	79.14
44.	NEW MEXICO	78.70
45.	KENTUCKY	78.06
46.	ALABAMA	76.97
47.	SOUTH CAROLINA	76.34
48.	UTAH	75.67
49.	ARKANSAS	75.55
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	73.51
51.	MISSISSIPPI	66.25

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 24.

D-5. PERCENT CHANGE IN PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, 1984 TO 1985

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	7.81
2.	MASSACHUSETTS	7.78
3.	CONNECTICUT	7.45
4.	VERMONT	7.31
5.	DIST. OF COL.	7.15
	NEW JERSEY	7.15
7.	MARYLAND	7.04
	VIRGINIA	7.04
9.	NEBRASKA	7.00
10.	NEW YORK	6.97
11.	ARIZONA	6.45
12.	GEORGIA	6.33
13.	MISSOURI	6.22
14.	CALIFORNIA	6.00
	TENNESSEE	6.00
16.	MAINE	5.87
17.	RHODE ISLAND	5.79
18.	PENNSYLVANIA	5.77
19.	ALABAMA	5.76
	UNITED STATES	5.74
20.	WYOMING	5.73
21.	OHIO	5.66
22.	NORTH CAROLINA	5.63
23.	IDAHO	5.60
24.	KANSAS	5.49
25.	FLORIDA	5.46
26.	NEVADA	5.44
27.	ILLINOIS	5.39
28.	TEXAS	5.35
29.	DELAWARE	5.29
30.	MINNESOTA	5.24
31.	OREGON	5.09
32.	ARKANSAS	5.06
33.	NEW MEXICO	4.90
34.	INDIANA	4.78
35.	MICHIGAN	4.77
36.	COLORADO	4.70
37.	UTAH	4.68
38.	HAWAII	4.66
39.	SOUTH CAROLINA	4.63
40.	WISCONSIN	4.42
41.	KENTUCKY	4.31
42.	WASHINGTON	4.28
43.	IOWA	4.19
44.	WEST VIRGINIA	3.98
45.	MISSISSIPPI	3.75
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	3.64
47.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.44
48.	OKLAHOMA	3.42
49.	LOUISIANA	2.29
50.	MONTANA	1.25
51.	ALASKA	1.06

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 24.

D-6. PERCENT CHANGE IN PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, 1975 TO 1985

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	178.92
2.	MASSACHUSETTS	163.73
3.	CONNECTICUT	163.69
4.	VIRGINIA	153.74
5.	NEW JERSEY	153.55
6.	GEORGIA	152.27
7.	MAINE	150.46
8.	FLORIDA	148.50
9.	COLORADO	147.61
10.	MARYLAND	147.49
11.	VERMONT	147.24
12.	RHODE ISLAND	146.82
13.	TEXAS	146.35
14.	ARIZONA	145.35
15.	CALIFORNIA	145.30
16.	NEW YORK	145.23
17.	DIST. OF COL.	144.42
18.	MISSOURI	143.14
19.	MINNESOTA	139.66
20.	NORTH CAROLINA	139.03
	UNITED STATES	137.37
21.	TENNESSEE	135.95
22.	OKLAHOMA	135.55
23.	ARKANSAS	135.20
24.	LOUISIANA	135.02
25.	SOUTH CAROLINA	133.63
26.	WISCONSIN	133.06
27.	ALABAMA	132.53
28.	MISSISSIPPI	130.19
29.	PENNSYLVANIA	130.09
30.	NEW MEXICO	128.09
31.	OHIO	127.88
32.	MICHIGAN	127.25
33.	KANSAS	127.24
34.	NEVADA	126.37
35.	KENTUCKY	126.07
36.	WASHINGTON	123.34
37.	DELAWARE	121.72
38.	INDIANA	121.38
39.	OREGON	120.55
40.	NEBRASKA	119.88
41.	SOUTH DAKOTA	118.03
42.	ILLINOIS	117.95
43.	UTAH	117.47
44.	WYOMING	116.10
45.	IDAHO	112.21
46.	WEST VIRGINIA	109.60
47.	IOWA	109.55
48.	HAWAII	108.92
49.	MONTANA	102.51
50.	NORTH DAKOTA	95.74
51.	ALASKA	90.36

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1983. p. 57, and August 1986. p. 24.

D-7. TOTAL DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME, 1985 (IN MILLIONS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	$362,007
2.	NEW YORK	238,889
3.	TEXAS	189,220
4.	ILLINOIS	146,239
5.	PENNSYLVANIA	137,057
6.	FLORIDA	134,217
7.	OHIO	121,886
8.	NEW JERSEY	108,890
9.	MICHIGAN	104,447
10.	MASSACHUSETTS	79,861
11.	VIRGINIA	70,110
12.	NORTH CAROLINA	62,550
13.	GEORGIA	62,536
14.	INDIANA	58,846
15.	MARYLAND	58,490
16.	MISSOURI	56,967
17.	WASHINGTON	54,187
18.	WISCONSIN	54,061
19.	MINNESOTA	49,657
20.	CONNECTICUT	48,730
21.	TENNESSEE	45,950
22.	LOUISIANA	43,907
23.	COLORADO	41,815
24.	ALABAMA	36,663
25.	ARIZONA	35,443
26.	KENTUCKY	34,621
27.	OKLAHOMA	33,944
28.	IOWA	31,196
29.	SOUTH CAROLINA	30,587
30.	OREGON	29,088
31.	KANSAS	28,641
32.	ARKANSAS	21,214
33.	MISSISSIPPI	20,567
34.	NEBRASKA	18,643
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	16,964
36.	UTAH	14,518
37.	NEW MEXICO	13,424
38.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	13,216
39.	HAWAII	12,607
40.	MAINE	12,017
41.	RHODE ISLAND	11,818
42.	NEVADA	11,455
43.	IDAHO	9,855
44.	DIST. OF COL.	9,345
45.	ALASKA	8,034
46.	MONTANA	7,796
47.	NORTH DAKOTA	7,349
48.	DELAWARE	7,316
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	7,114
50.	WYOMING	5,704
51.	VERMONT	5,555
	UNITED STATES	2,825,215

Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 25.

D-8. PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$15,419
2.	CONNECTICUT	15,355
3.	DIST. OF COL.	14,938
4.	NEW JERSEY	14,399
5.	CALIFORNIA	13,731
6.	MASSACHUSETTS	13,717
7.	NEW YORK	13,434
8.	MARYLAND	13,316
9.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	13,246
10.	COLORADO	12,941
11.	ILLINOIS	12,678
12.	WASHINGTON	12,289
13.	VIRGINIA	12,286
14.	NEVADA	12,239
15.	RHODE ISLAND	12,206
16.	HAWAII	11,963
17.	MINNESOTA	11,843
	UNITED STATES	11,834
18.	FLORIDA	11,809
19.	DELAWARE	11,763
20.	KANSAS	11,688
21.	NEBRASKA	11,612
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	11,563
23.	TEXAS	11,559
24.	MICHIGAN	11,492
25.	OHIO	11,344
26.	MISSOURI	11,327
27.	WISCONSIN	11,321
28.	WYOMING	11,201
29.	ARIZONA	11,121
30.	OREGON	10,824
31.	IOWA	10,819
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	10,730
33.	INDIANA	10,701
34.	GEORGIA	10,465
35.	VERMONT	10,385
36.	MAINE	10,325
37.	OKLAHOMA	10,282
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	10,047
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	10,000
40.	IDAHO	9,808
41.	LOUISIANA	9,799
42.	TENNESSEE	9,649
43.	MONTANA	9,436
44.	KENTUCKY	9,292
45.	NEW MEXICO	9,256
46.	SOUTH CAROLINA	9,137
47.	ALABAMA	9,119
48.	ARKANSAS	8,994
49.	UTAH	8,827
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	8,762
51.	MISSISSIPPI	7,871

Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 25.

D-9. PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1985

1.	ALASKA	130.29
2.	CONNECTICUT	129.75
3.	DIST. OF COL.	126.23
4.	NEW JERSEY	121.67
5.	CALIFORNIA	116.03
6.	MASSACHUSETTS	115.91
7.	NEW YORK	113.52
8.	MARYLAND	112.52
9.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	111.93
10.	COLORADO	109.35
11.	ILLINOIS	107.13
12.	WASHINGTON	103.84
13.	VIRGINIA	103.82
14.	NEVADA	103.42
15.	RHODE ISLAND	103.14
16.	HAWAII	101.09
17.	MINNESOTA	100.08
	UNITED STATES	100.00
18.	FLORIDA	99.79
19.	DELAWARE	99.40
20.	KANSAS	98.77
21.	NEBRASKA	98.12
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	97.71
23.	TEXAS	97.68
24.	MICHIGAN	97.11
25.	OHIO	95.86
26.	MISSOURI	95.72
27.	WISCONSIN	95.67
28.	WYOMING	94.65
29.	ARIZONA	93.97
30.	OREGON	91.47
31.	IOWA	91.42
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	90.67
33.	INDIANA	90.43
34.	GEORGIA	88.43
35.	VERMONT	87.76
36.	MAINE	87.25
37.	OKLAHOMA	86.89
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	84.90
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	84.50
40.	IDAHO	82.88
41.	LOUISIANA	82.80
42.	TENNESSEE	81.54
43.	MONTANA	79.74
44.	KENTUCKY	78.52
45.	NEW MEXICO	78.22
46.	SOUTH CAROLINA	77.21
47.	ALABAMA	77.06
48.	ARKANSAS	76.00
49.	UTAH	74.59
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	74.04
51.	MISSISSIPPI	66.51

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 25.

D-10. PERCENT CHANGE IN PER CAPITA DISPOSABLE PERSONAL INCOME, 1984 TO 1985

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	7.52
2.	NEBRASKA	7.13
3.	NEW YORK	7.11
4.	CONNECTICUT	7.03
5.	MASSACHUSETTS	6.93
6.	MARYLAND	6.90
7.	DIST. OF COL.	6.56
8.	VERMONT	6.55
9.	WYOMING	6.13
10.	COLORADO	6.04
11.	VIRGINIA	6.03
12.	ARIZONA	5.68
13.	MISSOURI	5.46
14.	PENNSYLVANIA	5.44
15.	GEORGIA	5.37
16.	CALIFORNIA	5.36
17.	RHODE ISLAND	5.30
18.	IDAHO	5.20
19.	ILLINOIS	5.19
20.	MAINE	5.14
	DELAWARE	5.14
22.	OHIO	5.13
	UNITED STATES	5.11
23.	NORTH CAROLINA	5.04
24.	NEW JERSEY	4.87
25.	FLORIDA	4.84
26.	MINNESOTA	4.83
27.	NEVADA	4.82
28.	WISCONSIN	4.79
29.	ALABAMA	4.74
30.	KANSAS	4.69
31.	TEXAS	4.59
32.	ARKANSAS	4.31
33.	OREGON	4.30
34.	WASHINGTON	4.29
35.	SOUTH CAROLINA	4.23
36.	NEW MEXICO	4.22
37.	INDIANA	4.11
38.	HAWAII	3.95
39.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3.58
40.	TENNESSEE	3.52
41.	WEST VIRGINIA	3.51
42.	MICHIGAN	3.42
43.	IOWA	3.21
44.	MISSISSIPPI	2.97
45.	KENTUCKY	2.95
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	2.92
47.	OKLAHOMA	2.23
48.	UTAH	1.82
49.	LOUISIANA	1.63
50.	ALASKA	0.65
51.	MONTANA	0.62

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 25.

D-11. PERSONAL INCOME PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, 1985

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$148,911
2.	CONNECTICUT	128,432
3.	NEW JERSEY	124,776
4.	MASSACHUSETTS	123,564
5.	NEW YORK	121,634
6.	MARYLAND	112,865
7.	FLORIDA	111,632
8.	RHODE ISLAND	109,781
9.	ILLINOIS	106,224
10.	DELAWARE	105,376
11.	ALASKA	104,338
12.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	104,043
13.	CALIFORNIA	102,250
14.	PENNSYLVANIA	101,115
15.	HAWAII	96,681
16.	NEVADA	96,581
17.	COLORADO	94,635
18.	MISSOURI	93,276
19.	KANSAS	92,571
20.	VIRGINIA	91,996
21.	WISCONSIN	91,145
	UNITED STATES	90,690
22.	MINNESOTA	89,714
23.	WASHINGTON	88,787
24.	ARIZONA	85,389
25.	NEBRASKA	85,072
26.	OHIO	84,816
27.	OREGON	82,002
28.	MICHIGAN	79,681
29.	IOWA	78,777
30.	VERMONT	77,979
31.	TEXAS	76,531
32.	GEORGIA	75,740
33.	INDIANA	75,629
34.	NORTH DAKOTA	73,317
35.	OKLAHOMA	73,041
36.	NORTH CAROLINA	71,329
37.	MAINE	71,263
38.	WYOMING	71,197
39.	LOUISIANA	69,972
40.	KENTUCKY	69,598
41.	TENNESSEE	69,545
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	67,673
43.	MONTANA	64,771
44.	NEW MEXICO	63,866
45.	SOUTH CAROLINA	63,350
46.	ALABAMA	62,719
47.	ARKANSAS	61,048
48.	WEST VIRGINIA	58,704
49.	IDAHO	55,893
50.	MISSISSIPPI	55,107
51.	UTAH	47,082

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24, and NEA Research, *Estimates* data file.

D-12. PERSONAL INCOME FROM GOVERNMENT (FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL) ENTERPRISES AS PERCENT OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	DIST. OF COL.	77.24
2.	ALASKA	27.59
3.	HAWAII	23.86
4.	NEW MEXICO	19.61
5.	VIRGINIA	18.37
6.	WYOMING	16.65
7.	UTAH	16.62
8.	SOUTH CAROLINA	15.93
9.	MARYLAND	15.00
10.	ALABAMA	14.93
11.	MONTANA	14.65
12.	NORTH DAKOTA	14.14
13.	MISSISSIPPI	14.12
14.	WASHINGTON	14.04
15.	OKLAHOMA	13.43
16.	GEORGIA	13.19
17.	NORTH CAROLINA	13.09
18.	COLORADO	12.98
19.	MAINE	12.87
20.	SOUTH DAKOTA	12.79
21.	NEBRASKA	12.61
22.	ARIZONA	12.51
23.	LOUISIANA	12.37
24.	IDAHO	12.20
25.	OREGON	11.95
26.	KENTUCKY	11.91
27.	NEVADA	11.85
28.	KANSAS	11.80
29.	TENNESSEE	11.70
	UNITED STATES	11.63
30.	WEST VIRGINIA	11.55
31.	TEXAS	11.54
32.	CALIFORNIA	11.49
33.	ARKANSAS	11.07
34.	DELAWARE	10.98
35.	NEW YORK	10.86
36.	RHODE ISLAND	10.81
37.	MINNESOTA	10.47
38.	MISSOURI	10.26
39.	VERMONT	10.20
40.	WISCONSIN	10.15
41.	IOWA	10.13
42.	FLORIDA	10.04
43.	MICHIGAN	9.63
44.	OHIO	9.35
45.	ILLINOIS	9.34
46.	NEW JERSEY	9.32
47.	PENNSYLVANIA	9.29
48.	INDIANA	9.22
49.	MASSACHUSETTS	9.02
50.	CONNECTICUT	8.15
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	7.72

Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, pp. 26-35.

D-13. FARM INCOME (GROSS), 1985 (IN MILLIONS)

1.	CALIFORNIA	$15,432
2.	TEXAS	12,093
3.	IOWA	10,557
4.	ILLINOIS	8,886
5.	NEBRASKA	8,594
6.	MINNESOTA	7,308
7.	KANSAS	7,027
8.	WISCONSIN	5,741
9.	INDIANA	5,083
10.	FLORIDA	5,042
11.	MISSOURI	4,700
12.	NORTH CAROLINA	4,518
13.	OHIO	4,503
14.	ARKANSAS	3,929
15.	GEORGIA	3,810
16.	COLORADO	3,785
17.	PENNSYLVANIA	3,663
18.	MICHIGAN	3,593
19.	WASHINGTON	3,357
20.	OKLAHOMA	3,326
21.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,322
22.	KENTUCKY	3,294
23.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,252
24.	NEW YORK	2,946
25.	TENNESSEE	2,656
26.	MISSISSIPPI	2,555
27.	IDAHO	2,494
28.	ALABAMA	2,491
29.	OREGON	2,200
30.	VIRGINIA	2,047
31.	ARIZONA	1,840
32.	LOUISIANA	1,818
33.	MARYLAND	1,335
34.	MONTANA	1,245
35.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,228
36.	NEW MEXICO	1,226
37.	NEW JERSEY	760
38.	UTAH	680
39.	WYOMING	647
40.	HAWAII	577
41.	DELAWARE	532
42.	MAINE	475
43.	VERMONT	454
44.	MASSACHUSETTS	429
45.	CONNECTICUT	376
46.	WEST VIRGINIA	296
47.	NEVADA	250
48.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	148
49.	RHODE ISLAND	72
50.	ALASKA	32
	DIST. OF COL.	NA
	UNITED STATES	166,566

Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*, p. 632.

D-14. AVERAGE EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME PER HOUSEHOLD, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$42,320
2.	CONNECTICUT	41,998
3.	NEW JERSEY	39,251
4.	HAWAII	37,952
5.	DIST. OF COL.	37,702
6.	MASSACHUSETTS	36,405
7.	MARYLAND	35,816
8.	CALIFORNIA	35,664
9.	VIRGINIA	34,426
10.	NEW YORK	34,296
11.	ILLINOIS	34,266
12.	DELAWARE	34,191
13.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	34,101
14.	RHODE ISLAND	33,110
15.	KANSAS	32,996
16.	NORTH DAKOTA	32,796
17.	MINNESOTA	32,361
18.	TEXAS	32,303
19.	MICHIGAN	32,286
20.	COLORADO	31,758
	UNITED STATES	31,674
21.	WYOMING	31,650
22.	WASHINGTON	30,707
23.	OHIO	30,435
24.	NEBRASKA	30,430
25.	WISCONSIN	30,286
26.	MISSOURI	30,278
27.	PENNSYLVANIA	29,975
28.	NEVADA	29,783
29.	INDIANA	29,681
30.	GEORGIA	29,661
31.	FLORIDA	29,088
32.	IOWA	28,511
33.	UTAH	28,417
34.	ARIZONA	28,065
35.	SOUTH DAKOTA	28,028
36.	OKLAHOMA	27,932
37.	LOUISIANA	27,775
38.	IDAHO	27,594
39.	OREGON	27,323
40.	MAINE	27,314
	NORTH CAROLINA	27,314
42.	VERMONT	27,235
43.	TENNESSEE	26,550
44.	KENTUCKY	26,486
45.	NEW MEXICO	26,403
46.	SOUTH CAROLINA	25,906
47.	MONTANA	25,134
48.	ALABAMA	24,968
49.	ARKANSAS	24,801
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	23,94
51.	MISSISSIPPI	23,116

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D-15. TOTAL DOLLAR VALUE OF RETAIL SALES PER HOUSEHOLD, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$23,507
2.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	20,736
3.	HAWAII	20,009
4.	MASSACHUSETTS	19,436
5.	WYOMING	19,074
6.	DELAWARE	19,042
7.	CONNECTICUT	18,970
8.	NEVADA	18,791
9.	VERMONT	18,259
10.	MARYLAND	18,125
11.	MINNESOTA	17,580
12.	NEW JERSEY	17,560
13.	CALIFORNIA	17,237
14.	NORTH DAKOTA	17,159
15.	TEXAS	17,152
16.	COLORADO	16,792
17.	VIRGINIA	16,643
18.	MAINE	16,626
19.	MISSOURI	16,535
20.	FLORIDA	16,174
21.	GEORGIA	16,073
22.	RHODE ISLAND	15,982
23.	INDIANA	15,889
	UNITED STATES	15,782
24.	MICHIGAN	15,688
25.	NEW MEXICO	15,492
26.	OKLAHOMA	15,313
27.	KANSAS	15,161
28.	OHIO	15,124
29.	TENNESSEE	15,100
30.	LOUISIANA	14,984
31.	NORTH CAROLINA	14,973
32.	ILLINOIS	14,830
33.	ARIZONA	14,821
34.	NEBRASKA	14,779
35.	UTAH	14,741
36.	SOUTH DAKOTA	14,672
37.	MONTANA	14,636
38.	OREGON	14,623
39.	WASHINGTON	14,433
40.	NEW YORK	14,349
41.	PENNSYLVANIA	14,311
42.	SOUTH CAROLINA	14,162
43.	WISCONSIN	14,040
44.	IDAHO	13,830
45.	IOWA	13,609
46.	KENTUCKY	13,366
47.	DIST. OF COL.	13,004
48.	WEST VIRGINIA	12,750
49.	MISSISSIPPI	12,690
50.	ARKANSAS	12,660
51.	ALABAMA	12,166

Sales and Marketing Management. © 1986. *S&MM Survey of Buying Power*, p. B-7.

NOTES TO D SERIES TABLES

NEA Research estimates for selected variables within the D Series are identified below by state and by table number. NEA estimates appear in those cases where state education departments did not respond to requests by NEA Research for estimates of school statistics.

Alaska	D-11
Arizona	D-11
California	D-11
Georgia	D-11
Louisiana	D-11
Massachusetts	D-11

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

Revenue of state and local governments, principally revenue generated through taxation, is the subject of tables in the E Series. These tables contain comparative information about the amounts and significance of selected tax sources by state, providing insight into the financial resources of government that are available for financing public education.

General revenue, own-source revenue, and tax collections are presented for state and local governments. Revenue data are expressed on a per resident basis, or as proportions of state personal income. The latter expression, found in Tables E-3, E-5, E-9, E-12, E-15, and E-16, indicates that for every $1,000 of personal income in a state, a certain amount of revenue (sales tax revenue, e.g.) is generated. This is referred to as the "tax effort" of government units, and also can be computed for expenditure categories, as shown in Series G and H.

Tables E-13 through E-16 feature state revenue from general sales and from individual income taxes, expressed on a per capita basis and per $1,000 of state personal income. Please note that low amounts appear for several states, indicating that those taxes are restricted in some fashion, such as the income tax on individuals in New Hampshire. Please consult references on state tax characteristics for clarifying information.

E-1. PER CAPITA TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE OF ALL STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$12,910.16
2.	WYOMING	5,273.99
3.	DIST. OF COL.	5,172.11
4.	NEW YORK	3,630.91
5.	MINNESOTA	3,105.94
6.	DELAWARE	3,066.70
7.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,845.71
8.	NEW MEXICO	2,843.34
9.	CALIFORNIA	2,789.37
10.	MONTANA	2,762.59
11.	NEW JERSEY	2,737.38
12.	CONNECTICUT	2,709.26
13.	MICHIGAN	2,694.86
14.	HAWAII	2,673.34
15.	OREGON	2,666.60
16.	MASSACHUSETTS	2,662.61
17.	RHODE ISLAND	2,653.79
18.	WISCONSIN	2,610.05
19.	NEVADA	2,602.45
20.	UTAH	2,577.65
21.	MARYLAND	2,574.75
22.	WASHINGTON	2,544.65
23.	COLORADO	2,538.05
24.	VERMONT	2,524.81
	UNITED STATES	2,503.64
25.	LOUISIANA	2,428.38
26.	KANSAS	2,396.70
27.	ILLINOIS	2,375.28
28.	NEBRASKA	2,316.77
29.	ARIZONA	2,297.96
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	2,291.67
31.	IOWA	2,289.54
32.	MAINE	2,274.59
33.	OHIO	2,255.12
34.	GEORGIA	2,251.42
35.	OKLAHOMA	2,244.42
36.	TEXAS	2,173.45
37.	SOUTH DAKOTA	2,167.87
38.	VIRGINIA	2,120.79
39.	FLORIDA	2,109.41
40.	WEST VIRGINIA	2,069.02
41.	INDIANA	2,046.87
42.	ALABAMA	2,028.53
43.	KENTUCKY	1,957.77
44.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,951.31
45.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,924.53
46.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,919.74
47.	MISSOURI	1,907.54
48.	IDAHO	1,905.84
49.	MISSISSIPPI	1,886.33
50.	TENNESSEE	1,847.86
51.	ARKANSAS	1,788.52

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 98.

E-2. PER CAPITA GENERAL REVENUE OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM OWN SOURCES, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$11,901.66
2.	WYOMING	4,349.85
3.	DIST. OF COL.	3,018.12
4.	NEW YORK	2,986.63
5.	MINNESOTA	2,607.92
6.	DELAWARE	2,596.41
7.	NEW MEXICO	2,369.73
8.	NEW JERSEY	2,325.78
9.	CONNECTICUT	2,314.69
10.	CALIFORNIA	2,276.34
11.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,247.93
12.	NEVADA	2,240.54
13.	MICHIGAN	2,225.03
14.	HAWAII	2,199.25
15.	COLORADO	2,167.31
16.	MASSACHUSETTS	2,154.77
17.	MARYLAND	2,154.05
18.	WISCONSIN	2,143.17
19.	OREGON	2,142.80
20.	MONTANA	2,128.59
21.	RHODE ISLAND	2,106.49
	UNITED STATES	2,058.83
22.	UTAH	2,051.67
23.	KANSAS	2,041.90
24.	WASHINGTON	2,035.26
25.	LOUISIANA	2,009.47
26.	ARIZONA	2,003.19
27.	ILLINOIS	1,944.44
28.	NEBRASKA	1,919.68
29.	VERMONT	1,903.21
30.	OKLAHOMA	1,895.60
31.	IOWA	1,892.72
32.	TEXAS	1,874.78
33.	OHIO	1,863.90
34.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,861.76
35.	GEORGIA	1,796.98
36.	VIRGINIA	1,786.14
37.	FLORIDA	1,771.52
38.	MAINE	1,715.28
39.	INDIANA	1,693.95
40.	SOUTH DAKOTA	1,638.77
41.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,629.37
42.	ALABAMA	1,588.75
43.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,578.44
44.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,544.07
45.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,539.16
46.	MISSOURI	1,538.38
47.	KENTUCKY	1,516.90
48.	IDAHO	1,489.42
49.	TENNESSEE	1,442.04
50.	MISSISSIPPI	1,433.70
51.	ARKANSAS	1,388.44

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 98.

E-3. GENERAL REVENUE OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM OWN SOURCES, 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$654.37
2.	WYOMING	328.79
3.	NEW MEXICO	217.09
4.	UTAH	195.55
5.	MONTANA	193.91
6.	NORTH DAKOTA	186.53
7.	NEW YORK	186.08
8.	MINNESOTA	185.13
9.	DELAWARE	181.95
10.	LOUISIANA	178.26
11.	OREGON	169.74
12.	DIST. OF COL.	166.21
13.	MICHIGAN	163.50
14.	WISCONSIN	162.92
15.	WEST VIRGINIA	159.83
16.	HAWAII	159.23
17.	VERMONT	157.08
18.	ARIZONA	156.57
19.	MISSISSIPPI	156.07
20.	OKLAHOMA	154.96
21.	NEVADA	154.65
22.	RHODE ISLAND	151.44
23.	IOWA	150.31
24.	ALABAMA	148.87
	UNITED STATES	148.47
25.	KANSAS	148.20
26.	SOUTH DAKOTA	146.81
27.	WASHINGTON	146.66
28.	COLORADO	146.32
29.	SOUTH CAROLINA	145.85
30.	NEBRASKA	144.59
31.	MAINE	144.32
32.	GEORGIA	143.26
33.	CALIFORNIA	141.69
34.	OHIO	140.92
35.	KENTUCKY	140.15
36.	TEXAS	139.05
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	138.55
38.	INDIANA	136.10
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	135.86
40.	MARYLAND	135.77
41.	NEW JERSEY	135.13
42.	IDAHO	133.97
43.	ARKANSAS	132.57
44.	ILLINOIS	131.94
45.	MASSACHUSETTS	131.55
46.	FLORIDA	128.92
47.	TENNESSEE	128.26
48.	CONNECTICUT	127.98
49.	VIRGINIA	122.82
50.	MISSOURI	116.15
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	102.88

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 20; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

E-4. PER CAPITA TOTAL TAX COLLECTIONS OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$4,584.94
2.	WYOMING	2,579.68
3.	DIST. OF COL.	2,515.09
4.	NEW YORK	2,333.66
5.	CONNECTICUT	1,816.19
6.	MINNESOTA	1,766.57
7.	NEW JERSEY	1,748.59
8.	MASSACHUSETTS	1,715.39
9.	HAWAII	1,651.81
10.	CALIFORNIA	1,644.80
11.	MARYLAND	1,628.56
12.	WISCONSIN	1,610.98
13.	MICHIGAN	1,608.63
14.	DELAWARE	1,557.62
15.	RHODE ISLAND	1,478.65
16.	ILLINOIS	1,474.37
	UNITED STATES	1,465.16
17.	COLORADO	1,448.41
18.	NEVADA	1,443.49
19.	WASHINGTON	1,435.30
20.	OREGON	1,420.26
21.	VERMONT	1,391.97
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,384.82
23.	MONTANA	1,382.62
24.	ARIZONA	1,376.25
25.	NORTH DAKOTA	1,357.08
26.	KANSAS	1,356.68
27.	IOWA	1,330.99
28.	OHIO	1,330.58
29.	MAINE	1,327.60
30.	VIRGINIA	1,307.47
31.	LOUISIANA	1,298.33
32.	OKLAHOMA	1,289.14
33.	TEXAS	1,267.04
34.	UTAH	1,258.34
35.	NEBRASKA	1,251.29
36.	NEW MEXICO	1,248.56
37.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,202.52
38.	GEORGIA	1,181.49
39.	FLORIDA	1,181.45
40.	INDIANA	1,180.84
41.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,144.42
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,126.28
43.	MISSOURI	1,090.59
44.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,075.97
45.	SOUTH DAKOTA	1,042.74
46.	KENTUCKY	1,033.37
47.	IDAHO	1,022.09
48.	TENNESSEE	995.73
49.	ALABAMA	989.95
50.	ARKANSAS	967.49
51.	MISSISSIPPI	917.91

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 98.

E-5. STATE AND LOCAL TAX COLLECTIONS IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	ALASKA	$252.09
2.	WYOMING	195.00
3.	NEW YORK	145.40
4.	DIST. OF COL.	138.51
5.	MONTANA	125.95
6.	MINNESOTA	125.40
7.	WISCONSIN	122.46
8.	UTAH	119.94
9.	HAWAII	119.59
10.	MICHIGAN	118.21
11.	WEST VIRGINIA	117.96
12.	LOUISIANA	115.17
13.	VERMONT	114.89
14.	NEW MEXICO	114.38
15.	NORTH DAKOTA	112.61
16.	OREGON	112.51
17.	MAINE	111.69
18.	DELAWARE	109.15
19.	ARIZONA	107.57
20.	RHODE ISLAND	106.30
21.	IOWA	105.70
	UNITED STATES	105.66
22.	OKLAHOMA	105.38
23.	MASSACHUSETTS	104.73
24.	WASHINGTON	103.43
25.	PENNSYLVANIA	103.06
26.	MARYLAND	102.65
27.	CALIFORNIA	102.38
28.	SOUTH CAROLINA	101.63
29.	NEW JERSEY	101.59
30.	OHIO	100.60
31.	CONNECTICUT	100.41
32.	ILLINOIS	100.04
33.	MISSISSIPPI	99.92
34.	NEVADA	99.64
35.	NORTH CAROLINA	98.51
36.	KANSAS	98.47
37.	COLORADO	97.78
38.	KENTUCKY	95.48
39.	INDIANA	94.87
40.	NEBRASKA	94.25
41.	GEORGIA	94.19
42.	TEXAS	93.97
43.	SOUTH DAKOTA	93.42
44.	ALABAMA	92.76
45.	ARKANSAS	92.37
46.	IDAHO	91.94
47.	VIRGINIA	89.91
48.	TENNESSEE	88.56
49.	FLORIDA	85.98
50.	MISSOURI	82.35
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	75.28

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 46-97; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

E-6. PER CAPITA PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1984-85

1.	WYOMING	$1,101.39
2.	ALASKA	1,071.55
3.	DIST. OF COL.	726.99
4.	NEW JERSEY	717.12
5.	CONNECTICUT	703.05
6.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	692.78
7.	NEW YORK	608.16
8.	MONTANA	631.28
9.	MICHIGAN	618.94
10.	OREGON	617.40
11.	RHODE ISLAND	588.06
12.	WISCONSIN	568.55
13.	MASSACHUSETTS	567.68
14.	NEBRASKA	541.28
15.	VERMONT	531.54
16.	ILLINOIS	525.69
17.	IOWA	520.29
18.	KANSAS	500.85
19.	COLORADO	497.24
20.	MINNESOTA	496.89
21.	MAINE	471.24
22.	TEXAS	465.87
23.	SOUTH DAKOTA	455.14
	UNITED STATES	434.60
24.	CALIFORNIA	420.37
25.	WASHINGTON	411.21
26.	MARYLAND	406.64
27.	FLORIDA	377.90
28.	INDIANA	377.63
29.	OHIO	373.86
30.	ARIZONA	367.06
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	366.98
32.	VIRGINIA	365.72
33.	UTAH	345.69
34.	NORTH DAKOTA	337.27
35.	NEVADA	315.51
36.	GEORGIA	294.72
37.	HAWAII	292.73
38.	IDAHO	280.48
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	246.62
40.	SOUTH CAROLINA	239.37
41.	MISSOURI	238.71
42.	OKLAHOMA	225.65
43.	TENNESSEE	217.89
44.	MISSISSIPPI	210.39
45.	DELAWARE	203.72
46.	WEST VIRGINIA	198.85
47.	KENTUCKY	182.20
48.	LOUISIANA	176.45
49.	ARKANSAS	173.48
50.	NEW MEXICO	149.82
51.	ALABAMA	115.66

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 98.

E-7. PER CAPITA PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1984-85

1.	WYOMING	$901.77
2.	ALASKA	840.12
3.	DIST. OF COL.	727.00
4.	NEW JERSEY	712.14
5.	CONNECTICUT	703.06
6.	NEW YORK	688.16
7.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	682.46
8.	OREGON	617.34
9.	MICHIGAN	601.33
10.	RHODE ISLAND	581.30
11.	MONTANA	580.51
12.	MASSACHUSETTS	566.71
13.	WISCONSIN	541.36
14.	NEBRASKA	538.73
15.	VERMONT	530.65
16.	IOWA	520.28
17.	ILLINOIS	508.68
18.	MINNESOTA	495.92
19.	COLORADO	494.65
20.	KANSAS	490.12
21.	TEXAS	465.86
22.	MAINE	460.40
23.	SOUTH DAKOTA	456.37
	UNITED STATES	417.91
24.	MARYLAND	382.63
25.	OHIO	372.45
26.	INDIANA	370.52
27.	CALIFORNIA	369.91
28.	FLORIDA	363.63
29.	VIRGINIA	361.58
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	355.43
31.	UTAH	345.47
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	334.60
33.	ARIZONA	331.60
34.	HAWAII	292.69
35.	GEORGIA	292.39
36.	NEVADA	281.09
37.	IDAHO	280.20
38.	WASHINGTON	246.29
39.	MISSOURI	237.48
40.	SOUTH CAROLINA	237.26
41.	NORTH CAROLINA	233.91
42.	OKLAHOMA	225.66
43.	TENNESSEE	217.89
44.	MISSISSIPPI	210.14
45.	DELAWARE	203.70
46.	WEST VIRGINIA	198.14
47.	LOUISIANA	175.76
48.	ARKANSAS	171.77
49.	NEW MEXICO	145.45
50.	KENTUCKY	119.22
51.	ALABAMA	100.37

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*. pp. 46-97; and *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*. p. 22.

E-8. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, AS PERCENT OF TOTAL TAX REVENUE, 1984-85

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	61.51
2.	MONTANA	45.66
3.	SOUTH DAKOTA	43.64
4.	OREGON	43.47
5.	NEBRASKA	43.26
6.	WYOMING	42.69
7.	NEW JERSEY	41.01
8.	RHODE ISLAND	39.77
9.	IOWA	39.09
10.	CONNECTICUT	38.71
11.	MICHIGAN	38.48
12.	VERMONT	38.19
13.	KANSAS	36.92
14.	TEXAS	36.77
15.	ILLINOIS	35.66
16.	MAINE	35.49
17.	WISCONSIN	35.29
18.	COLORADO	34.33
19.	MASSACHUSETTS	33.09
20.	FLORIDA	31.99
21.	INDIANA	31.98
	UNITED STATES	29.66
22.	NEW YORK	29.49
23.	DIST. OF COL.	28.91
24.	WASHINGTON	28.65
25.	MINNESOTA	28.13
26.	OHIO	28.10
27.	VIRGINIA	27.97
28.	UTAH	27.47
29.	IDAHO	27.44
30.	ARIZONA	26.67
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	26.50
32.	CALIFORNIA	25.56
33.	MARYLAND	24.97
34.	GEORGIA	24.94
35.	NORTH DAKOTA	24.85
36.	ALASKA	23.37
37.	MISSISSIPPI	22.92
38.	SOUTH CAROLINA	22.25
39.	MISSOURI	21.89
40.	TENNESSEE	21.88
41.	NEVADA	21.86
42.	NORTH CAROLINA	21.55
43.	ARKANSAS	17.93
44.	HAWAII	17.72
45.	KENTUCKY	17.63
46.	OKLAHOMA	17.50
47.	WEST VIRGINIA	16.54
48.	LOUISIANA	13.59
49.	DELAWARE	13.08
50.	NEW MEXICO	12.00
51.	ALABAMA	11.68

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*. pp. 46-97.

E-9. STATE AND LOCAL PROPERTY TAX REVENUE IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME, 1985

1.	WYOMING	$83.25
2.	ALASKA	58.92
3.	MONTANA	57.51
4.	OREGON	48.91
5.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	46.31
6.	MICHIGAN	45.48
7.	VERMONT	43.88
8.	WISCONSIN	43.22
9.	NEW YORK	42.88
10.	RHODE ISLAND	42.27
11.	NEW JERSEY	41.67
12.	IOWA	41.32
13.	SOUTH DAKOTA	40.77
	NEBRASKA	40.77
15.	DIST. OF COL.	40.04
16.	MAINE	39.65
17.	CONNECTICUT	38.87
18.	KANSAS	36.35
19.	ILLINOIS	35.67
20.	MINNESOTA	35.27
21.	MASSACHUSETTS	34.66
22.	TEXAS	34.55
23.	COLORADO	33.57
24.	UTAH	32.95
	UNITED STATES	31.34
25.	INDIANA	30.34
26.	WASHINGTON	29.63
27.	ARIZONA	28.69
28.	OHIO	28.27
29.	NORTH DAKOTA	27.98
30.	FLORIDA	27.50
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	27.31
32.	CALIFORNIA	26.17
33.	MARYLAND	25.63
34.	IDAHO	25.23
35.	VIRGINIA	25.15
36.	GEORGIA	23.50
37.	MISSISSIPPI	22.90
38.	SOUTH CAROLINA	22.61
39.	NEVADA	21.78
40.	NORTH CAROLINA	21.23
41.	HAWAII	21.19
42.	WEST VIRGINIA	19.51
43.	TENNESSEE	19.38
44.	OKLAHOMA	18.45
45.	MISSOURI	18.02
46.	KENTUCKY	16.83
47.	ARKANSAS	16.56
48.	LOUISIANA	15.65
49.	DELAWARE	14.27
50.	NEW MEXICO	13.72
51.	ALABAMA	10.84

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*. pp. 46-97; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 24.

E-10. PER CAPITA STATE TAX REVENUE, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$3,619.60
2.	WYOMING	1,584.31
3.	DELAWARE	1,312.42
4.	HAWAII	1,292.78
5.	MINNESOTA	1,246.84
6.	NEW YORK	1,164.15
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	1,137.17
8.	CONNECTICUT	1,102.07
9.	CALIFORNIA	1,098.14
10.	WISCONSIN	1,061.02
11.	WASHINGTON	1,040.04
12.	NEW JERSEY	1,020.73
13.	NORTH DAKOTA	1,010.53
14.	NEVADA	1,004.94
15.	NEW MEXICO	992.63
16.	MARYLAND	984.01
17.	WEST VIRGINIA	958.46
18.	MICHIGAN	955.56
19.	ARIZONA	924.20
	UNITED STATES	904.27
20.	OKLAHOMA	903.39
21.	RHODE ISLAND	890.57
22.	MAINE	863.59
23.	LOUISIANA	860.47
24.	PENNSYLVANIA	857.37
25.	VERMONT	857.30
26.	NORTH CAROLINA	831.02
27.	SOUTH CAROLINA	816.36
28.	KENTUCKY	808.56
29.	OHIO	805.26
30.	UTAH	804.68
31.	IOWA	800.07
32.	ILLINOIS	799.98
33.	INDIANA	788.52
34.	VIRGINIA	783.28
35.	KANSAS	781.71
36.	MONTANA	775.73
37.	GEORGIA	757.20
38.	ARKANSAS	739.70
39.	OREGON	737.98
40.	FLORIDA	732.79
41.	IDAHO	729.93
42.	ALABAMA	727.19
43.	COLORADO	707.03
44.	TEXAS	705.00
45.	MISSISSIPPI	693.30
46.	MISSOURI	666.63
47.	NEBRASKA	647.61
48.	TENNESSEE	629.65
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	502.05
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	434.74
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*. pp. 46.

E-11. PER CAPITA LOCAL TAX REVENUE, 1984-85

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$2,515.02
2.	NEW YORK	1,169.52
3.	WYOMING	995.28
4.	ALASKA	965.26
5.	COLORADO	741.38
6.	NEW JERSEY	727.86
7.	CONNECTICUT	714.11
8.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	691.58
9.	OREGON	682.29
10.	ILLINOIS	674.39
11.	MICHIGAN	654.51
12.	MARYLAND	644.56
13.	MONTANA	606.90
14.	NEBRASKA	603.67
15.	RHODE ISLAND	588.12
16.	MASSACHUSETTS	578.22
17.	KANSAS	574.98
	UNITED STATES	563.26
18.	TEXAS	562.04
19.	WISCONSIN	549.95
20.	CALIFORNIA	546.66
21.	SOUTH DAKOTA	542.21
22.	VERMONT	534.58
23.	IOWA	530.93
24.	PENNSYLVANIA	527.45
25.	OHIO	525.33
26.	VIRGINIA	524.19
27.	MINNESOTA	519.72
28.	MAINE	464.00
29.	UTAH	453.68
30.	ARIZONA	452.06
31.	FLORIDA	448.65
32.	NEVADA	438.57
33.	LOUISIANA	437.85
34.	GEORGIA	424.28
35.	MISSOURI	423.96
36.	WASHINGTON	395.26
37.	INDIANA	392.33
38.	OKLAHOMA	385.76
39.	TENNESSEE	366.09
40.	HAWAII	359.01
41.	NORTH DAKOTA	346.57
42.	NORTH CAROLINA	313.40
43.	IDAHO	292.14
44.	ALABAMA	262.75
45.	SOUTH CAROLINA	259.61
46.	NEW MEXICO	255.93
47.	DELAWARE	245.18
48.	WEST VIRGINIA	244.06
49.	ARKANSAS	227.81
50.	KENTUCKY	224.80
51.	MISSISSIPPI	224.61

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*. p. 46; and *Statistical Abstract of the United States, 1987*. p. 22.

E-12. STATE TAX REVENUE IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	ALASKA	$198.92
2.	WYOMING	119.75
3.	WEST VIRGINIA	94.02
4.	HAWAII	93.60
5.	DELAWARE	91.97
6.	NEW MEXICO	90.93
7.	MINNESOTA	88.51
8.	NORTH DAKOTA	83.85
9.	WISCONSIN	80.66
10.	SOUTH CAROLINA	77.11
11.	UTAH	76.70
12.	LOUISIANA	76.33
13.	MISSISSIPPI	75.47
14.	WASHINGTON	74.95
15.	KENTUCKY	74.70
16.	OKLAHOMA	73.85
17.	MAINE	72.66
18.	NEW YORK	72.53
19.	ARIZONA	72.24
20.	NORTH CAROLINA	71.53
21.	VERMONT	70.77
22.	MONTANA	70.67
23.	ARKANSAS	70.63
24.	MICHIGAN	70.22
25.	MASSACHUSETTS	69.43
26.	NEVADA	69.37
27.	CALIFORNIA	68.35
28.	ALABAMA	68.14
29.	IDAHO	65.66
	UNITED STATES	65.04
30.	RHODE ISLAND	64.03
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	63.80
32.	IOWA	63.54
33.	INDIANA	63.35
34.	MARYLAND	62.02
35.	CONNECTICUT	60.93
36.	OHIO	60.88
37.	GEORGIA	60.37
38.	NEW JERSEY	59.31
39.	OREGON	58.46
40.	KANSAS	56.74
41.	TENNESSEE	56.00
42.	ILLINOIS	54.28
43.	VIRGINIA	53.86
44.	FLORIDA	53.33
45.	TEXAS	52.29
46.	MISSOURI	50.33
47.	NEBRASKA	48.78
48.	COLORADO	47.73
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	44.98
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	29.06
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*. pp. 46-97; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*. August 1986. p. 22.

E-13. PER CAPITA STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX REVENUE, 1984-85

1.	DELAWARE	$587.76
2.	NEW YORK	584.56
3.	MASSACHUSETTS	542.59
4.	MINNESOTA	532.67
5.	OREGON	487.80
6.	WISCONSIN	420.76
7.	CALIFORNIA	408.20
8.	HAWAII	407.40
9.	MARYLAND	402.61
10.	VIRGINIA	341.43
11.	MICHIGAN	335.44
12.	NORTH CAROLINA	323.50
13.	RHODE ISLAND	291.06
14.	GEORGIA	287.54
15.	IOWA	285.91
16.	COLORADO	280.91
17.	VERMONT	271.31
	UNITED STATES	267.28
18.	UTAH	261.83
19.	WEST VIRGINIA	259.91
20.	OHIO	258.90
21.	IDAHO	256.95
22.	NEW JERSEY	256.15
23.	MAINE	255.35
24.	SOUTH CAROLINA	254.20
25.	KANSAS	246.31
26.	INDIANA	234.05
27.	ILLINOIS	225.48
28.	OKLAHOMA	220.27
29.	MONTANA	219.20
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	218.42
31.	MISSOURI	209.50
32.	KENTUCKY	208.42
33.	ARKANSAS	199.85
34.	NEBRASKA	198.54
35.	ARIZONA	190.97
36.	ALABAMA	176.62
37.	LOUISIANA	117.54
38.	NORTH DAKOTA	111.21
39.	MISSISSIPPI	99.29
40.	CONNECTICUT	91.88
41.	NEW MEXICO	58.61
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	24.53
43.	TENNESSEE	12.98
44.	ALASKA	2.43
	DIST. OF COL.	NA
	FLORIDA	NA
	NEVADA	NA
	SOUTH DAKOTA	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WASHINGTON	NA
	WYOMING	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, pp. 46.

E-14. PER CAPITA STATE GENERAL SALES TAX REVENUE, 1984-85

1.	HAWAII	$648.61
2.	WASHINGTON	607.98
3.	NEVADA	489.65
4.	CONNECTICUT	484.73
5.	ARIZONA	426.54
6.	NEW MEXICO	418.75
7.	FLORIDA	411.09
8.	WEST VIRGINIA	410.65
9.	INDIANA	384.24
10.	CALIFORNIA	367.26
11.	TENNESSEE	365.05
12.	MISSISSIPPI	356.74
13.	WYOMING	353.23
14.	UTAH	337.64
15.	MINNESOTA	321.54
16.	WISCONSIN	304.40
17.	MAINE	304.10
18.	SOUTH CAROLINA	302.00
19.	NEW JERSEY	298.97
20.	ARKANSAS	292.73
	UNITED STATES	292.42
21.	RHODE ISLAND	283.30
22.	MISSOURI	282.01
23.	MICHIGAN	279.72
24.	ILLINOIS	275.72
25.	NORTH DAKOTA	273.66
26.	OHIO	268.11
27.	LOUISIANA	266.06
28.	IOWA	262.75
29.	SOUTH DAKOTA	260.58
30.	TEXAS	259.31
31.	GEORGIA	256.49
32.	PENNSYLVANIA	254.73
33.	MARYLAND	250.10
34.	MASSACHUSETTS	246.99
35.	NEW YORK	237.81
36.	IDAHO	237.36
37.	COLORADO	235.99
38.	KANSAS	223.24
39.	KENTUCKY	220.20
40.	NEBRASKA	212.60
41.	ALABAMA	203.66
42.	OKLAHOMA	191.01
43.	NORTH CAROLINA	185.39
44.	VERMONT	164.39
45.	VIRGINIA	162.62
	ALASKA	NA
	DELAWARE	NA
	DIST. OF COL.	NA
	MONTANA	NA
	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NA
	OREGON	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, pp. 46.

E-15. STATE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX REVENUE IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	DELAWARE	$41.19
2.	OREGON	38.64
3.	MINNESOTA	37.81
4.	NEW YORK	36.42
5.	MASSACHUSETTS	33.13
6.	WISCONSIN	31.98
7.	HAWAII	29.50
8.	NORTH CAROLINA	27.84
9.	WEST VIRGINIA	25.50
10.	CALIFORNIA	25.41
11.	MARYLAND	25.38
12.	UTAH	24.98
13.	MICHIGAN	24.65
14.	SOUTH CAROLINA	24.01
15.	VIRGINIA	23.48
16.	IDAHO	23.11
17.	GEORGIA	22.92
18.	IOWA	22.71
19.	VERMONT	22.39
20.	MAINE	21.48
21.	RHODE ISLAND	20.92
22.	MONTANA	19.97
23.	OHIO	19.57
24.	KENTUCKY	19.26
	UNITED STATES	19.22
25.	ARKANSAS	19.08
26.	COLORADO	18.96
27.	INDIANA	18.80
28.	OKLAHOMA	18.01
29.	KANSAS	17.88
30.	ALABAMA	16.55
31.	PENNSYLVANIA	16.25
32.	MISSOURI	15.82
33.	ILLINOIS	15.30
34.	NEBRASKA	14.95
35.	ARIZONA	14.93
36.	NEW JERSEY	14.88
37.	MISSISSIPPI	10.81
38.	LOUISIANA	10.43
39.	NORTH DAKOTA	9.23
40.	NEW MEXICO	5.37
41.	CONNECTICUT	5.08
42.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1.64
43.	TENNESSEE	1.15
44.	ALASKA	0.13
	DIST. OF COL.	NA
	FLORIDA	NA
	NEVADA	NA
	SOUTH DAKOTA	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WASHINGTON	NA
	WYOMING	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 11; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

E-16. STATE GENERAL SALES TAX REVENUE IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	HAWAII	$46.96
2.	WASHINGTON	43.81
3.	WEST VIRGINIA	40.28
4.	MISSISSIPPI	38.83
5.	NEW MEXICO	38.36
6.	NEVADA	33.80
7.	ARIZONA	33.34
8.	TENNESSEE	32.47
9.	UTAH	32.18
10.	INDIANA	30.87
11.	FLORIDA	29.92
12.	SOUTH CAROLINA	28.53
13.	ARKANSAS	27.95
14.	CONNECTICUT	26.80
15.	WYOMING	26.70
16.	MAINE	25.59
17.	LOUISIANA	23.60
18.	SOUTH DAKOTA	23.35
19.	WISCONSIN	23.14
20.	CALIFORNIA	22.86
21.	MINNESOTA	22.82
22.	NORTH DAKOTA	22.71
23.	IDAHO	21.35
24.	MISSOURI	21.29
	UNITED STATES	21.03
25.	IOWA	20.87
26.	MICHIGAN	20.55
27.	GEORGIA	20.45
28.	RHODE ISLAND	20.37
29.	KENTUCKY	20.35
30.	OHIO	20.27
31.	TEXAS	19.23
32.	ALABAMA	19.08
33.	PENNSYLVANIA	18.96
34.	ILLINOIS	18.71
35.	NEW JERSEY	17.37
36.	KANSAS	16.20
37.	NEBRASKA	16.01
38.	NORTH CAROLINA	15.96
39.	COLORADO	15.93
40.	MARYLAND	15.76
41.	OKLAHOMA	15.61
42.	MASSACHUSETTS	15.08
43.	NEW YORK	14.82
44.	VERMONT	13.57
45.	VIRGINIA	11.18
	ALASKA	NA
	DELAWARE	NA
	DIST. OF COL.	NA
	MONTANA	NA
	NEW HAMPSHIRE	NA
	OREGON	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 10; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

SCHOOL REVENUE

F Series Tables compare states on their sources of public school revenue. Funds received by public school districts from federal, state, and from local sources are listed for each state, and are expressed in relation to the number of pupils in each state, to the state's personal income, and according to the percentage distribution across the three government sources.

The tables that follow examine the states' relative positions with regard to school revenues per $1,000 of state personal income (F-3, F-4). These measures, as with the examples in the E Series, make it easier to compare the effort of government units to provide financial support for public school programs through measurement of that support with the common denominator of personal income.

Please note that the school revenue data contained in F Series tables update those featured in *Estimates of School Statistics, 1986-87*, published in April. State education departments have the option of revising their estimated data for inclusion in *Rankings*.

Also, estimated data developed by NEA Research are used in F Series Tables when state education agencies do not provide them. Please note these exceptions in the footnotes following the F Series.

F-1. PUBLIC SCHOOL REVENUE PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	$8,871
2.	WYOMING	6,843
3.	NEW YORK	6,350
4.	NEW JERSEY	6,124
5.	CONNECTICUT	5,337
6.	DIST. OF COL.	5,282
7.	DELAWARE	5,030
8.	PENNSYLVANIA	4,951
9.	MASSACHUSETTS	4,882
10.	MARYLAND	4,767
11.	MONTANA	4,725
12.	WISCONSIN	4,643
13.	OREGON	4,570
14.	KANSAS	4,540
15.	RHODE ISLAND	4,476
16.	COLORADO	4,464
17.	ILLINOIS	4,398
18.	MINNESOTA	4,383
19.	HAWAII	4,291
20.	FLORIDA	4,245
21.	VERMONT	4,238
	UNITED STATES	4,180
22.	WASHINGTON	4,165
23.	MICHIGAN	4,135
24.	CALIFORNIA	4,067
25.	VIRGINIA	4,013
26.	TEXAS	3,986
27.	NEVADA	3,956
28.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,939
29.	NEW MEXICO	3,870
30.	OHIO	3,814
31.	IOWA	3,798
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,764
33.	WEST VIRGINIA	3,722
34.	INDIANA	3,683
35.	ARIZONA	3,607
36.	MISSOURI	3,602
37.	MAINE	3,567
38.	NEBRASKA	3,452
39.	LOUISIANA	3,448
40.	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,412
41.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,389
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,293
43.	GEORGIA	3,131
44.	KENTUCKY	3,044
45.	OKLAHOMA	3,018
46.	ARKANSAS	2,962
47.	UTAH	2,937
48.	TENNESSEE	2,845
49.	ALABAMA	2,806
50.	MISSISSIPPI	2,738
51.	IDAHO	2,686

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-2. PUBLIC SCHOOL REVENUE PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	$9,470
2.	WYOMING	7,565
3.	NEW YORK	6,680
4.	NEW JERSEY	6,642
5.	CONNECTICUT	5,894
6.	DIST. OF COL.	5,382
7.	PENNSYLVANIA	5,328
8.	DELAWARE	5,210
9.	MARYLAND	5,120
10.	MASSACHUSETTS	5,044
11.	WISCONSIN	4,906
12.	MONTANA	4,877
13.	ILLINOIS	4,708
14.	OREGON	4,706
15.	COLORADO	4,682
16.	RHODE ISLAND	4,664
17.	HAWAII	4,662
18.	MINNESOTA	4,638
19.	VERMONT	4,568
20.	KANSAS	4,555
21.	FLORIDA	4,496
22.	WASHINGTON	4,413
	UNITED STATES	4,386
23.	CALIFORNIA	4,350
24.	VIRGINIA	4,275
25.	MICHIGAN	4,272
26.	WEST VIRGINIA	4,157
27.	TEXAS	4,156
28.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	4,067
29.	OHIO	4,011
30.	IOWA	3,938
31.	NEW MEXICO	3,854
32.	MISSOURI	3,846
33.	MAINE	3,836
34.	INDIANA	3,761
35.	NEVADA	3,741
36.	NEBRASKA	3,619
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,587
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,523
39.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,517
40.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,509
41.	KENTUCKY	3,378
42.	GEORGIA	3,371
43.	LOUISIANA	3,290
44.	OKLAHOMA	3,106
45.	ARKANSAS	3,078
46.	TENNESSEE	3,011
47.	UTAH	2,981
48.	ARIZONA	2,970
49.	IDAHO	2,801
50.	MISSISSIPPI	2,692
51.	ALABAMA	2,642

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-3. PUBLIC SCHOOL REVENUE IN 1984-85 PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	WYOMING	$92.55
2.	ALASKA	82.28
3.	MONTANA	67.89
4.	UTAH	60.65
5.	NEW MEXICO	59.14
6.	WEST VIRGINIA	56.47
7.	VERMONT	52.20
8.	OREGON	51.02
9.	SOUTH CAROLINA	50.70
10.	TEXAS	49.84
11.	INDIANA	47.75
12.	WISCONSIN	47.64
13.	MICHIGAN	47.44
14.	NORTH DAKOTA	47.34
15.	LOUISIANA	47.29
16.	NEW YORK	46.58
17.	IDAHO	46.57
18.	SOUTH DAKOTA	46.42
19.	MAINE	46.06
20.	KANSAS	45.97
21.	PENNSYLVANIA	45.96
22.	MINNESOTA	45.80
23.	NEW JERSEY	44.94
24.	COLORADO	44.93
25.	ARKANSAS	44.57
26.	DELAWARE	44.27
27.	IOWA	43.75
28.	WASHINGTON	42.86
	UNITED STATES	42.58
29.	OHIO	42.43
30.	MISSISSIPPI	42.22
31.	NORTH CAROLINA	41.75
32.	KENTUCKY	41.28
33.	OKLAHOMA	40.56
34.	RHODE ISLAND	40.52
35.	GEORGIA	39.85
36.	ALABAMA	39.77
37.	HAWAII	39.35
38.	MARYLAND	39.08
39.	VIRGINIA	38.86
40.	NEBRASKA	38.40
41.	ILLINOIS	38.36
42.	CONNECTICUT	37.54
43.	MASSACHUSETTS	37.24
44.	TENNESSEE	36.89
45.	CALIFORNIA	35.83
46.	MISSOURI	35.77
47.	ARIZONA	35.35
48.	FLORIDA	35.03
49.	NEVADA	34.96
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	34.57
51.	DIST. OF COL.	33.90

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24, and NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-4. STATE AND LOCAL REVENUE FOR PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN 1984-85 PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	WYOMING	$89.47
2.	ALASKA	78.39
3.	MONTANA	62.05
4.	UTAH	57.07
5.	WEST VIRGINIA	51.79
6.	NEW MEXICO	51.57
7.	VERMONT	49.06
8.	OREGON	48.35
9.	TEXAS	45.95
10.	INDIANA	45.81
11.	MICHIGAN	45.64
12.	SOUTH CAROLINA	45.57
13.	WISCONSIN	45.30
14.	NEW YORK	44.25
15.	PENNSYLVANIA	43.82
16.	KANSAS	43.75
17.	MINNESOTA	43.72
18.	NORTH DAKOTA	43.43
19.	IDAHO	43.26
20.	NEW JERSEY	42.81
21.	COLORADO	42.75
22.	MAINE	42.31
23.	LOUISIANA	42.23
24.	IOWA	41.18
25.	SOUTH DAKOTA	40.98
26.	DELAWARE	40.57
27.	WASHINGTON	40.45
28.	OHIO	40.19
29.	ARKANSAS	39.91
	UNITED STATES	39.75
30.	RHODE ISLAND	38.77
31.	OKLAHOMA	38.14
32.	NORTH CAROLINA	37.82
33.	MARYLAND	36.80
34.	KENTUCKY	36.74
35.	VIRGINIA	36.32
36.	GEORGIA	36.10
37.	NEBRASKA	35.89
38.	HAWAII	35.69
39.	CONNECTICUT	35.64
40.	ILLINOIS	35.55
41.	MASSACHUSETTS	35.18
42.	ALABAMA	34.59
43.	MISSISSIPPI	34.58
44.	NEVADA	33.34
45.	MISSOURI	33.32
46.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	33.22
47.	TENNESSEE	33.14
48.	CALIFORNIA	33.09
49.	ARIZONA	32.62
50.	FLORIDA	32.43
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24, and NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-5. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	90.17
2.	DIST. OF COL.	88.94
3.	NEBRASKA	66.79
4.	OREGON	66.46
5.	SOUTH DAKOTA	61.39
6.	MICHIGAN	59.99
7.	WISCONSIN	59.22
8.	VIRGINIA	58.83
9.	WYOMING	58.66
10.	VERMONT	58.28
11.	RHODE ISLAND	57.60
12.	COLORADO	56.26
13.	CONNECTICUT	55.67
14.	MARYLAND	55.23
15.	MISSOURI	55.21
16.	NEVADA	54.34
17.	NEW YORK	53.22
18.	ILLINOIS	53.10
19.	NEW JERSEY	52.64
20.	IOWA	51.38
21.	KANSAS	51.11
22.	MASSACHUSETTS	50.71
23.	PENNSYLVANIA	49.91
24.	OHIO	49.18
25.	TEXAS	46.46
	UNITED STATES	43.82
26.	MONTANA	41.89
27.	MAINE	41.26
28.	MINNESOTA	39.82
29.	FLORIDA	39.66
30.	TENNESSEE	39.60
31.	UTAH	38.74
32.	ARIZONA	38.73
33.	NORTH DAKOTA	38.09
34.	INDIANA	37.73
35.	GEORGIA	36.10
36.	LOUISIANA	34.53
37.	SOUTH CAROLINA	32.42
38.	OKLAHOMA	30.86
39.	IDAHO	29.88
40.	MISSISSIPPI	29.65
41.	ARKANSAS	28.76
42.	NORTH CAROLINA	27.90
43.	WEST VIRGINIA	27.36
44.	CALIFORNIA	24.46
45.	DELAWARE	23.18
46.	KENTUCKY	20.25
47.	WASHINGTON	18.69
48.	ALASKA	16.89
49.	ALABAMA	15.83
50.	NEW MEXICO	12.17
51.	HAWAII	0.17

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-6. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1986-87

1.	DIST. OF COL.	93.65
2.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	90.17
3.	NEBRASKA	67.24
4.	OREGON	66.65
5.	MICHIGAN	62.64
6.	SOUTH DAKOTA	62.35
7.	WISCONSIN	61.25
8.	VIRGINIA	59.83
9.	VERMONT	57.34
10.	COLORADO	57.13
11.	RHODE ISLAND	57.05
12.	WYOMING	56.32
13.	MARYLAND	55.39
14.	CONNECTICUT	55.27
15.	MISSOURI	54.03
16.	ILLINOIS	52.33
17.	NEW JERSEY	52.28
18.	NEVADA	52.13
19.	NEW YORK	51.70
20.	KANSAS	51.73
21.	IOWA	51.33
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	50.01
23.	MASSACHUSETTS	49.54
24.	OHIO	48.65
25.	TEXAS	46.78
	UNITED STATES	43.58
26.	MONTANA	43.06
27.	MAINE	41.52
28.	FLORIDA	39.49
29.	TENNESSEE	39.23
30.	UTAH	38.98
31.	MINNESOTA	38.42
32.	NORTH DAKOTA	38.38
33.	INDIANA	38.25
34.	GEORGIA	35.55
35.	LOUISIANA	35.16
36.	SOUTH CAROLINA	33.84
37.	IDAHO	32.04
38.	OKLAHOMA	30.06
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	29.75
40.	ARKANSAS	29.35
41.	MISSISSIPPI	28.63
42.	WEST VIRGINIA	27.61
43.	ARIZONA	26.56
44.	CALIFORNIA	23.45
45.	DELAWARE	23.26
46.	WASHINGTON	20.17
47.	KENTUCKY	19.62
48.	ALASKA	17.56
49.	ALABAMA	17.51
50.	NEW MEXICO	11.79
51.	HAWAII	0.14

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-7. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM STATE GOVERNMENTS, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	HAWAII	90.81
2.	ALASKA	78.43
3.	WASHINGTON	75.60
4.	NEW MEXICO	74.99
5.	ALABAMA	71.85
6.	CALIFORNIA	68.36
7.	KENTUCKY	68.32
8.	DELAWARE	68.19
9.	NORTH CAROLINA	64.20
10.	OKLAHOMA	63.28
11.	WEST VIRGINIA	62.85
12.	IDAHO	62.38
13.	ARKANSAS	60.99
14.	SOUTH CAROLINA	58.21
15.	INDIANA	58.12
16.	ARIZONA	56.60
17.	GEORGIA	55.78
18.	MINNESOTA	55.73
19.	UTAH	55.54
20.	LOUISIANA	54.59
21.	MISSISSIPPI	54.15
22.	NORTH DAKOTA	53.06
23.	FLORIDA	52.97
24.	MAINE	51.27
25.	MONTANA	50.17
	UNITED STATES	49.59
26.	TENNESSEE	49.29
27.	TEXAS	46.32
28.	OHIO	45.69
29.	PENNSYLVANIA	45.61
30.	KANSAS	44.11
31.	MASSACHUSETTS	43.71
32.	IOWA	42.95
33.	NEW JERSEY	42.75
34.	NEW YORK	41.06
35.	NEVADA	41.02
36.	CONNECTICUT	39.60
37.	ILLINOIS	39.44
38.	MARYLAND	39.04
39.	COLORADO	38.88
40.	MISSOURI	38.58
41.	WYOMING	37.71
42.	RHODE ISLAND	37.67
43.	WISCONSIN	35.62
44.	VERMONT	35.59
45.	VIRGINIA	35.20
46.	MICHIGAN	34.98
47.	NEBRASKA	28.11
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	27.89
49.	OREGON	27.22
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	6.37
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-8. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM STATE GOVERNMENTS, 1986-87

1.	HAWAII	91.69
2.	NEW MEXICO	77.69
3.	ALASKA	77.39
4.	WASHINGTON	74.08
5.	CALIFORNIA	69.74
6.	KENTUCKY	69.44
	ALABAMA	69.44
8.	DELAWARE	68.75
9.	ARIZONA	65.00
10.	OKLAHOMA	64.21
11.	NORTH CAROLINA	63.64
12.	IDAHO	60.85
13.	ARKANSAS	60.58
14.	WEST VIRGINIA	59.81
15.	INDIANA	57.56
16.	MINNESOTA	57.48
	SOUTH CAROLINA	57.48
18.	GEORGIA	56.49
19.	UTAH	55.89
20.	MISSISSIPPI	54.90
21.	NORTH DAKOTA	53.63
22.	FLORIDA	53.16
23.	LOUISIANA	52.73
24.	MAINE	51.34
25.	TENNESSEE	50.39
	UNITED STATES	50.14
26.	MONTANA	49.14
27.	OHIO	46.55
28.	TEXAS	46.31
29.	PENNSYLVANIA	45.71
30.	MASSACHUSETTS	44.86
31.	KANSAS	43.35
32.	NEW JERSEY	43.30
33.	NEW YORK	43.20
34.	IOWA	43.10
35.	NEVADA	42.93
36.	WYOMING	41.07
37.	CONNECTICUT	40.37
38.	ILLINOIS	40.26
39.	MISSOURI	40.19
40.	MARYLAND	39.31
41.	RHODE ISLAND	38.77
42.	COLORADO	38.20
43.	VERMONT	36.41
44.	VIRGINIA	34.62
45.	WISCONSIN	34.05
46.	MICHIGAN	33.89
47.	NEBRASKA	27.32
48.	OREGON	27.13
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	26.86
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	6.37
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-9. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	MISSISSIPPI	16.20
2.	NEW MEXICO	12.84
3.	ALABAMA	12.32
4.	KENTUCKY	11.43
5.	TENNESSEE	11.11
6.	DIST. OF COL.	11.06
7.	LOUISIANA	10.88
8.	SOUTH DAKOTA	10.72
9.	ARKANSAS	10.25
10.	WEST VIRGINIA	9.79
11.	SOUTH CAROLINA	9.37
12.	HAWAII	9.02
13.	NORTH DAKOTA	8.85
14.	DELAWARE	8.63
15.	GEORGIA	8.12
16.	MONTANA	7.94
17.	NORTH CAROLINA	7.90
18.	IDAHO	7.74
19.	MAINE	7.47
20.	ILLINOIS	7.46
21.	FLORIDA	7.37
22.	TEXAS	7.22
23.	CALIFORNIA	7.18
	UNITED STATES	6.59
24.	OREGON	6.32
25.	MISSOURI	6.21
26.	VERMONT	6.13
27.	VIRGINIA	5.98
28.	OKLAHOMA	5.86
29.	MARYLAND	5.73
30.	UTAH	5.72
	NEW YORK	5.72
32.	WASHINGTON	5.71
33.	IOWA	5.67
34.	MASSACHUSETTS	5.56
35.	WISCONSIN	5.16
36.	OHIO	5.13
37.	NEBRASKA	5.10
38.	MICHIGAN	5.03
39.	COLORADO	4.85
40.	NEW JERSEY	4.82
41.	KANSAS	4.78
42.	RHODE ISLAND	4.73
43.	CONNECTICUT	4.72
44.	ALASKA	4.68
45.	ARIZONA	4.67
46.	NEVADA	4.65
47.	PENNSYLVANIA	4.48
48.	MINNESOTA	4.45
49.	INDIANA	4.15
50.	WYOMING	3.64
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3.46

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-10. ESTIMATED PERCENT OF REVENUE FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 1986-87

1.	MISSISSIPPI	16.47
2.	ALABAMA	13.05
3.	WEST VIRGINIA	12.59
4.	LOUISIANA	12.11
5.	KENTUCKY	10.94
6.	SOUTH DAKOTA	10.79
7.	NEW MEXICO	10.52
8.	TENNESSEE	10.38
9.	ARKANSAS	10.07
10.	SOUTH CAROLINA	8.68
11.	ARIZONA	8.44
12.	HAWAII	8.16
13.	NORTH DAKOTA	7.99
	DELAWARE	7.99
15.	GEORGIA	7.96
16.	MONTANA	7.80
17.	ILLINOIS	7.41
18.	FLORIDA	7.35
19.	MAINE	7.14
20.	IDAHO	7.11
21.	TEXAS	6.91
22.	CALIFORNIA	6.81
23.	NORTH CAROLINA	6.61
24.	DIST. OF COL.	6.35
	UNITED STATES	6.28
25.	VERMONT	6.25
26.	OREGON	6.21
27.	MISSOURI	5.79
28.	WASHINGTON	5.74
29.	OKLAHOMA	5.72
30.	MASSACHUSETTS	5.60
31.	IOWA	5.57
32.	VIRGINIA	5.55
33.	NEBRASKA	5.43
34.	MARYLAND	5.30
35.	UTAH	5.13
36.	ALASKA	5.05
37.	NEW YORK	5.02
38.	NEVADA	4.94
39.	KANSAS	4.92
40.	OHIO	4.80
41.	WISCONSIN	4.69
42.	COLORADO	4.67
43.	NEW JERSEY	4.42
44.	CONNECTICUT	4.36
45.	PENNSYLVANIA	4.28
46.	INDIANA	4.19
47.	RHODE ISLAND	4.18
48.	MINNESOTA	4.09
49.	MICHIGAN	3.47
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3.46
51.	WYOMING	2.61

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

F-11. LOCAL PUBLIC SCHOOL REVENUE AS A PERCENT OF COMBINED STATE AND LOCAL SCHOOL REVENUE, 1986-87

1.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	93.40
2.	NEBRASKA	71.11
3.	OREGON	71.07
4.	SOUTH DAKOTA	69.89
5.	MICHIGAN	64.89
6.	WISCONSIN	64.27
7.	VIRGINIA	63.34
8.	VERMONT	61.16
9.	COLORADO	59.93
10.	RHODE ISLAND	59.54
11.	MARYLAND	58.49
12.	WYOMING	57.83
13.	CONNECTICUT	57.78
14.	MISSOURI	57.34
15.	ILLINOIS	56.52
16.	NEVADA	54.84
17.	NEW JERSEY	54.70
18.	NEW YORK	54.51
19.	KANSAS	54.41
20.	IOWA	54.36
21.	MASSACHUSETTS	52.48
22.	PENNSYLVANIA	52.25
23.	OHIO	51.10
24.	TEXAS	50.26
25.	MONTANA	46.70
	UNITED STATES	46.50
26.	MAINE	44.71
27.	TENNESSEE	43.77
28.	FLORIDA	42.63
29.	NORTH DAKOTA	41.71
30.	UTAH	41.08
31.	MINNESOTA	40.06
32.	LOUISIANA	40.00
33.	INDIANA	39.92
34.	GEORGIA	38.62
35.	SOUTH CAROLINA	37.06
36.	IDAHO	34.50
37.	MISSISSIPPI	34.27
38.	ARKANSAS	32.63
39.	OKLAHOMA	31.89
40.	NORTH CAROLINA	31.85
41.	WEST VIRGINIA	31.58
42.	ARIZONA	29.00
43.	DELAWARE	25.28
44.	CALIFORNIA	25.16
45.	KENTUCKY	22.03
46.	WASHINGTON	21.40
47.	ALABAMA	20.14
48.	ALASKA	18.49
49.	NEW MEXICO	13.17
50.	HAWAII	0.15
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

NOTES TO F SERIES TABLES

NEA Research estimates for selected variables within the F Series are identified below by state and by table number. NEA estimates appear in those cases where state education departments did not respond to requests by NEA Research for estimates of school statistics.

Alaska	All
Arizona	F-1, F-8, F-11
California	All
District	F-1, F-2, F-6, F-8, F-10, F-11
Georgia	All
Louisiana	F-1, F-2

The following state education departments provided additional information to help explain data reported for their states in F Series Tables:

Colorado	Revenue data is collected and reported on a calendar year basis, e.g., data for 1985 is actually calendar year 1986 data.
Idaho	1986-87 Revenue figures are estimated as of 6-22-87. They will be finalized during Falll 1987.
Indiana	Revenue figures are estimated ones.
Louisiana	Adjustment made to 1984-85 to exclude revenue from food service collections.

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES

State and local government spending characteristics provide useful comparative information about the resources, needs and priorities for public services. Expenditures for government programs vary across states for many reasons, and state-by-state comparisons should be made while keeping them in mind—demographic, economic, and political factors are but a few.

Tables in the G Series describe the spending done by state governments and by state and local governments combined. Expenditure data are expressed on a per capita basis, allowing closer comparison of the differences in levels and objects of state and local government spending, as well as their positions relative to the U.S. average. Use of state personal income in selected tables provides opportunities for comparing the relative "effort" of government units to fund program areas, including public education.

G-1. PER CAPITA TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE GOVERNMENTS FOR ALL FUNCTIONS, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$8,839.84
2.	WYOMING	2,680.87
3.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,102.62
4.	DELAWARE	2,011.41
5.	HAWAII	1,974.17
6.	NEW MEXICO	1,973.16
7.	NEW YORK	1,875.87
8.	RHODE ISLAND	1,845.99
9.	MINNESOTA	1,786.86
10.	VERMONT	1,782.67
11.	MASSACHUSETTS	1,747.07
12.	CALIFORNIA	1,736.20
13.	WASHINGTON	1,678.78
14.	WISCONSIN	1,674.11
15.	MONTANA	1,595.26
16.	NEW JERSEY	1,568.11
17.	UTAH	1,558.37
18.	MICHIGAN	1,547.43
19.	CONNECTICUT	1,534.67
20.	OREGON	1,483.46
21.	IOWA	1,466.25
22.	MAINE	1,465.19
23.	LOUISIANA	1,464.45
24.	MARYLAND	1,452.84
	UNITED STATES	1,449.44
25.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,435.71
26.	NEVADA	1,408.05
27.	ALABAMA	1,378.79
28.	SOUTH DAKOTA	1,362.27
29.	KENTUCKY	1,337.14
30.	ARIZONA	1,333.94
31.	OKLAHOMA	1,322.89
32.	COLORADO	1,315.74
33.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,314.57
34.	OHIO	1,309.70
35.	NEBRASKA	1,286.97
36.	ILLINOIS	1,281.44
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	1,272.94
38.	VIRGINIA	1,267.73
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,251.54
40.	IDAHO	1,249.80
41.	MISSISSIPPI	1,226.04
42.	KANSAS	1,225.27
43.	INDIANA	1,204.60
44.	GEORGIA	1,185.90
45.	ARKANSAS	1,185.78
46.	MISSOURI	1,082.08
47.	TEXAS	1,071.20
48.	FLORIDA	1,068.77
49.	TENNESSEE	1,055.30
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,013.91
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 47.

G-2. STATE GOVERNMENT GENERAL EXPENDITURES IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	ALASKA	$486.02
2.	WYOMING	202.64
3.	NEW MEXICO	180.76
4.	NORTH DAKOTA	174.48
5.	UTAH	148.53
6.	VERMONT	147.13
7.	MONTANA	145.33
8.	HAWAII	142.93
9.	DELAWARE	140.95
10.	WEST VIRGINIA	140.84
11.	MISSISSIPPI	133.46
12.	RHODE ISLAND	132.71
13.	LOUISIANA	129.91
14.	ALABAMA	129.19
15.	WISCONSIN	127.26
16.	MINNESOTA	126.84
17.	SOUTH CAROLINA	124.17
18.	KENTUCKY	123.54
19.	MAINE	123.27
20.	SOUTH DAKOTA	122.04
21.	WASHINGTON	120.97
22.	OREGON	117.51
23.	NEW YORK	116.88
24.	IOWA	116.44
25.	MICHIGAN	113.71
26.	ARKANSAS	113.22
27.	IDAHO	112.42
28.	OKLAHOMA	108.14
29.	CALIFORNIA	108.07
30.	NORTH CAROLINA	107.73
31.	MASSACHUSETTS	106.66
32.	ARIZONA	104.26
	UNITED STATES	104.25
33.	OHIO	99.02
34.	NEVADA	97.19
35.	NEBRASKA	96.93
36.	INDIANA	96.78
37.	PENNSYLVANIA	94.73
38.	GEORGIA	94.54
39.	TENNESSEE	93.86
40.	MARYLAND	91.57
41.	NEW JERSEY	91.11
42.	KANSAS	88.93
43.	COLORADO	88.83
44.	VIRGINIA	87.17
45.	ILLINOIS	86.95
46.	CONNECTICUT	84.85
47.	MISSOURI	81.70
48.	TEXAS	79.45
49.	FLORIDA	77.78
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	67.77
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 20; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

G-3. PER CAPITA TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$9,508.71
2.	DIST. OF COL.	4,342.04
3.	WYOMING	4,166.06
4.	NEW YORK	3,343.35
5.	MINNESOTA	2,842.44
6.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,696.30
7.	DELAWARE	2,687.53
8.	MONTANA	2,615.43
9.	CALIFORNIA	2,595.44
10.	WISCONSIN	2,546.63
11.	RHODE ISLAND	2,540.61
12.	NEW MEXICO	2,536.37
13.	NEVADA	2,516.39
14.	WASHINGTON	2,515.88
15.	MICHIGAN	2,498.31
16.	NEW JERSEY	2,482.22
17.	OREGON	2,471.30
18.	HAWAII	2,468.11
19.	MASSACHUSETTS	2,427.64
20.	COLORADO	2,419.49
21.	VERMONT	2,395.79
22.	CONNECTICUT	2,368.03
23.	MARYLAND	2,352.39
24.	UTAH	2,326.55
	UNITED STATES	2,312.97
25.	IOWA	2,310.80
26.	LOUISIANA	2,308.43
27.	ARIZONA	2,304.67
28.	NEBRASKA	2,254.96
29.	KANSAS	2,220.14
30.	SOUTH DAKOTA	2,213.90
31.	ILLINOIS	2,173.11
32.	OHIO	2,120.31
33.	MAINE	2,104.19
34.	OKLAHOMA	2,033.66
35.	PENNSYLVANIA	2,028.19
36.	TEXAS	2,003.86
37.	VIRGINIA	1,992.54
38.	WEST VIRGINIA	1,983.40
39.	ALABAMA	1,971.96
40.	GEORGIA	1,969.63
41.	FLORIDA	1,955.63
42.	IDAHO	1,868.36
43.	INDIANA	1,851.15
44.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	1,815.54
45.	KENTUCKY	1,797.58
46.	NORTH CAROLINA	1,784.56
47.	MISSISSIPPI	1,784.06
48.	SOUTH CAROLINA	1,782.47
49.	MISSOURI	1,775.19
50.	TENNESSEE	1,742.89
51.	ARKANSAS	1,694.96

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

G-4. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT GENERAL EXPENDITURES IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	ALASKA	$523.02
2.	WYOMING	314.92
3.	DIST. OF COL.	239.12
4.	MONTANA	238.36
5.	NEW MEXICO	232.36
6.	NORTH DAKOTA	223.74
7.	UTAH	221.78
8.	NEW YORK	209.06
9.	LOUISIANA	204.78
10.	MINNESOTA	201.77
11.	VERMONT	198.89
12.	SOUTH DAKOTA	198.34
13.	OREGON	195.76
14.	WISCONSIN	194.67
15.	WEST VIRGINIA	194.56
16.	MISSISSIPPI	194.21
17.	DELAWARE	188.38
18.	ALABAMA	184.78
19.	MICHIGAN	184.10
20.	IOWA	183.93
21.	RHODE ISLAND	183.30
22.	WASHINGTON	181.64
23.	ARIZONA	180.16
24.	HAWAII	178.94
25.	MAINE	177.59
26.	NEVADA	173.87
27.	NEBRASKA	169.91
28.	SOUTH CAROLINA	168.37
29.	IDAHO	168.10
	UNITED STATES	167.39
30.	OKLAHOMA	166.24
31.	KENTUCKY	166.08
32.	CALIFORNIA	164.76
33.	COLORADO	163.37
34.	ARKANSAS	161.84
35.	KANSAS	161.15
36.	OHIO	160.30
37.	GEORGIA	157.02
38.	TENNESSEE	155.02
39.	NORTH CAROLINA	153.60
40.	PENNSYLVANIA	151.23
41.	MASSACHUSETTS	149.29
42.	INDIANA	148.86
43.	TEXAS	148.62
44.	MARYLAND	148.27
45.	ILLINOIS	147.46
46.	NEW JERSEY	144.41
47.	FLORIDA	142.32
48.	VIRGINIA	137.01
49.	MISSOURI	134.04
50.	CONNECTICUT	130.92
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	121.35

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 24; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

G-5. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR PUBLIC WELFARE, 1984-85

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$776.70
2.	NEW YORK	595.85
3.	RHODE ISLAND	436.99
4.	MICHIGAN	434.46
5.	MINNESOTA	430.88
6.	MASSACHUSETTS	411.33
7.	ALASKA	403.83
8.	WISCONSIN	403.65
9.	CALIFORNIA	376.94
10.	MAINE	372.03
11.	PENNSYLVANIA	328.15
12.	OHIO	324.92
13.	CONNECTICUT	316.53
14.	ILLINOIS	313.29
15.	VERMONT	307.01
16.	NEW JERSEY	295.79
	UNITED STATES	291.43
17.	MARYLAND	276.80
18.	HAWAII	274.13
19.	IOWA	270.07
20.	NORTH DAKOTA	267.72
21.	WASHINGTON	267.66
22.	LOUISIANA	250.80
23.	MONTANA	237.79
24.	KENTUCKY	235.94
25.	COLORADO	216.58
26.	INDIANA	210.42
27.	OKLAHOMA	209.97
28.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	209.60
29.	NEBRASKA	209.39
30.	ARKANSAS	197.96
31.	OREGON	193.25
32.	KANSAS	191.18
33.	UTAH	189.41
34.	MISSISSIPPI	189.29
35.	DELAWARE	188.90
36.	MISSOURI	188.50
37.	TENNESSEE	187.58
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	184.95
39.	WEST VIRGINIA	183.92
40.	VIRGINIA	181.41
41.	ARIZONA	180.73
42.	WYOMING	179.55
43.	NEW MEXICO	179.38
44.	GEORGIA	172.92
45.	ALABAMA	166.40
46.	NORTH CAROLINA	160.49
47.	SOUTH CAROLINA	154.34
48.	FLORIDA	147.27
49.	IDAHO	146.45
50.	NEVADA	140.20
51.	TEXAS	136.00

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

G-6. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR HEALTH AND HOSPITALS, 1984-85

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$424.74
2.	WYOMING	399.73
3.	ALASKA	366.75
4.	GEORGIA	343.83
5.	NEW YORK	338.29
6.	MISSISSIPPI	293.34
7.	ALABAMA	283.67
8.	LOUISIANA	281.44
9.	NEVADA	259.17
10.	SOUTH CAROLINA	250.75
11.	MICHIGAN	250.36
12.	MINNESOTA	232.21
13.	MASSACHUSETTS	229.19
14.	IOWA	228.80
15.	CALIFORNIA	227.72
16.	NEBRASKA	225.33
17.	TENNESSEE	220.73
18.	FLORIDA	213.72
19.	OKLAHOMA	208.54
	UNITED STATES	208.22
20.	COLORADO	207.30
21.	WISCONSIN	207.18
22.	NEW MEXICO	200.48
23.	MISSOURI	199.70
24.	INDIANA	194.36
25.	WASHINGTON	194.21
26.	TEXAS	188.66
27.	RHODE ISLAND	186.86
28.	OHIO	180.75
29.	NORTH CAROLINA	178.28
30.	KANSAS	176.10
31.	IDAHO	177.03
32.	HAWAII	175.17
33.	ARKANSAS	168.76
34.	VIRGINIA	166.79
35.	CONNECTICUT	158.42
36.	OREGON	152.52
37.	NEW JERSEY	148.86
38.	UTAH	148.02
39.	WEST VIRGINIA	144.22
40.	NORTH DAKOTA	141.86
41.	ILLINOIS	140.54
42.	MONTANA	138.35
43.	DELAWARE	130.97
44.	PENNSYLVANIA	130.08
45.	KENTUCKY	122.27
46.	VERMONT	112.72
47.	ARIZONA	108.61
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	107.35
49.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	104.95
50.	MAINE	104.16
51.	MARYLAND	95.11

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

G-7. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR POLICE PROTECTION, 1984-85

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$290.65
2.	ALASKA	246.72
3.	NEW YORK	133.83
4.	NEVADA	126.51
5.	CALIFORNIA	120.35
6.	WYOMING	118.40
7.	ARIZONA	110.91
8.	NEW JERSEY	106.48
9.	FLORIDA	102.43
10.	ILLINOIS	98.74
11.	MARYLAND	96.80
12.	WISCONSIN	96.76
13.	COLORADO	94.85
14.	MICHIGAN	93.45
15.	LOUISIANA	91.10
16.	DELAWARE	89.90
17.	NEW MEXICO	88.94
18.	HAWAII	88.65
19.	CONNECTICUT	88.25
	UNITED STATES	87.78
20.	RHODE ISLAND	87.06
21.	MASSACHUSETTS	85.29
22.	OREGON	83.93
23.	WASHINGTON	78.52
24.	MINNESOTA	75.78
25.	OHIO	75.20
26.	UTAH	75.18
27.	MISSOURI	74.38
28.	TEXAS	72.81
29.	VIRGINIA	71.70
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	68.44
31.	IDAHO	66.91
32.	KANSAS	66.13
33.	MONTANA	65.53
34.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	64.90
35.	IOWA	64.13
36.	NORTH CAROLINA	63.40
37.	OKLAHOMA	63.05
38.	GEORGIA	62.86
39.	NEBRASKA	62.03
40.	VERMONT	59.76
41.	TENNESSEE	58.57
42.	ALABAMA	56.07
43.	SOUTH DAKOTA	54.12
44.	SOUTH CAROLINA	53.39
45.	MAINE	52.76
46.	KENTUCKY	51.44
47.	INDIANA	50.44
48.	NORTH DAKOTA	49.94
49.	ARKANSAS	49.13
	MISSISSIPPI	49.13
51.	WEST VIRGINIA	41.97

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 101.

G-8. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR FIRE PROTECTION, 1984-85

1.	DIST. OF COL.	$108.18
2.	ALASKA	92.92
3.	NEVADA	68.99
4.	RHODE ISLAND	67.99
5.	MASSACHUSETTS	67.26
6.	OREGON	58.71
7.	NEW YORK	53.77
8.	CONNECTICUT	53.43
9.	CALIFORNIA	51.81
10.	COLORADO	48.19
11.	WASHINGTON	44.58
12.	ILLINOIS	43.74
13.	MARYLAND	41.03
14.	FLORIDA	39.95
15.	HAWAII	39.52
16.	OHIO	39.48
17.	ARIZONA	38.73
18.	WISCONSIN	37.66
	UNITED STATES	37.35
19.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	36.80
20.	VIRGINIA	36.65
21.	NEW JERSEY	35.62
22.	MICHIGAN	35.28
23.	WYOMING	32.18
24.	MAINE	31.42
25.	NEW MEXICO	31.29
26.	TEXAS	30.51
27.	OKLAHOMA	30.34
28.	KANSAS	29.98
29.	UTAH	28.80
30.	GEORGIA	28.24
31.	LOUISIANA	27.64
	TENNESSEE	27.64
33.	MISSOURI	27.23
34.	MINNESOTA	26.21
35.	NEBRASKA	26.08
36.	IOWA	25.58
37.	INDIANA	24.10
38.	ALABAMA	24.08
39.	IDAHO	24.07
40.	KENTUCKY	21.35
41.	VERMONT	21.16
42.	NORTH CAROLINA	20.44
43.	MONTANA	20.08
44.	PENNSYLVANIA	19.16
45.	MISSISSIPPI	18.23
46.	NORTH DAKOTA	17.53
	SOUTH CAROLINA	17.53
48.	SOUTH DAKOTA	17.23
49.	ARKANSAS	16.69
50.	WEST VIRGINIA	16.40
51.	DELAWARE	16.03

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 101.

G-9. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR HIGHWAYS, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$1,055.54
2.	WYOMING	675.64
3.	NORTH DAKOTA	395.21
4.	SOUTH DAKOTA	371.12
5.	MONTANA	368.10
6.	IOWA	324.47
7.	NEBRASKA	304.69
8.	VERMONT	299.66
9.	MINNESOTA	291.42
10.	KANSAS	286.80
11.	UTAH	280.76
12.	NEW MEXICO	280.49
13.	NEVADA	277.64
14.	WASHINGTON	262.96
15.	DELAWARE	251.21
16.	ARIZONA	242.74
17.	IDAHO	240.44
18.	WEST VIRGINIA	237.35
19.	MAINE	229.13
20.	LOUISIANA	228.93
21.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	226.63
22.	WISCONSIN	223.52
23.	COLORADO	218.38
24.	MARYLAND	213.75
25.	MISSISSIPPI	212.16
26.	ILLINOIS	208.29
27.	OREGON	206.25
28.	ALABAMA	202.58
29.	VIRGINIA	201.98
30.	CONNECTICUT	194.25
31.	OKLAHOMA	193.38
32.	KENTUCKY	193.32
33.	GEORGIA	191.20
	UNITED STATES	188.58
34.	MISSOURI	183.42
35.	NEW YORK	183.04
36.	NEW JERSEY	181.19
37.	TENNESSEE	180.87
38.	PENNSYLVANIA	179.85
39.	ARKANSAS	174.97
40.	TEXAS	162.00
41.	RHODE ISLAND	160.62
42.	OHIO	159.94
43.	MICHIGAN	155.92
44.	INDIANA	154.72
45.	NORTH CAROLINA	149.82
46.	FLORIDA	147.92
47.	DIST. OF COL.	143.41
48.	MASSACHUSETTS	129.16
49.	HAWAII	127.49
50.	SOUTH CAROLINA	126.21
51.	CALIFORNIA	124.07

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

G-10. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$2,806.73
2.	WYOMING	1,081.58
3.	UTAH	1,058.01
4.	DIST. OF COL.	828.56
5.	ARIZONA	575.66
6.	SOUTH DAKOTA	572.56
7.	WASHINGTON	533.35
8.	MONTANA	485.68
9.	NEVADA	477.31
10.	NEW MEXICO	476.34
11.	COLORADO	471.25
12.	NEBRASKA	440.51
13.	NORTH DAKOTA	432.40
14.	GEORGIA	417.62
15.	MINNESOTA	412.86
16.	FLORIDA	410.77
17.	NEW YORK	406.90
18.	TEXAS	388.38
19.	OKLAHOMA	369.25
20.	IOWA	368.10
21.	MARYLAND	353.99
22.	HAWAII	350.34
23.	DELAWARE	347.39
	UNITED STATES	334.80
24.	KANSAS	332.78
25.	OREGON	328.29
26.	LOUISIANA	321.05
27.	ALABAMA	317.95
28.	IDAHO	313.53
29.	MASSACHUSETTS	312.99
30.	ILLINOIS	297.40
31.	CALIFORNIA	297.03
32.	WISCONSIN	293.79
33.	VERMONT	293.21
34.	TENNESSEE	279.16
35.	NORTH CAROLINA	270.51
36.	CONNECTICUT	261.88
37.	WEST VIRGINIA	260.95
38.	ARKANSAS	253.87
39.	MISSOURI	252.82
40.	VIRGINIA	252.18
41.	SOUTH CAROLINA	250.43
42.	RHODE ISLAND	245.35
43.	KENTUCKY	243.89
44.	NEW JERSEY	242.93
45.	OHIO	238.28
46.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	226.60
47.	INDIANA	225.60
48.	MISSISSIPPI	223.88
49.	PENNSYLVANIA	210.23
50.	MICHIGAN	207.88
51.	MAINE	203.80

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 99.

G-11. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR INTEREST ON DEBT, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$1,644.36
2.	DIST. OF COL.	465.57
3.	UTAH	419.38
4.	WYOMING	329.96
5.	DELAWARE	291.73
6.	WASHINGTON	260.48
7.	RHODE ISLAND	258.31
8.	NEW YORK	252.79
9.	OREGON	250.04
10.	ARIZONA	241.36
11.	NEBRASKA	229.08
12.	MINNESOTA	215.11
13.	NEVADA	213.82
14.	LOUISIANA	206.71
15.	NEW MEXICO	201.48
16.	NEW JERSEY	201.09
17.	HAWAII	198.32
18.	CONNECTICUT	197.36
19.	COLORADO	196.35
20.	MASSACHUSETTS	189.90
21.	VERMONT	185.97
22.	MONTANA	180.58
23.	TEXAS	178.70
24.	MARYLAND	174.65
25.	KENTUCKY	166.94
26.	KANSAS	165.84
	UNITED STATES	162.59
27.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	159.96
28.	OKLAHOMA	158.30
29.	SOUTH DAKOTA	155.26
30.	PENNSYLVANIA	154.70
31.	FLORIDA	142.46
32.	SOUTH CAROLINA	135.29
33.	MAINE	134.59
34.	NORTH DAKOTA	130.37
35.	WEST VIRGINIA	129.51
36.	ILLINOIS	129.25
37.	NORTH CAROLINA	128.79
38.	ALABAMA	127.66
39.	GEORGIA	124.11
40.	CALIFORNIA	122.73
41.	WISCONSIN	121.68
42.	TENNESSEE	111.34
43.	MICHIGAN	109.60
44.	OHIO	108.30
45.	VIRGINIA	104.14
46.	MISSOURI	97.84
47.	ARKANSAS	93.73
48.	IOWA	89.59
49.	INDIANA	83.77
50.	IDAHO	79.33
51.	MISSISSIPPI	69.68

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 99.

SCHOOL EXPENDITURES

Expenditures for public education often are compared among states through the use of measures contained in this section. Expenditures for elementary-secondary schools and for higher education can serve as indicators of state and local government "effort" to fund these services. Examples of measures used to compare states on spending for education include current expenditures per pupil in Average Daily Attendance (ADA) or Average Daily Membership (ADM)—two common measurements of education support. In addition, school expenditure data are displayed in relation to state population and state personal income as percentages of total state expenditures, or as proportions of national averages.

Expenditure data are shown for elementary and secondary schools in combination with higher education, and with K-12 spending featured separately. Again, knowledge about public education systems and their funding characteristics is required to make fair comparisons of state-local government financial support of education, relative to that found in other states.

State education agency estimates of elementary-secondary expenditures appear throughout tables in H Series. NEA Research estimates were used when state agency data were not provided. Please note these instances in the footnotes section immediately following the series.

H-1. PER CAPITA STATE EXPENDITURES FOR ALL EDUCATION, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$2,194.94
2.	NEW MEXICO	871.44
3.	WYOMING	821.31
4.	NORTH DAKOTA	789.12
5.	DELAWARE	774.10
6.	WASHINGTON	746.65
7.	UTAH	713.69
8.	HAWAII	692.56
9.	CALIFORNIA	679.10
10.	MINNESOTA	642.92
11.	IOWA	620.62
12.	SOUTH CAROLINA	620.45
13.	WEST VIRGINIA	615.90
14.	NORTH CAROLINA	611.82
15.	ALABAMA	603.70
16.	ARIZONA	601.16
17.	OKLAHOMA	590.79
18.	VERMONT	587.46
19.	TEXAS	583.11
20.	WISCONSIN	568.80
21.	COLORADO	567.54
22.	KANSAS	552.11
23.	KENTUCKY	541.02
	UNITED STATES	540.09
24.	IDAHO	536.56
25.	NEW YORK	531.34
26.	VIRGINIA	530.42
27.	INDIANA	528.83
28.	MONTANA	527.78
29.	LOUISIANA	526.97
30.	ARKANSAS	522.54
31.	GEORGIA	507.79
32.	RHODE ISLAND	505.63
33.	OHIO	505.53
34.	NEVADA	496.39
35.	MISSISSIPPI	491.85
36.	OREGON	470.45
37.	MAINE	470.03
38.	MICHIGAN	460.50
39.	NEW JERSEY	459.20
40.	MARYLAND	447.33
41.	FLORIDA	437.86
42.	MISSOURI	437.63
43.	MASSACHUSETTS	437.39
44.	NEBRASKA	431.20
45.	ILLINOIS	426.23
46.	TENNESSEE	420.62
47.	PENNSYLVANIA	408.39
48.	CONNECTICUT	403.15
49.	SOUTH DAKOTA	360.08
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	201.21
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 47.

H-2. STATE GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES FOR ALL EDUCATION IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	ALASKA	$120.68
2.	NEW MEXICO	79.83
3.	UTAH	68.02
4.	NORTH DAKOTA	65.48
5.	WYOMING	62.08
6.	WEST VIRGINIA	60.42
7.	SOUTH CAROLINA	58.61
8.	ALABAMA	56.57
9.	DELAWARE	54.25
10.	WASHINGTON	53.80
11.	MISSISSIPPI	53.54
12.	NORTH CAROLINA	52.66
13.	HAWAII	50.14
14.	KENTUCKY	49.99
15.	ARKANSAS	49.89
16.	IOWA	49.29
17.	VERMONT	48.49
18.	OKLAHOMA	48.30
19.	IDAHO	48.26
20.	MONTANA	48.08
21.	ARIZONA	46.99
22.	LOUISIANA	46.75
23.	MINNESOTA	45.64
24.	TEXAS	43.25
25.	WISCONSIN	43.24
26.	INDIANA	42.49
27.	CALIFORNIA	42.27
28.	GEORGIA	40.48
29.	KANSAS	40.07
30.	MAINE	39.55
	UNITED STATES	38.85
31.	COLORADO	38.32
32.	OHIO	38.22
33.	TENNESSEE	37.41
34.	OREGON	37.27
35.	VIRGINIA	36.47
36.	RHODE ISLAND	36.35
37.	NEVADA	34.26
38.	MICHIGAN	33.84
39.	NEW YORK	33.11
40.	MISSOURI	33.04
41.	NEBRASKA	32.48
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	32.26
43.	FLORIDA	31.86
44.	PENNSYLVANIA	30.39
45.	ILLINOIS	28.92
46.	MARYLAND	28.20
47.	MASSACHUSETTS	26.70
48.	NEW JERSEY	26.68
49.	CONNECTICUT	22.29
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	13.45
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 20; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

H-3. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR ALL EDUCATION, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$2,368.47
2.	WYOMING	1,573.80
3.	DELAWARE	1,022.43
4.	NORTH DAKOTA	996.84
5.	NEW MEXICO	996.42
6.	MONTANA	966.52
7.	UTAH	963.76
8.	NEW YORK	951.81
9.	WISCONSIN	949.34
10.	MINNESOTA	936.29
11.	OREGON	918.76
12.	VERMONT	901.45
13.	MICHIGAN	900.08
14.	IOWA	894.87
15.	WASHINGTON	892.29
16.	NEBRASKA	887.18
17.	COLORADO	887.02
18.	KANSAS	875.03
19.	ARIZONA	871.94
20.	TEXAS	861.78
21.	CALIFORNIA	844.71
22.	NEW JERSEY	839.03
23.	MARYLAND	814.72
	UNITED STATES	807.10
24.	WEST VIRGINIA	802.75
25.	OKLAHOMA	799.04
26.	VIRGINIA	798.03
27.	OHIO	790.38
28.	RHODE ISLAND	788.38
29.	NORTH CAROLINA	764.25
30.	DIST. OF COL.	755.75
31.	INDIANA	747.99
32.	SOUTH DAKOTA	740.84
33.	CONNECTICUT	739.19
34.	SOUTH CAROLINA	733.01
35.	LOUISIANA	731.98
36.	ALABAMA	728.33
37.	MASSACHUSETTS	727.02
38.	ILLINOIS	725.73
39.	ARKANSAS	722.43
40.	MAINE	718.81
41.	IDAHO	708.57
42.	PENNSYLVANIA	704.35
43.	HAWAII	692.85
44.	GEORGIA	679.66
45.	FLORIDA	669.29
46.	MISSOURI	649.92
47.	KENTUCKY	647.52
48.	NEVADA	646.99
49.	MISSISSIPPI	629.91
50.	TENNESSEE	612.23
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	606.51

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 78.

H-4. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES FOR ALL EDUCATION IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	ALASKA	$130.22
2.	WYOMING	118.96
3.	UTAH	91.86
4.	NEW MEXICO	91.28
5.	MONTANA	88.05
6.	NORTH DAKOTA	82.72
7.	WEST VIRGINIA	78.75
8.	VERMONT	74.40
9.	OREGON	72.78
10.	WISCONSIN	72.17
11.	DELAWARE	71.65
12.	IOWA	71.07
13.	SOUTH CAROLINA	69.24
14.	ARKANSAS	68.98
15.	MISSISSIPPI	68.57
16.	ALABAMA	68.25
17.	ARIZONA	68.15
18.	NEBRASKA	66.82
19.	MINNESOTA	66.46
20.	SOUTH DAKOTA	66.37
21.	MICHIGAN	66.14
22.	NORTH CAROLINA	65.78
23.	OKLAHOMA	65.32
24.	LOUISIANA	64.93
25.	WASHINGTON	64.30
26.	TEXAS	63.92
27.	IDAHO	63.73
28.	KANSAS	63.51
29.	MAINE	60.48
30.	INDIANA	60.10
31.	COLORADO	59.88
32.	KENTUCKY	59.83
33.	OHIO	59.76
34.	NEW YORK	59.30
	UNITED STATES	58.20
35.	RHODE ISLAND	56.68
36.	VIRGINIA	54.88
37.	TENNESSEE	54.45
38.	GEORGIA	54.18
39.	CALIFORNIA	52.58
40.	PENNSYLVANIA	52.42
41.	MARYLAND	51.35
42.	HAWAII	50.16
43.	ILLINOIS	49.24
44.	MISSOURI	49.07
45.	NEW JERSEY	48.75
46.	FLORIDA	48.71
47.	NEVADA	44.66
48.	MASSACHUSETTS	44.39
49.	DIST. OF COL.	41.62
50.	CONNECTICUT	40.87
51.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	40.54

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 26; and Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24.

H-5. STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES FOR ALL EDUCATION AS PERCENT OF TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES FOR ALL FUNCTIONS, 1984-85

1.	TEXAS	43.01
2.	NORTH CAROLINA	42.83
3.	ARKANSAS	42.62
4.	UTAH	41.42
5.	SOUTH CAROLINA	41.12
6.	WEST VIRGINIA	40.47
7.	INDIANA	40.37
8.	VIRGINIA	40.05
9.	KANSAS	39.41
10.	NEBRASKA	39.33
11.	OKLAHOMA	39.29
	NEW MEXICO	39.29
13.	IOWA	38.64
14.	DELAWARE	38.03
15.	IDAHO	37.92
16.	ARIZONA	37.83
17.	WYOMING	37.77
18.	VERMONT	37.41
19.	OHIO	37.28
20.	OREGON	37.18
21.	WISCONSIN	37.07
22.	NORTH DAKOTA	36.97
23.	MONTANA	36.94
24.	ALABAMA	36.93
25.	COLORADO	36.66
26.	MISSOURI	36.61
27.	KENTUCKY	36.02
28.	MICHIGAN	35.93
29.	WASHINGTON	35.40
30.	MISSISSIPPI	35.31
31.	TENNESSEE	35.13
	UNITED STATES	34.77
32.	PENNSYLVANIA	34.66
33.	MARYLAND	34.63
34.	GEORGIA	34.51
35.	FLORIDA	34.22
36.	MAINE	34.05
37.	NEW JERSEY	33.76
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	33.46
39.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	33.41
40.	ILLINOIS	33.40
41.	MINNESOTA	32.94
42.	CALIFORNIA	31.91
43.	LOUISIANA	31.71
44.	CONNECTICUT	31.22
45.	RHODE ISLAND	30.92
46.	MASSACHUSETTS	29.73
47.	NEW YORK	28.37
48.	HAWAII	28.03
49.	NEVADA	25.68
50.	ALASKA	24.90
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Computed from Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 26.

H-6. PER CAPITA STATE EXPENDITURES FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$537.58
2.	NORTH DAKOTA	356.11
3.	DELAWARE	354.84
4.	NEW MEXICO	322.27
5.	VERMONT	314.21
6.	UTAH	307.48
7.	WYOMING	302.11
8.	HAWAII	277.62
9.	WASHINGTON	276.32
10.	IOWA	273.13
11.	COLORADO	262.96
12.	NORTH CAROLINA	249.15
13.	CALIFORNIA	246.90
14.	MINNESOTA	244.54
15.	ARIZONA	242.10
16.	WISCONSIN	241.91
17.	OKLAHOMA	238.19
18.	TEXAS	236.89
19.	NEBRASKA	234.41
20.	ALABAMA	232.39
21.	KANSAS	232.28
22.	VIRGINIA	231.51
23.	SOUTH CAROLINA	225.57
24.	OREGON	217.87
25.	MICHIGAN	217.57
26.	INDIANA	216.43
27.	IDAHO	215.49
28.	MONTANA	207.57
	UNITED STATES	200.73
29.	OHIO	198.52
30.	LOUISIANA	198.00
31.	MARYLAND	195.74
32.	KENTUCKY	194.74
33.	RHODE ISLAND	192.79
34.	GEORGIA	189.59
35.	ARKANSAS	182.38
36.	TENNESSEE	182.10
37.	SOUTH DAKOTA	181.51
38.	WEST VIRGINIA	177.06
39.	MAINE	174.41
40.	MISSISSIPPI	171.93
41.	NEVADA	166.88
42.	NEW YORK	153.19
43.	ILLINOIS	151.08
44.	MASSACHUSETTS	148.78
45.	MISSOURI	143.76
46.	CONNECTICUT	140.64
47.	FLORIDA	134.20
48.	NEW JERSEY	132.50
49.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	121.14
50.	PENNSYLVANIA	99.21
	DIST. OF COL.	NA

Bureau of the Census, *State Government Finances in 1985*, p. 47.

H-7. PER CAPITA STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$537.58
2.	WYOMING	377.05
3.	NORTH DAKOTA	357.80
4.	DELAWARE	354.84
5.	VERMONT	314.21
6.	WISCONSIN	312.25
7.	NEW MEXICO	311.14
8.	IOWA	308.55
9.	UTAH	307.48
10.	ARIZONA	295.09
11.	KANSAS	281.24
12.	CALIFORNIA	280.30
13.	HAWAII	277.62
14.	WASHINGTON	276.32
15.	COLORADO	272.62
16.	OREGON	269.80
17.	NEBRASKA	265.23
18.	NORTH CAROLINA	262.89
19.	TEXAS	255.61
20.	MICHIGAN	249.20
21.	MINNESOTA	241.84
22.	OKLAHOMA	237.94
23.	MARYLAND	234.63
24.	ALABAMA	232.39
25.	VIRGINIA	231.51
26.	IDAHO	226.25
27.	SOUTH CAROLINA	225.57
	UNITED STATES	219.13
28.	INDIANA	216.43
29.	MONTANA	212.82
30.	MISSISSIPPI	206.33
	OHIO	206.33
32.	LOUISIANA	198.33
33.	KENTUCKY	194.74
34.	GEORGIA	193.30
35.	RHODE ISLAND	192.79
36.	ILLINOIS	190.78
37.	ARKANSAS	182.38
38.	TENNESSEE	182.10
39.	SOUTH DAKOTA	181.51
40.	NEW YORK	177.65
41.	WEST VIRGINIA	177.06
42.	MAINE	174.41
43.	NEVADA	166.88
44.	NEW JERSEY	160.96
45.	MISSOURI	159.64
46.	MASSACHUSETTS	150.05
47.	FLORIDA	149.57
48.	CONNECTICUT	140.64
49.	DIST. OF COL.	135.94
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	121.14
51.	PENNSYLVANIA	112.81

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

H-8. PER CAPITA EXPENDITURES OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FOR LOCAL PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 1984-85

1.	ALASKA	$1,751.61
2.	WYOMING	1,164.47
3.	NEW YORK	721.97
4.	MONTANA	706.51
5.	NEW MEXICO	659.29
6.	MINNESOTA	656.70
7.	NEW JERSEY	651.69
8.	OREGON	625.78
9.	MICHIGAN	623.18
10.	DIST. OF COL.	619.81
11.	UTAH	617.96
12.	WISCONSIN	600.09
13.	NORTH DAKOTA	596.54
14.	COLORADO	592.44
15.	TEXAS	592.18
16.	DELAWARE	590.10
17.	NEBRASKA	589.65
18.	WEST VIRGINIA	582.27
19.	WASHINGTON	582.15
20.	KANSAS	577.48
21.	OHIO	567.29
22.	CONNECTICUT	559.77
	UNITED STATES	552.85
23.	IOWA	552.40
24.	ARIZONA	548.54
25.	MARYLAND	544.10
26.	CALIFORNIA	537.12
27.	PENNSYLVANIA	535.69
28.	VIRGINIA	534.46
29.	SOUTH DAKOTA	534.30
30.	MASSACHUSETTS	533.39
31.	OKLAHOMA	529.64
32.	VERMONT	527.47
33.	RHODE ISLAND	517.16
34.	MAINE	507.72
35.	ILLINOIS	499.52
36.	INDIANA	492.50
37.	LOUISIANA	490.66
38.	ARKANSAS	490.17
39.	FLORIDA	478.21
40.	NORTH CAROLINA	473.93
41.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	470.49
42.	MISSOURI	467.93
43.	GEORGIA	462.23
44.	SOUTH CAROLINA	461.56
45.	NEVADA	461.43
46.	IDAHO	453.99
47.	ALABAMA	403.59
48.	HAWAII	403.10
49.	KENTUCKY	395.50
50.	MISSISSIPPI	390.59
51.	TENNESSEE	380.68

Bureau of the Census, *Governmental Finances in 1984-85*, p. 100.

H-9. ESTIMATED CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	$8,349
2.	NEW YORK	5,919
3.	NEW JERSEY	5,658
4.	WYOMING	5,547
5.	CONNECTICUT	4,991
6.	DIST. OF COL.	4,783
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	4,642
8.	DELAWARE	4,615
9.	RHODE ISLAND	4,396
10.	WISCONSIN	4,351
11.	PENNSYLVANIA	4,350
12.	MARYLAND	4,305
13.	OREGON	4,176
14.	VERMONT	4,157
15.	MINNESOTA	4,008
16.	KANSAS	4,004
17.	ARIZONA	3,949
18.	MONTANA	3,947
19.	COLORADO	3,911
20.	HAWAII	3,873
21.	MICHIGAN	3,789
	UNITED STATES	3,785
22.	ILLINOIS	3,777
23.	FLORIDA	3,774
24.	WASHINGTON	3,703
25.	VIRGINIA	3,633
26.	IOWA	3,594
27.	CALIFORNIA	3,593
28.	OHIO	3,517
29.	NEVADA	3,423
30.	TEXAS	3,401
31.	MAINE	3,394
32.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,377
33.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,366
34.	NEW MEXICO	3,306
35.	NEBRASKA	3,285
36.	WEST VIRGINIA	3,205
37.	LOUISIANA	3,143
38.	INDIANA	3,121
39.	MISSOURI	3,110
40.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,039
41.	OKLAHOMA	3,033
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	2,986
43.	SOUTH CAROLINA	2,979
44.	GEORGIA	2,946
45.	KENTUCKY	2,840
46.	ALABAMA	2,728
47.	ARKANSAS	2,683
48.	TENNESSEE	2,670
49.	MISSISSIPPI	2,551
50.	IDAHO	2,509
51.	UTAH	2,456

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-10. CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	220.59
2.	NEW YORK	156.39
3.	NEW JERSEY	149.50
4	WYOMING	146.55
5.	CONNECTICUT	131.85
6.	DIST. OF COL.	126.36
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	122.63
8.	DELAWARE	121.93
9.	RHODE ISLAND	116.14
10.	WISCONSIN	114.96
11.	PENNSYLVANIA	114.93
12.	MARYLAND	113.73
13.	OREGON	110.32
14.	VERMONT	109.82
15.	MINNESOTA	105.89
16.	KANSAS	105.77
17.	ARIZONA	104.33
18.	MONTANA	104.27
19.	COLORADO	103.33
20.	HAWAII	102.31
21.	MICHIGAN	100.10
	UNITED STATES	100.00
22.	ILLINOIS	99.80
23.	FLORIDA	99.71
24.	WASHINGTON	97.82
25.	VIRGINIA	95.97
26.	IOWA	94.97
27.	CALIFORNIA	94.94
28.	OHIO	92.91
29.	NEVADA	90.45
30.	TEXAS	89.85
31.	MAINE	89.66
32.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	89.22
33.	NORTH CAROLINA	88.94
34.	NEW MEXICO	87.34
35.	NEBRASKA	86.78
36.	WEST VIRGINIA	84.69
37.	LOUISIANA	83.04
38.	INDIANA	82.46
39.	MISSOURI	82.17
40.	NORTH DAKOTA	80.29
41.	OKLAHOMA	80.14
42.	SOUTH DAKOTA	78.89
43.	SOUTH CAROLINA	78.72
44.	GEORGIA	77.84
45.	KENTUCKY	75.03
46.	ALABAMA	72.08
47.	ARKANSAS	70.88
48.	TENNESSEE	70.54
49.	MISSISSIPPI	67.40
50.	IDAHO	66.28
51.	UTAH	64.88

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-11. ESTIMATED CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	$8,842
2.	WYOMING	6,253
3.	NEW YORK	6,224
4.	NEW JERSEY	6,177
5.	CONNECTICUT	5,552
6.	DIST. OF COL.	5,349
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	4,856
8.	DELAWARE	4,776
9.	PENNSYLVANIA	4,691
10.	MARYLAND	4,660
11.	WISCONSIN	4,607
12.	RHODE ISLAND	4,574
13.	VERMONT	4,459
14.	OREGON	4,383
15.	HAWAII	4,372
16.	MINNESOTA	4,239
17.	KANSAS	4,150
18.	COLORADO	4,107
19.	MONTANA	4,070
20.	FLORIDA	4,056
	UNITED STATES	3,983
21.	ILLINOIS	3,980
22.	MICHIGAN	3,967
23.	CALIFORNIA	3,887
24.	VIRGINIA	3,809
25.	WASHINGTON	3,808
26.	OHIO	3,764
27.	IOWA	3,740
28.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,662
29.	MAINE	3,650
30.	WEST VIRGINIA	3,619
31.	TEXAS	3,551
32.	NEVADA	3,548
33.	NEW MEXICO	3,537
34.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,473
35.	NEBRASKA	3,437
36.	MISSOURI	3,345
37.	INDIANA	3,310
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,190
39.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,174
40.	GEORGIA	3,167
41.	KENTUCKY	3,107
42.	SOUTH CAROLINA	3,096
43.	OKLAHOMA	3,082
44.	LOUISIANA	3,008
45.	TENNESSEE	2,842
46.	ARIZONA	2,784
47.	ARKANSAS	2,772
48.	ALABAMA	2,610
49.	IDAHO	2,555
50.	MISSISSIPPI	2,534
5..	UTAH	2,455

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-12. CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AS PERCENT OF NATIONAL AVERAGE, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	222.00
2.	WYOMING	157.00
3.	NEW YORK	156.25
4.	NEW JERSEY	155.09
5.	CONNECTICUT	139.38
6.	DIST. OF COL.	134.30
7.	MASSACHUSETTS	121.93
8.	DELAWARE	119.91
9.	PENNSYLVANIA	117.78
10.	MARYLAND	117.00
11.	WISCONSIN	115.67
12.	RHODE ISLAND	114.84
13.	VERMONT	111.95
14.	OREGON	110.03
15.	HAWAII	109.77
16.	MINNESOTA	106.42
17.	KANSAS	104.20
18.	COLORADO	103.13
19.	MONTANA	102.18
20.	FLORIDA	101 83
	UNITED STATES	100.00
21.	ILLINOIS	99.93
22.	MICHIGAN	99.60
23.	CALIFORNIA	97.59
24.	VIRGINIA	95.64
25.	WASHINGTON	95.59
26.	OHIO	94.50
27.	IOWA	93.89
28.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	92.45
29.	MAINE	91.64
30.	WEST VIRGINIA	90.85
31.	TEXAS	89.16
32.	NEVADA	89.08
33.	NEW MEXICO	88.81
24.	NORTH CAROLINA	87.20
35.	NEBRASKA	86.29
36.	MISSOURI	83.99
37.	INDIANA	83.11
38.	SOUTH DAKOTA	80.09
39.	NORTH DAKOTA	79.69
40.	GEORGIA	79.51
41.	KENTUCKY	78.00
42.	SOUTH CAROLINA	77.73
43.	OKLAHOMA	77.38
44.	LOUISIANA	75.52
45.	TENNESSEE	71.36
46.	ARIZONA	69.89
47.	ARKANSAS	69.60
48.	ALABAMA	65.54
49.	IDAHO	64.14
50.	MISSISSIPPI	63.62
51.	UTAH	61.65

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-13. ESTIMATED CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN 1984-85, PER $1,000 OF PERSONAL INCOME IN 1985

1.	WYOMING	$74.90
2.	ALASKA	73.89
3.	MONTANA	58.15
4.	NEW MEXICO	50.75
5.	VERMONT	48.83
6.	OREGON	48.64
7.	WEST VIRGINIA	47.30
8.	UTAH	47.08
9.	SOUTH CAROLINA	44.81
10.	NEW YORK	44.43
11.	MICHIGAN	43.90
12.	WISCONSIN	43.86
13.	MAINE	43.55
14.	IOWA	43.12
15.	IDAHO	42.96
16.	LOUISIANA	42.55
17.	SOUTH DAKOTA	41.62
18.	NORTH CAROLINA	41.60
19.	NORTH DAKOTA	41.19
	NEW JERSEY	41.19
21.	MINNESOTA	40.92
22.	TEXAS	40.89
23.	ARKANSAS	40.69
24.	PENNSYLVANIA	40.26
25.	KANSAS	39.81
26.	MISSISSIPPI	39.72
27.	DELAWARE	39.55
28.	RHODE ISLAND	39.24
29.	COLORADO	39.03
30.	ALABAMA	38.83
31.	INDIANA	38.69
	UNITED STATES	38.38
32.	OHIO	38.22
33.	KENTUCKY	38.16
34.	OKLAHOMA	37.82
35.	WASHINGTON	37.36
36.	HAWAII	36.18
37.	NEBRASKA	36.03
38.	VIRGINIA	35.78
39.	MARYLAND	35.64
40.	GEORGIA	35.46
41.	CONNECTICUT	34.87
42.	TENNESSEE	34.66
43.	MASSACHUSETTS	34.38
44.	ILLINOIS	34.10
45.	ARIZONA	32.63
46.	DIST. OF COL.	32.61
47.	CALIFORNIA	32.27
48.	FLORIDA	31.36
49.	MISSOURI	30.79
50.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	29.56
51.	NEVADA	29.30

Computed from Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 1986, p. 24, and NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-14. CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP, 1985-86 (REVISED)

1.	ALASKA	$7,565
2.	NEW YORK	5,369
3.	NEW JERSEY	5,247
4.	WYOMING	5,242
5.	CONNECTICUT	4,795
6.	DIST. OF COL.	4,315
7.	DELAWARE	4,296
8.	MASSACHUSETTS	4,182
9.	WISCONSIN	4,093
10.	PENNSYLVANIA	4,080
11.	RHODE ISLAND	4,045
12.	MARYLAND	3,956
13.	OREGON	3,917
14.	VERMONT	3,898
15.	MINNESOTA	3,799
16.	KANSAS	3,783
17.	MONTANA	3,761
18.	COLORADO	3,754
19.	ARIZONA	3,723
20.	HAWAII	3,619
21.	ILLINOIS	3,531
22.	FLORIDA	3,488
23.	WASHINGTON	3,471
24.	IOWA	3,422
25.	VIRGINIA	3,421
26.	OHIO	3,290
27.	NEVADA	3,227
28.	MAINE	3,211
29.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,178
30.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,177
31.	NEBRASKA	3,141
32.	NEW MEXICO	3,140
33.	LOUISIANA	2,962
34.	INDIANA	2,953
35.	NORTH DAKOTA	2,926
36.	OKLAHOMA	2,867
37.	SOUTH DAKOTA	2,859
38.	SOUTH CAROLINA	2,855
39.	GEORGIA	2,785
40.	KENTUCKY	2,678
41.	ALABAMA	2,588
42.	ARKANSAS	2,537
43.	TENNESSEE	2,518
44.	MISSISSIPPI	2,503
45.	UTAH	2,325
	CALIFORNIA	NA
	IDAHO	NA
	MICHIGAN	NA
	MISSOURI	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WEST VIRGINIA	NA
	UNITED STATES	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

H-15. CURRENT EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS PER PUPIL IN AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP, 1986-87

1.	ALASKA	$8,036
2.	WYOMING	5,910
3.	NEW JERSEY	5,728
4.	NEW YORK	5,645
5.	CONNECTICUT	5,435
6.	DIST. OF COL.	4,832
7.	DELAWARE	4,447
8.	MASSACHUSETTS	4,377
9.	PENNSYLVANIA	4,376
10.	WISCONSIN	4,334
11.	RHODE ISLAND	4,294
12.	MARYLAND	4,283
13.	VERMONT	4,186
14.	OREGON	4,111
15.	HAWAII	4,086
16.	MINNESOTA	4,014
17.	COLORADO	3,946
18.	KANSAS	3,920
19.	MONTANA	3,878
20.	FLORIDA	3,769
21.	ILLINOIS	3,725
22.	VIRGINIA	3,568
23.	WASHINGTON	3,570
24.	IOWA	3,563
25.	OHIO	3,521
26.	NEW HAMPSHIRE	3,465
27.	MAINE	3,435
28.	NEW MEXICO	3,360
29.	NEVADA	3,344
30.	NEBRASKA	3,287
31.	NORTH CAROLINA	3,280
32.	INDIANA	3,132
33.	NORTH DAKOTA	3,056
34.	SOUTH DAKOTA	3,045
35.	GEORGIA	3,001
36.	SOUTH CAROLINA	2,973
37.	KENTUCKY	2,930
38.	OKLAHOMA	2,920
39.	LOUISIANA	2,827
40.	TENNESSEE	2,690
41.	ARIZONA	2,626
42.	ARKANSAS	2,617
43.	ALABAMA	2,476
44.	MISSISSIPPI	2,418
45.	UTAH	2,325
	CALIFORNIA	NA
	IDAHO	NA
	MICHIGAN	NA
	MISSOURI	NA
	TEXAS	NA
	WEST VIRGINIA	NA
	UNITED STATES	NA

Computed from NEA Research, *Estimates* data bank.

NOTES TO H SERIES TABLES

NEA Research estimates for selected variables within the H Series are identified below by state and by table number. NEA estimates appear in those cases where state education departments did not respond to requests by NEA Research for estimates of school statistics.

Alaska	H-9 through H-15
Arizona	H-11 through H-15
District	H-9, H-10, H-14
Georgia	H-9 through H-11
Louisiana	H-9 through H-15
Massachusetts	H-9 through H-15
Nevada	H-9 through H-15

The following state education departments provided additional information to help explain data reported for their states in H Series Tables:

Colorado	Expenditure data is collected and reported on a calendar year; e.g., data for 1985 is actually calendar year 1986 data.
Idaho	1986-87 Expenditures are estimated figures as of 6-22-87. They will be finalized during Fall 1987.
Indiana	Expenditures data are estimated figures.
Louisiana	Adjustment made to 1984-85 to include State Department administrative expenditures. Years prior to 1984-85 do not include such expenditures.
Ohio	Total expenditures do not include monies for debt retirement.

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GLOSSARY

AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE: Average of pupils attending when schools are actually in session.

AVERAGE DAILY MEMBERSHIP: An average of the pupils belonging, those present plus those absent, when schools are actually in session.

BASIC ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT: The local school district; the unit for the operation of elementary and secondary schools or for contracting for school services.

CAPITAL OUTLAY: An expenditure that results in the acquisition of fixed assets or additions to fixed assets, which are presumed to have benefits for more than one year. It is an expenditure for land or existing buildings; improvements of grounds; construction of buildings; additions to buildings; remodeling of buildings; initial, additional, and replacement of equipment.

CURRENT EXPENDITURES: All amounts spent at all levels of administration—state, intermediate, and local—for public elementary and secondary day schools for administration, instructional services, plant operation and maintenance, fixed charges, and other school services (attendance, health services, transportation, food services, etc.). Includes the cost of operating the state department of education and the intermediate (county) departments of education; employers' (state, intermediate, and local) contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of public school employees; and federal, state, and local funds to cover deficits (gross expenditure less sales) of school lunch and milk programs.

DEBT: The major portion of all state and local government debt is long-term indebtedness. A substantial portion of such long-term debt is nonguaranteed debt, i.e., obligations payable solely from pledged earnings of specific activities or facilities, from special assessments, or from specific nonproperty taxes.

EDUCATION: The provision or support of schools and other education facilities and services.

EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME: Same as disposable personal income; is obtained by deducting from personal income direct personal taxes and certain other nontax payments to government. The personal taxes deducted include federal, state, and local income taxes, estate and gift taxes, and miscellaneous licenses and permits. Property taxes are not deducted.

ENROLLMENT: A cumulative count of the number of different pupils registered during the entire school year. New entrants are added, but those leaving are not subtracted.

EXPENDITURES: All amounts of money paid out by a government—net of recoveries and other correcting transactions—other than for retirement of debt, investment in securities, extension of credit, or as agency transactions. Expenditures includes only external transactions of a government and excludes noncash transactions, such as the provision of perquisites or other payments in kind. Aggregates for groups of governments exclude intergovernmental transactions among the governments involved.

FALL ENROLLMENT: The count of the pupils registered in the fall of the school year, usually October.

FIRE PROTECTION: Comprises fire-fighting and fire-protection activities of local governments.

FUNCTIONS: Public purposes served by governmental activities (education, highways, public welfare, etc.). Expenditures for each function includes amounts for all types of expenditures serving the purpose concerned.

GENERAL EXPENDITURE: All expenditures of a government other than utility expenditures, liquor store expenditures, and insurance trust expenditures.

GENERAL REVENUE: All revenue of a government except the kinds of revenue classified as utility revenue, liquor store revenue, and insurance trust revenue. All tax collections, even if designated for insurance trust or local utility purposes, are classified under general revenue.

GENERAL SALES TAXES: Sales or gross receipts taxes which are applicable, with only specified exceptions, to all types of goods and services, or all gross income, whether at a single or at classified rates.

HEALTH: Health services, other than hospital care, including health research, clinics, nursing, immunization, and other categorical, environmental, and general public health activities. School health services provided by health agencies (rather than school agency) are included.

HIGHWAYS: Streets, highways, and structures necessary for their use; street lighting; snow and ice removal; toll highway and bridge facilities; and ferries.

HIGHER EDUCATION: Includes facilities and activities of all education institutions beyond the high school level operated by state or local governments, except that agricultural experiment stations and agricultural extension services are classified under natural resources, and university-operated hospitals serving the public are classed under hospitals. These education categories include related services such as pupil transportation, school milk and lunch programs, cafeterias, health and recreational programs, and the like. Revenue and expenditures for school lunch services, dormitories, athletic events, and other auxiliary services are included on a gross basis.

HOSPITALS: Establishment and operation of hospital facilities, provision of hospital care, and support of other public or private hospitals.

HOUSEHOLD: A unit that includes all persons occupying a house, apartment, or room regarded as a dwelling unit, excluding group quarters such as dormitories.

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX: Taxes on individuals measured by net income, and taxes imposed on special types of income (e.g., interest, dividends, and income from intangibles).

INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF: Number of positions, not the number of different individuals occupying the positions during the school year. In local schools includes all public elementary and secondary (junior and senior high) day school positions (or full-time equivalents) that are in the nature of teaching or in the improvement of the teaching-learning situation. Includes consultants or supervisors of instruction, principals, teachers, guidance personnel, librarians, psychological personnel, and other instructional staff. Excludes attendance personnel, health services personnel, clerical personnel, and junior college staff. In institutions of higher education includes those engaged in teaching and related academic research in junior colleges, colleges, and universities, including those in hospitals, agricultural experiment stations and farms.

INTEREST ON DEBT: Annual expenditures to pay interest only on long-term debt.

LIVE BIRTHS: Number of births in the U.S.

NONINSTRUCTIONAL STAFF: In local schools includes administrative and clerical personnel; plant operation and maintenance employees; bus drivers; lunchroom, health, and recreational personnel engaged by school systems. In institutions of higher education includes cafeteria workers, clerical and custodial workers in colleges and universities, hospitals, agricultural experiment stations, and farms.

PERSONAL INCOME: State personal income is the current income received by residents of the states from all sources, including transfers from government and business, but excluding transfers among persons. It is a before-tax measure. The total includes nonmonetary income or income received in kind. The figures include income of individuals and also income of nonprofit institutions; private trust funds; and private pension, health, and welfare funds.

POLICE PROTECTION: Preservation of law and order and traffic safety. Includes highway police patrols, crime prevention activities, police communications, detention and custody of persons awaiting trial, traffic safety, vehicular inspection, and the like.

PROPERTY TAXES: Taxes conditioned on ownership of property and measured by its value. Includes both general property taxes (i.e., relating to property as a whole, real and personal, tangible or intangible, whether taxed at a single rate or at classified rates) and special property taxes (i.e., on selected types of property, such as motor vehicles or certain or all tangibles, subject to rates that are not directly related to rates applying for general property taxation).

PUBLIC WELFARE: Support of and assistance to eligible persons contingent upon their need. Excludes pensions to former employees and other benefits not contingent on need. Expenditures under this heading include cash assistance payments directly to needy persons under categorical and other welfare programs; vendor payments made directly to private purveyors for medical care, burials, and other services provided under welfare programs; welfare institutions; and any intergovernmental or other direct expenditures for welfare purposes. Any services provided directly by the government through its hospital and health agencies are classed under those headings.

RESIDENT POPULATION: In addition to those who are residents of an area, the figure also includes armed forces personnel who are stationed in the area.

REVENUE: Revenue receipts for public school purposes from LOCAL, intermediate and other sources include all funds for direct expenditures by local and intermediate districts for school services, for the operation of intermediate departments of education,

for employer contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of public school employees, for the purchase of materials for distribution of local school districts, etc. Includes net receipts from revolving funds or clearing accounts only when such funds are available for general expenditure by the local board of education. Includes gifts and tuition and fees received from patrons.

Revenue receipts from STATE sources include all funds for the operation of the state department of education, for state (employer) contributions to retirement systems and/or social security on behalf of school employees, for grants in aid to intermediate and local school districts for school purposes (including funds available from state bond issues for such grants and the costs of textbooks, buses, supplies, etc., purchased by the state for distribution to local school districts), for the payment of interest on state bonds issued to provide grants to local school districts, and all other state revenue for public school purposes. Money collected by the state as an agent of a lesser unit and turned over in like amounts to that unit is not included.

Revenue receipts from FEDERAL sources include money distributed from the federal treasury either directly to local school districts or through the state and county, including grants for vocational education, for aid to federally affected areas, for National Defense Education Act programs, for school lunch and milk programs, for educating Indians in local public schools, and money derived from federal forest reserves and federal oil royalties. (No special effort is made to include amount of grants in kind, for example, operation of the school lunch program).

REVENUE FROM OWN SOURCES: All revenue of a government (taxes and other) except intergovernmental.

SCHOOL-AGE POPULATION: Population age 5 through 17, inclusive (excluding armed forces abroad).

TAXES: Compulsory contributions exacted by a government for public purposes, except employee and employer assessments for retirement and social insurance purposes, which are classed as insurance trust revenue. All tax revenue is classified under general revenue and comprises amounts received (including interest and penalties but excluding refunds) from taxes imposed by the recipient government. Amounts received by a government from a tax it imposes are counted as tax revenue of that government, even though initially collected by another government; however, any amounts retained are treated as tax revenue of the collecting government. Tax amounts subsequently distributed to other governments are classified as intergovernmental transactions.

TOTAL REVENUE RECEIPTS: Includes all revenue receipts available for expenditure for current expenses, capital outlay, and debt service for public schools, including all appropriations from general funds of federal, state, county, and local governments; receipts from taxes levied for school purposes; income from permanent school funds and endowments; income from leases of school lands; interest on bank deposits; tuition; gifts; etc. Amounts that increase the school indebtedness or that represent exchange of school property for money are excluded.

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